

HUNT'S MERCHANTS' MAGAZINE, A Weekly Yewspaper,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Entered, according to act of Congress, in the year 1882, by Wm. B. Dana & Co., in the office of the Librarian of Congress, Washington, D. C.)

VOL. 35.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1882.

NO. 900.

CONTENTS.

THE CHRONICLE.

An Over-zealous Official 3 Reconstruction in Egypt 3	33 34 35	Monetary and Commercial English News. Commercial and Miscellaneous News.	
Reconstruction in Egypt 3 Pork, Bacon and Lard 3	35	News	33

THE BANKERS' GAZETTE.

Money Market, Foreign change, U.S. Securities, and Railroad Bonds Stocks	Ex- State
Stocks	340
Range in Prices at the l Stock Exchange	341

Quotations of State and Rail-	
road Bonds	343
New York Local Securities Railroad Earnings and Bank	24
Returns	34
Investments, and State, City and Corporation Finances.	34

THE COMMERCIAL TIMES.

Commercial Epitome	348 Breadstuffs 349 Dry Goods.	354 355	
--------------------	---------------------------------------	------------	--

The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is published in New York every Saturday morning.

[Entered at the Post Office, New York, N. Y., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION-PAYABLE IN ADVANCE:

7 7					
For One Year (incl	luding postag	(e)		\$10	20.
For Six Months	do			. 6	10.
Annual subscription	on in London	(including post	age)	22	78.
Six mes. do	do	do		. 1	88.
Subscriptions will b	e continued	until ordered	stopped	by a	written
rder, or at the public					
or Remittances unles					

A neat file cover is furnished at 50 cents; postage on the same is 18 cents. Volumes bound for subscribers at \$1 00.

Liverpool Office.

The office of the Chronicle in Liverpool is at No. 5 Brown's Buildings, where subscriptions and advertisements will be taken at the regular rates, and single copies of the paper supplied at 1s. each.

WILLIAM B. DANA. }

WILLIAM B. DANA & CO., Publishers,
79 & 81 William Street, NEW YORK.
POST OFFICE BOX 958.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

There has been no very important change in the situation the past week. A slight frost in the extreme Northwest gave a trifling check to anticipations with regard to the corn crop, but the reaction was speedy, as the harm done was only nominal. So too, the nomination of Secretary Folger for Governor was to an extent a disturbing event, some uneasiness being felt as to his successor in the Cabinet. This, however, was also only a momentary shadow, as it was soon seen to be unreasonable, with the President remaining the same, to anticipate a change of policy through a change in one of his Secretaries. But of more influence was the gradual hardening of the rates for money and the continued rumors with regard to the disagreement in the Western pooling contract. Pooling is always acting as a kind of nightmare to the market, for it is not known what day rumors may become facts and peace be turned to war, not only in the West but in the East. Still it is not anticipated that the present growling has in it anything more serious than an effort to secure terms.

In the meantime railroad earnings go on increasing notwithstanding there is so much less corn and provisions moving than a year ago. This is a substantial fact in favor of the market. And the week has developed others as well. We refer mainly to the favorable turn in monetary affairs at London, especially in the particulars affecting this country. For instance, with the collapse of the rebellion in Egypt, the position of the Bank of England has begun to improve materially, and with that improvement the values of American stocks have risen until for both New York and Illinois Cen'ral there is a good profit in cable transactions with London. Consequently, sterling exchange in New York is decidedly lower, bankers' bills being more abundant. It is possible, therefore, that the growing stringency in our money market may find relief before very many weeks in shipments of gold, an event not thought attainable a brief period since.

Still it is a fact that is operating here as well as abroad against our share properties that so little is known about the interior workings of the companies and so much of information due the stockholders is kept for the managers exclusively. It was with this feeling that we referred last week to the meagreness of the Western Union Telegraph Company's report; not that that company is the chief delinquent, but because it formerly published fuller information, and to lose one from the ranks of the faithful few, was a special disappointment and almost a personal grievance. Exception, however, has been taken to our remark about the Western Union report. But a moment's reflection will, we think, convince anyone that it was just. We did not say that there was error in the report, but simply that it gave an inquirer very little satisfaction. For instance, it starts with assuming on the basis of certain "net" figures an actual surplus July 1 of \$1,664,240, and ends with building up a still larger surplus for Oct. 1 on other "net" figures, without giving gross earnings or any of the items, which use I to appear in these reports, such as "new construction," and "purchase of telegraph stocks and patents," etc. One naturally inquires therefore, is that surplus cash? It must be remembered that the public was expecting-and thought it had been promised-an extra Instead of a feast, therefore, the hungry dividend. investor has this money balance held up before him much as the luscious plums were held before the eager eyes of the child, and one almost fancies he hears the same tantalizing refrain-"smell plums bubby ?-none for you."

What makes information respecting Western Union especially desirable at this time, is the want of light the public is suffering from with regard to some of the late transactions of this great corporation. As for instance, what are its relations to the Mutual

Company. On the 30th of March it was announced that the Mutual Union had passed into the hands "of friends of the Western Union," and that an agreement had been signed according to which the Mutual was to be operated "entirely in the interest of and in harmony with the Western Union Company." And yet we read this week that "Chancellor Runyon of New "Jersey, at the instance of the Mutual Union Telegraph "Company, has granted an injunction against the tele-"phone service at Trenton, which if sustained re-"quires the telephone company at Trenton to give the "Mutual all the advantages the Western Union " has exclusively held heretofore." Then again early last month at Dayton, Ohio, a suit was instituted by the Mutual against the Western Union to compel the latter to receive its dispatches, &c. These downright hostile acts so open and repeated are queer instances of harmonious action; and they become less easily interpreted when we remember the announcement made a short time since and apparently by authority, that the Western Union had actually bought the 40,000 shares of Mutual Union stock (a controlling interest) before held by "its friends," the same "friends" receiving in return the voting power on the stock by an "irrevocable power of attorney."

In view of these facts does not our suggestion seem eminently proper that the report should be more explicit? If the Mutual Union has become a rival line should not the stockholders be told of it? Or if the Western Union has bought the 40,000 shares of stock, is it not the stockholders' right to know how it was paid for, whether out of this surplus or not? We are aware of the announcement made last April, that "the management had determined to open "a separate account for construction and investments in " new properties, and to provide therefor from the sur-"plus assets in the Treasury, of which there are more than "8 millions of valuable securities." But even 8 millions is a sum that has a limit; and as the notice of this possession was a revelation to the stockholder, he may be pardoned-in the absence of any list, full or partial, of the securities-for the skepticism implied in a desire to know whether their value is little or much, for value is a relative term, and the securities may have all been absorbed and the surplus too by the year's operations. This of course is not probable, but who will say, in the absence of all information, that it is not possible?

Our remarks last week as well as the above are made in the interest of the principle for which we shall always contend, that the management of any company has no right to the exclusive control and use of the information which affects and governs the value of its stock. Such a policy is, we admit, the rule now, but it is an evil which can scarcely be measured, for it is, as already stated, destroying confidence in share property, and we may add, is sapping the moral sense of the community. For who does not hear the remark daily now, that the short road to wealth is to control a railroad or telegraph companywhich is understood to mean that using the position so as to "milk" the street is an upright, honorable way of putting one's hand in other people's pockets. If the London Stock Exchange-now that there seems to be some revival in the dealings in our securities there-would pass a resolution to permit no stock to be on its list which did not publish a monthly statement full and complete of its doings and earnings, it would set an example which would work a vast amount of good. We trust this proposal will be

Notwithstanding the leading influences affecting values have, as already indicated, been favorable this week, the

Vanderbilt specialties strong and the Gould properties weak. It is claimed that this condition of the market is the result of speculative manipulation. That is probable in part true, as it always is, but not wholly true. With regard to the New York Central the prices ruling in London justified the advance, while the postponement of the opening of the New York Chicago & St. Louis to the 15th of October and the current rumor that that road has passed into the control of Mr. Vanderbilt, whether true or not, helped not only New York Central and Lake Shore, but also Canada Southern and Michigan Central. On the other hand Union Pacific was probably affected by the possibility of its being involved in a contest with the Chicago Burlington & Quincy, and the fall in St. Paul and in the Omahas was mainly caused by the trouble in the Western pool. With regard to the weakness in the Gould stocks, report has it, that he is indisposed to take an active interest in the market at present and consequently those stocks have declined. It is added, however, that when a large short interest has been encouraged, he will quickly let it feel his grip. As Mr. Gould does not usually tell us or anyone else what his designs or purposes are, the reader can accept just as much of these statements as he chooses. say with regard to him, that he has at present an unusually large bank balance, having rid himself of a consider. able portion of the contents of the old tin box opened on Wall street not long since. We presume this remark has the same value as the others. Whatever the cause may be however, the fact is undeniable that his specialties have been weak, while the reported earnings of the roads are remarkably good. With such a crop of cotton as Texas is making this year, and such food crops as she has already secured, if business is not good in the Southwest this winter it never will be.

The highest rate for money on call the past week has been 11 per cent and the lowest 4, making an average of about 71 per cent. At the same time commercial paper has advanced to 7 per cent for the best names and shortest dates, and mercantile interests are likely to suffer if there is any prolonged activity in money. It was reported early in the week that at the Cabinet meeting on Wednesday some measure of relief would be decided upon, and these rumors served to stimulate the speculation in stocks to some extent. But on Thursday it was announced that only routine business was transacted at the Cabinet meeting, and during the afternoon of that day the report came from Washington that the Treasury Department would neither buy nor call bonds this week at least, thus disposing of the rumor that a purchase of \$10,-000,000 would immediately be made for the sinking fund.

From the best sources of information obtainable it appears probable that as soon as the books can be made up so as to see what are the numbers of the extended bonds that have been converted into 3 per cents, the Secretary will call in for redemption some of these extended bonds, and then if necessary an order can be issued anticipating their payment. Such call cannot be made this week, and possibly not until the close of the following week. But whenever it is made, it must prove only partially effective as a relief measure, since called bonds come in very slowly, even after the call matures. The Secretary, therefore, has been urged to buy bonds for the sinking fund, and hence the rumor that he was about to do so above referred to. The requirements of this fund for the current fiscal year, as stated in the last annual report of the Department, are \$45,611,-714 22. It is positively asserted that if bonds are purstock market has been irregular, with what are called the chased no offer will be made to take the 4s or 41s, but THE CHRONICLE.

that purchases will be confined to the 31s, for the reason that the long bonds are so scarce or so firmly held that any attempt to buy them would most likely advance the price beyond reasonable limits.

We cannot see but that even with the purchase of bonds, the activity in money in a greater or less degree must continue for some time at least. The requirements for the crops are very large, while business is fairly active, and it is natural, regardless of the Treasury and its operations, that money should be in active request, and any artificial mode of supplying the want seems to us not desirable. High rates here may draw gold from Europe, which would be the very best kind of relief we could possibly have. At the same time the Secretary should be careful not to permit further accumulations in the Treasury. That is unnecessary and unnatural and might be very harmful. On the 1st proximo, as stated last week, there will be \$7,389,093 50 due for interest and on the 4th the 116th call for bonds, amounting to about 31 millions, will The Treasury operations for the week have resulted in a gain, which is a loss to the banks, of \$1,361,-607 06. The following shows the interior movement, including transfers through the Treasury.

Receipts at and Shipments from N. Y.	Received.	Shipped.
Currency	\$1,001,000	\$1,383,000
Gold	14,000	222,000
Treasury transfers		771,000
Total	\$1,015,000	\$2,376,000

Last week's bank statement doubtless very nearly reflected the actual condition of the institutions. Considering this fact, the following will indicate the character of this week's return.

modified the termination of the	In'o Banks.	Out of Banks	Net Loss.
Sub-Treasury operations, net Interior movement		\$1,361,607 2,376,000	
Total	\$1,015,000	\$3,737,607	\$2,722,607

The Bank of America paid out \$1,100,000 gold on ac. count of the associated banks during the week, and received nothing in return.

The exchange market is dull and weak, with a decided reduction in rates since our last, mainly in consequence of the pressure of security bills, and bills, mostly futures, drawn in anticipation of shipments of cotton and breadstuffs. If prices of stocks at Lond n continue to rule above New York, the supply of bills from that source will doubtless be augmented. The following shows relative prices of leading stocks and bonds in London and New York at the opening each day.

	Sept.	18.	Sept.	. 19.	Sept	. 20.	Sept.	. 21.	Sept.	22.
									Lond'n prices.*	
U.S.4s,c.	119.31‡	1201/4	119-31#	12016	119:07#	12016	119:07:	12016	119:075	12016
U.S.816s	100.45	101	101.18	10036	100.97	100%	100.61	100%	100.73	101
Erie	42.87	43	42.63	4234	42.78	43	42.78	4234	41.93	4134
2d con.	101.43	100%	100.45	1001/4	100.73	100%	100.73	10036	100.73	100%
Ill. Cent.	141.85	14116	141.61	141	141.56	141	141.32	140%	141.56	140%
N. Y. C	136-83	13514	136:46	13414	136.68	134%	136.92	13436	136.07	13376
Reading	32.34	651/4	31.97+		32.21+		32.02+	641/8	31.90+	
Exch'ge, cables.		00	4.9	0	4.8	89	4:	39	4.8	20

^{*} Expressed in their New York equivalent.

* Reading on basis of \$50, par value.

* Existence.

The Bank of England rate of discount remains unchanged at 5 per cent. The Bank reports a gain of £136,000 bul. lion during the week, and £139,000 on balance on Thursday and Friday, and an increase of 9-16 in the proportion of reserve to liabilities, showing that the advance in the rate has had the intended effect. The Bank of France reports a loss of 1,325,000 francs gold and of

Germany since our last shows a decrease of 2,155,000 marks. The following indicates the amount of bullion in each of the principal European banks this week and at the corresponding date last year.

	Sept. 2	1, 1882.	Sept. 22	2, 1881.
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Bilver.
A DRAID F 4913 RI	4		2	4
Bank of England	21,601,665		23,309,728	
Bank of France	39,969,001	45,720,800	24,299,502	49,478,949
Bank of Germany	6,741,812	20,225,438	6,720,000	20,160,000
Total this week	68,312,478	65,946,238	54,329,230	69,638,949
Total previous week	68,410,104	65,998,745	54,128,525	70,023,082

The above gold and silver division of the stock of coin of the Bank Germany is merely popular estimate, as the Bank itself gives no information on that point.

The only feature in the Government bond market has been the decline in extended 5s in consequence of the suspension until November 1st of further conversions of these bonds into 3 per cents. Some small lots of the latter are on the market, but as yet the bonds are not quoted at the board. In view of the fact that banks hereafter taking out circulation must either be confined to the new 3 per cents or the extended 34s, which are liable to be redeemed within a comparatively short time, unless 4s or 44s are bought at high premium, it is suggested that some provision will have to be made by Congress for funding the 4sand 4½s say into a 3 per cent 25 year bond, offered on such terms as to induce holders of the long bonds to consent to the exchange. The proposed bond would be available for bank circulation and it would doubtless be readily taken for that purpose.

The Assay Office paid through the Sub-Treasury \$42,454 for domestic bullion, and the Assistant Treasurer received the following from the Custom House,

- N			Consisting of—					
Date.		Duties.		Gold.	U. S. Notes.	Silver Dollars.	Silver Certificales.	
Sept. 15		\$542,470	08	\$183,000	\$25,000	\$	\$334,000	
" 16		396,206	03	122,000	18,000		257,900	
" 18		662,863	54	209,000	32.000		421,000	
" 19		921,794	45	390,000	19,000		513,000	
" 20		517,080	97	212,000	38,000		267,000	
" 21		529,433	83	181,000	53,000		295,000	
Tota	1	\$3,569,848	90	\$1,297,000	\$185,000	\$	\$2,087,000	

LOUISVILLE AS A RAILWAY CENTRE.

In its two-fold aspect of displaying the city's industries and commemorating the extension of her railroad facili. ties, the celebration at Louisville last week appears to have been an undoubted success. It showed the variety and extent of the progress already made in commercial pursuits, and at the same time called public attention to the fact that with the additional railroad connections lately acquired, there was the promise of even greater development in the future. For no one needs to be told that with the additional facilities the city thus secures, it at once becomes a more important distributing centre for the trade of the South. Not that Louisville has heretofore been without the essentials of good railroad connections with the different sections of the country, but simply that she is better provided in this respect than formerly.

In the first place, Louisville now has a second line to-Memphis. The Louisville & Nashville has hitherto furnished the only outlet to that place. The new line comprises the Chesapeake Ohio & Southwestern system, and is made up of the former Paducah & Elizabethtown and Memphis Paducah & Northern roads. These roads were for many years in financial embarrassment, and finally 1,300,000 francs silver for the week, and the Bank of passed into the hands of the Chesapeake & Ohio people,

who early in the current year merged them into one corporation under the name given. The Paducah & Elizabethtown extended from Louisville to Paducah, while the Memphis Paducah & Northern provided for a road from Paducah to Memphis. The latter however was incomplete, 75 miles having been built at the Paducah end and 37 miles at the Memphis end, leaving a middle section of 54 miles still to be constructed. On this the Chesapeake & Ohio party set vigorously to work, and a short time since succeeded in completing it, giving a continuous line not only from Paducah to Memphis but from Louisville to Memphis.

This new route is but little longer than the Louisville & Nashville line between those points (namely 392 miles, against 377), and with the proposed cut-off at Paducah would be even shorter. Thus it is favorably situated as respects distance, and for this and other reasons should prove of utility to Louisville. That it is already adding to Louisville's commerce is evident from the comparatively large amount of wheat which it has recently brought into the city, the Southern States having this year a surplus of that cereal for export.

But while at present the Chesapeake Ohio & Southwestern is chiefly important because it gives another route to Memphis and because of the value of the traffic originating along its lines, there is a possibility that some day it may also assume importance It is well as a great through route. that Mr. Huntington and Mr. Gould last year formed an alliance by which it was intended to bring their respective systems into close running connection. The Central and Southern Pacific running to El Paso, were to furnish the Gould roads with outlets to the Pacific, while the Texas & Pacific, Iron Mountain, &c., were to supply the Huntington roads with lines to such points as St. Louis, Cairo, &c. There has been talk of building a branch of the Chesapeake Ohio & Southwestern to Cairo, in order to bring the road in connection with the Southwest system and form a through route to the Pacific, but while this is no doubt feasible, is there · not, now that the line to Memphis is completed, another way in which a through route can at once be formed, without any further construction of new road? There is the Memphis & Little Rock, controlled in the Gould interest. Why would not this answer for a connection between the Gould system and the Chesapeake Ohio & Southwestern? The road runs from Memphis to Little Rock, and at the latter point meets the Iron Mountain, which with the Texas & Pacific and the Southern Pacific would give a line all the way to the Pacific Coast. Whether the route designated will be utilized at present we do not know, but the necessary material all being there it would seem that sooner or later it must be. In that case the advantage to Louisville would be positive and decided, for it would bring that city in direct communication with San Francisco and other Pacific Coast points. Hence it seems possible that in the not very remote future the Chesapeake Ohio & Southwestern may be of even greater benefit as a link in a through route than as a simple line to Memphis.

In the way proposed, too, there would be formed a through route not only from Louisville but in fact from ocean to ocean, the Elizabethtown Lexington & Big Sandy line being completed and the Chesapeake & Ohio proper having been extended to Newport News. And this brings us to another particular in which Louisville's railroad facilities have been improved. The Chesapeake & Ohio runs from Newport News to the Big Sandy river, which bounds West Virginia on the West. Until the latter part of 1881 it had no connection west of the river, but about that time the Elizabethtown Lexington & Big

Sandy (controlled by Chesapeake & Ohio parties) was ex tended east to the river, so that the Chesapeake & Ohio system was carried as far west as Lexington. From Lex. ington to Louisville there was the Louisville Cincinnati & Lexington, and it only remained to secure the use of that road from the Louisville & Nashville to perfect the line from Newport News to Louisville. A favorable contract for that purpose was made with the Louisville & Nashville, and thus the Chesapeake & Ohio people, besides giving Louisville a new line to the Southwest. have also given it a direct and important outlet to the ocean. This latter is not to be underestimated. An outlet to the sea is desirable even if it be a poor one, but in this instance there is the further advantage of its being a very good one. Besides, if we are not greatly mistaken, Newport News is destined to rise into some prominence as a seaport before long. It has a good harbor, there are no obstructions to navigation, and it is otherwise very favorably situated. It has a very strong point in its favor in the matter of nearness to the sea, being said to be 150 miles nearer to ocean navigation than Baltimore, 85 nearer than Philadelphia or Boston, and 15 miles nearer than New York.

In still another particular has Louisville increased her railroad facilities. The Louisville Evansville & St. Louis has been completed from Louisville to Mount Vernon, Ill., where it joins with the St. Louis branch of the Louisville & Nashville, giving in connection with that branch a short and direct line between St. Louis and Louisville. The Ohio & Mississippi has a branch to Louisville from its main line, but this route between St. Louis and Louisville is round-about and very long. The distance is about 323 miles. By using the Louisville New Albany & Chicago between Louisville and Mitchell, Ind., and then the Ohio & Mississippi to St. Louis, the distance is shortened to 276 miles. But by the Louisville Evansville & St. Louis the distance is only 258, a saving in the one case of 18 miles and in the other of 65 miles. On points beyond St. Louis there would of course be the same saving in distance, and the importance of the new route is therefore apparent. It is evident, too, that with all these various additions to its system of roads, the position of Louisville has been greatly strengthened, and that therefore there was reason for the rejoicings and festivities to which the city lent itself on September 12.

AN OVER-ZEALOUS OFFICIAL.

It has been said that there is nothing new under the sun, and in contemplating time and again the self-same incidents in daily life one oftentimes feels inclined to subscribe to this idea. But after reading this week of an occurrence down in Texas we are compelled to admit that this view needs modification.

We all of us know how inconvenient a debt is, and when incurred what anxiety is evinced to get rid of the burden, or, failing that, to have it lightened or reduced. We are also familiar with the various contrivances, other than the simple one of payment, which have at one time or another been devised for the purpose of easing the load without appearing to do too great violence to the creditor. The ingenuity of some of these schemes has frequently been commented upon, and, besides exciting wonder, not a little speculation has been indulged in as to which wore the most honest garb and at the same time managed most effectually to accomplish its purpose. After this we think there will be no two opinions on the latter point, for the unique plan put in execution in one of the remote counties of Texas will certainly be awarded the palm.

It appears that some years ago Bexar County (containing the important city of San Antonio) issued bonds in aid of the Galveston Harrisburg & San Antonio Railroad. The bonds are not due for many years yet, and are said to be without any clause providing for their redemption prior to maturity. Unlike many counties in the Western and Northern States, Bexar County has not attempted to disown its bonds, on the claim of illegality, insufficient consideration, or any of the other pleas so common and numerous. But when the bondholders presented their September coupon they were told that instead of \$40, the amount called for by the face of the coupon, they could have only \$37 68. The officers of the county being asked as to whether that was all the money on hand, replied that net only was there enough funds in the treasury to meet the entire interest, but there was \$17,000 besides applicable as a sinking fund. Then why were not the bondholders paid the full amount of their coupons? To this question the Comptroller made the following deft angwer, which deserves to be preserved as one of those neat financial calculations for which the nineteenth century is

"As the sinking fund to the amount of \$17,000 was in the Treasury on March 1, 1882, and that amount and more was properly applicable to the payment of the annual sinking fund as a partial payment on each bond at the rate of 2 per cent per annum from the date of the issue of the bonds, I have decided that the face of each and every bond of the denomination of \$1,000 was worth \$942 17. The coupons now attached to said bonds calling for \$40 semi-annual interest are decreased on account of the application of the partial payment of March 1, 1882, and said coupons are worth only \$37 68."

The reasoning of the Computellar seams to be this.

The reasoning of the Comptroller seems to be this: There is a certain amount of money in the Treasury, this money is available in reduction of the debt, but cannot be so applied because the debt is not redeemable before maturity, and meanwhile there being no use for the money it lies idle without earning anything. Accordingly, it is assumed that a proportionate amount of each bond has been paid off (for, is not the money in hand, ready for the purpose?) and that instead of a thousand dollars outstanding on the bond, only \$942 are so outstanding. This being so, interest should be paid on the latter amount, not on the former, and the value of the coupon diminished correspondingly. As we have said, this is ingenious-very ingenious. But the curious part of it is that apparently the officer in charge does not see the injustice of it. The investor in these bonds has just as much money out on them as ever. No portion of it has been paid back to him. There may be sufficient funds in the Treasury to pay the bonds off in part, but that of course is of no consequence, as the money is not available to him. Yet, having the same sum of money invested, he is to receive interest only on a part of it, and be deprived of the remainder!

This case is interesting mainly because of its novelty, for we cannot imagine that the claim put forth will be persisted in. In fact, it seems to us more like a practical joke than a serious act. Of course, it could not stand for a moment in a court of law. But whatever the ultimate outcome, there can be no doubt that the county will have to suffer in credit unless the act is quickly recalled. Investors will not place their money in the securities of a municipality that indulges in such peculiar arithmetical calculations to evade even in part the payment of its obligations. We cannot, however, treat the matter seriously, for doubtless it is a mistake that will be speedily rectified.

RECONSTRUCTION IN EGYPT.

Although the rebellion in Egypt is effectually crushed, the end of the Egyptian difficulty has not yet been reached. Reconstruction has to be effected and the authority of law armly established before peace can be said to be based on l

sure foundations. What is wanted now is such a conditio of public security as shall encourage capitalists, native and foreign, stimulate trade and industry, and restore the tide of business to its former channels.

In spite of her misfortunes, Egypt is in many respects a highly favored country. For climate, for soil, for position, it has few equals; with proper care there is no climate more healthful, there is no soil more productive; and situated as it is on the southeastern border of the Levant, it is in easy communication not only with all the nations of the West, but with India and the East as well. The natural resources of the country and its opportunities for development are probably greater to-day than they have been in all the past. The native population are disposed to be industrious; nor are they naturally discontented. Under a stable and beneficent government, it might become a remarkably prosperous country, with a happy and contented people.

There can, however, be no two opinions on the subject that if England were to abandon Egypt all at once, she would be not only flinging away all the fruits of her victory, but leaving the country worse than she found it. And yet it was not for conquest Mr. Gladstone sent British troops to Egypt; nor was it merely for the purpose of breaking the power of Arabi Pasha. It was, as he again and again distinctly affirmed, for the purpose of restoring the authority of the Khedive. To abandon the country now would not be restoring the authority of the Khedive, but leaving the country in chaos. It is necessary for a time, therefore, that British influence should be dominant at Cairo; and in order to maintain this influence, there must be present a certain number of British troops. The London Times describes the situation and reveals the future very clearly when it says: "There can be no possible question that, whatever may be the ultimate solution of the political problem, the Khedive must for a considerable time lean upon the force which destroyed the rebellion. Large numbers of our troops will no doubt return home, but there must remain a body strong enough to overawe disaffection. We may go further and say that the organization of a permanent force for the maintenance of order must proceed under English direction." This is simply a common sense view of the situation and its requirements. It is all the more gratifying to find such language in the Times, that in such matters it often speaks under the inspiration and with the sanction of Government. The presumption then is that in some qualified form England means to remain in Egypt, and that the country is no longer to be permitted to be the prey of anarchy.

It is comparatively immaterial what particular form the English protectorate may assume. The arrangement is not likely to be anything new or untried. The Khedive can easily remain the nominal head of the government, and care be taken not unnecessarily to infringe on the suzerain rights of the Sultan. Such experiments have not been uncommon, and they have worked successfully enough in India. In fact, we may look to that country for an example of the kind of government which might with reason be established. Under it the Khedive could be a figure-head, the Sultan receive his dues; but England would rule. Mr. Gladstone will find it convenient, even necessary, to avoid the semblance of conquest; but it is very doubtful, even if he were so disposed, whether he would be allowed to do with Egypt what he did with

Afghanistan and the Transvaal.

The establishment of British supremacy will no doubt provoke opposition more or less pronounced on the part of some of the Powers. But what can they do? France may not be especially pleased; but France has set so bad

an example in Tunis, that she will be compelled to be silent. The Italian people may growl; but the Italian Government will find it convenient to restrain or ignore the popular sentiment. There is no good reason why either Germany or Austria should complain; nor is there any evidence that they are disposed to do so. Russia has already shown signs of displeasure; and it is probable she may protest should England deem it unnecessary to submit the settlement of Egypt to a Conference. But Russia alone cannot force the hand of Europe. Spain, we know, is chafing with disappointment; but Mr. Gladstone and his colleagues are not likely on that account to be driven from their purpose. In fact, none of these Powers helped England in putting down the rebellion, and it is not likely that they will be allowed to interfere until the work undertaken is completed.

On the whole, therefore, it would seem as if this were the favorable moment for establishing English supremacy permanently, but not offensively, on the banks of the Nile, and of saving Egypt from herself and for civilization.

PORK, BACON AND LARD.

The publication the current week by the Statistical Bureau of the export statement of provisions, &c., calls attention to the peculiarities of the movement this year, and to the general subject of swine products which just now, on account of the late failures in the trade and the short supply, is attracting special notice. How direct the connection is between the production of these articles and our cornector, is well illustrated by the surplus exported, according to these figures. The following comparison, prepared from this and previous reports of the Bureau, covers the first ten months of what is called the crop year.

	Exports (Ten 1	Ionths) from N	ov. 1 to Sept 1.
	1881-82.	1880-81.	1879-80.
Bacon	Lbs. 318,529,406 28,679,669 202,954,915 60,607,238 37,676,250	60,595,698 234,617,767 86,534,084	338,825,822
Total exported to Sept. 1	648,447,478	1,055,585,905	1,214,136,149
Indian corn production, bu. *	1,194,916,000	1,717,434,543	1,547,901,790
Average price of Ind. corn t	7619280190.	6219 @ 63 5sc.	5819@611sc.

* Agricu'tural Bureau's estimate. † Western mixed corn at New York.

Here we see that the exportable surplus of these articles has been this year only about 62 per cent of what it was in 1880-81 and about 54 per cent of what it was in 1879-80, the quantity following closely the production of and prices for Indian corn. Hence, when the prospects of the corn -crop for this year began to improve so materially, a large number of those who had been operating for a rise in pork, bacon, &c., on the expectation of a scarcity and high prices for corn, took the alarm. Their sales to "get out" caused failures, and these failures precipitated a fresh break in values under which much property was sacrificed. As is always the case under such circumstances, one extreme was followed by the other. There was a general process of liquidation which left the market in a healthier state and more directly under the control of legitimate influences. Consequently the regular trade has now improved and the situation is generally much more satisfactory.

One year ago, although it was known that the corngrowing regions had suffered severely from a prolonged drought, the extent to which the crop had been cut short was matter of conjecture. Few believed that the deficiency was as great as it has proved to be while there was a large stock of old corn in the country ready to come upon the market, or for use for feeding purposes. Now

the conditions are reversed. We have a large crop of corn nearly assured, but it is evident that there is very little of the old crop held over, and unless we have an exceptionally warm and dry autumn the new corn can not be made available to any extent in the great markets of the country much before December. Farmers will use it for feeding long before that time, however.

The price of pork is at present about two dollars a barrel higher than one year ago; lard is only slightly dearer, but bacon is fully three cents per lb. dearer. The advance in pork is about ten per cent, in lard about two per cent and in bacon about 30 per cent. But the temper of speculation is best illustrated by the price of lard for January delivery. On Wednesday of this week it closed at \$11 97½ per 100 lbs., and on the 23d of last September it closed at \$12 80, or $82\frac{1}{2}$ cents per 100 lbs higher for that month.

With reference to values for the more immediate deliveries, the extent of the "summer packing" of swine and the number of animals now being marketed become matters of primary interest, for on these depend our supplies for the next two months or more. The number of swine slaughtered at the Western markets from March 1 to September 14 was only 2,570,000—a decrease of 975,000 from the corresponding period of 1881. The current packing is reduced to very small proportions, amounting (according to the Cincinnati Price Current) for the last week reported to only 50,000, against 150,000 for the corresponding week last year. It is also understood that the average weight of the swine marketed is much below one year ago. Of this we find no record; but it must be so from the high cost of feed and the complaints which are made of light weights.

As to comparative stocks, it has been estimated by the best authority that there were in the United States at the close of the last month, 165,000 tcs. of lard, against 217,400 tcs. one year before, and in Europe 69,900 tcs., against 93,700 tcs. last year, a net decrease of 76,000 tcs. or more than 24 per cent. This is a serious deficit, especially when we take into account the probability that it will increase rather than diminish during the autumn months. Stocks of pork and bacon are also small. It follows, therefore-from the necessary delay in making the new crop of corn available, the small number of swine now being marketed, and the reduced stocks on handthat it will not be well to anticipate results too rapidly. It is true these may come more quickly than many now expect. The Southern demand will not be so great nor so urgent as during former seasons, that section having raised very full crops of cereals, and will therefore feed a Yet it is to be said, greatly increased number of swine. that the present position of the market appears to be a healthy one, and it is to be hoped that it may be kept so.

Louisiana State Bonds.—A New York dispatch in the Baltimore Sun reports that Major E. A. Burke, Treasurer of Louisiana, has been in New York conferring with the holders of Louisiana bonds in regard to the last provision passed by the Louisiana Legislature in the shape of a constitutional amendment to be submitted to the people. This was upon the basis of a final settlement of the debt in new bonds paying 2 per cent for five years from January 1, 1880, and 4 per cent thereafter on the face of the debt. Instead of stamping the bonds for reduced interest, as heretofore required, holders of coupons may deposit the old 7 per cent coupons with the State Treasurer or fiscal agent, and receive in cash the reduced interest, say two per cent from January 1, 1880. Each coupon-holder's name is indorsed upon the package of coupons, and in case of default or failure of the people to ratify the constitutional amendment adopted by the Legislature, all their legal rights to the 7 per cent interest will revive. A desire having been manifested to have interest payments made at some point in the East as well as in New Orleans or Baton Rouge, Mr. Burke will arrange to pay back interest in New York for 1880 and 1881.

Monetary Commercial English News

BATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

TOHANGE	ATLO	NDON-Sept. 9.	EXCE	IANGE O	N LONDON	
On-	Time.	Rate.	Latest Date.	Time.	Rate.	
Amsterdam .	3 mos.	12.478 @12.538	Sept. 9	Short.	12.1319	
Amsterdam .	Short.	12.212 @12.512		1		
Hamburg		20.66 @20.70	Sept. 9		20.43	
Berlin	**	20.66 @20.70	Sept. 9	"	20.43	
Frankfort	44	20.66 @20.70	Sept. 9		20.43	
Vienna		12.0 @12.219	Sept. 9	66	11.88	
Antwerp	44	23.5219@25.5719	Sept. 9	1 44	25.2810	
	Short.	25.2212 @ 25.2719	Sept. 9	**	25.2219	
Paris	3 mos.	25.45 @25.50	Sept. 9	Long.	25.2419	
Paris	44	25.90 @25.95	Sept. S		25.75	
Genoa	1	46 @4618	Sept. 9	"	47.20	
Madrid Cadiz	**	4618704614	Sept. S	44	47.20	
		5158@5134	ooper c	1		
Lisbon New York	66	or have a	Sept. 9	Short.	4.8419	
Bombay	endave	1s. 8d.	Sept. S		1s. 8d.	
		1s. 8d.	Sept. S		1s. 81 ₃₉ d.	
Calcutta		18. 04.	Sept. S		3s. 934d.	
Hong Kong.			Sept. S		5s. 3d.	
Shanghai			popt.	, 1	os. ou.	

[From our own correspondent.]

London, Saturday, Sept. 9, 1882.

The position and prospects of the money market are again attracting some attention, and although there has been no activity during the week in the demand either for money or for discount accommodation, there is a growing belief that before long a higher rate of discount will be necessary. The supply of mercantile bills offering in the early part of the week was small, but on the publication of an unsatisfactory Bank return, it increased, and the discount market closes with a comparatively firm appearance. The open market rates of discount are, however, still about % per cent below those current at the Bank of England, but this difference may speedily be reduced to a minimum. The directors of the Bank have not yet altered their rate, but at the close of the week there is strong reason for believing in an advance.

The feature in this week's Bank return is that its position is becoming less satisfactory at a period when the requirements of the community are certain to increase. The autumnal demand has yet to be provided for, and there is reason for believing that it will be larger than usual. The supply of bullion held by the Bank and the total reserve are already decreasing, and as the reserve is low, being only £11,006,605, any strain upon it must necessarily and speedily affect the money market. Since the Bank return was issued, on Thursday afternoon, the demand for discount accommodation, as already stated, has increased, and the banks and discount houses have been more reluctant to lend. This tendency to improvement will undoubtedly continue, more especially as the Banks of Germany and Holland have already taken the initiative in advancing the quotations for discount, the minimum at the former bank being now 5 per cent and at the latter 4 per cent. It is evidently very necessary, now that money is likely to be somewhat scarce in the autumn, for all classes to operate with much caution and judgment. Should the Egyptian war be speedily brought to a close, and the existing difficulties settled upon a basis satisfactory to the European and other powers interested in the question, an important impetus is expected to be given to our trade with the East. For the present, however, business is obviously greatly kept in abeyance, but in the event of the affairs of Egypt being settled in such a manner that European capitalists may be justi_ fied in having confidence in the future, a large amount of money is expected to find its way for investment in that country. The demand for money for general purposes must certainly increase as the autumn advances, and it is difficult to see how our supplies of gold can be materially augmented. There will be an increased circulation of notes and coin in the provinces during the autumn months, and the action of the Banks of Germany and Holland in advancing their rates indicates that preparations are already being made for an upward movement. Rach bank will obviously protect itself as far as is practicable, but a belief in future stringency may be productive of excessive caution, and the worst anticipations may not be realized. The following are the present quotations for money:

Bank rate.	4 months' bank bills 4 6 months' bank bills 4	cent. @418 @418 @419
------------	---	-------------------------------

The following are the rates of interest allowed by the jointstock banks and discount houses for deposits:

	Per	cent
Joint-stock banks		3
Discount houses at call		3
Do with 7 or 14 days' notice		314

Annexed is a statement showing the present position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, the average quotation for English wheat, the price of middling upland cotton, of 40-mule yarn, fair second quality, and the Bankers' Clearing House return, compared with the three previous years:

-	1004.	1001.	1000.	10/9.
	2	£	£	£
Circulation	26,406,060	26,517,870	26,959,760	28,365,715
Public deposits	4,260,630	5,033,190	5,915,706	5.382,932
Other deposits	23,652,844	25,780,960	24,932,926	31,139,088
Governm't securities.	12,180,154	14,567,649	15,313,792	16,337,306
Other securities	23,186,555	22,374,837	17,685,806	17,284,718
Res've of notes & coin.	11,006,605	12,422,148	16,414,895	21,470,335
Coin and bullion in				
both departments	21,662,665	23,190,018	28,374,655	34.836.050
Proportion of reserve				
to liabilities	39.23	40	5234	5814
Bank rate	4 p. c.	4 p. c.	212 p. c.	2 p. c.
Consols	9934	9918	973	9734
Eng. wheat, av. price.	47s. 3d.	55s. 2d.	48s. 2d.	48s. 2d.
Mid. Upland cotton	718d.	714d.	711ed.	613 ₁₆ d.
No. 40 Mule twist	1014d.	103d.	1114d.	912d.
Clear'g-house return.1	05,024,000,1	02,930,000	74,407,000	74,407,000

The following are the current rates for money at the leading foreign centres:

	Bank rate. Pr. ct.	Consols.		Bank rate. Pr. et.	Consols.
Paris	312	318	Madrid and other		Consoles.
Brussels		34	Spanish cities.	41c	419
Amsterdam		334	St. Petersburg	6	6
Berlin	5	434	Geneva	4	378
Hamburg		314	Genoa	5	5
Frankfort		313	Copenhagen	4	4
Vienna	4	4			

There has not been much movement in gold during the week. There has been no export demand, and the limited supplies received from abroad have been sent into the Bank. The silver market has been fairly steady; but the price for dollars, owing to the absence of supplies, is almost nominal. India Council bills have realized 1s. 8d. the rupee, showing no change; but there has been a larger allotment. The following prices of bullion are from Messrs. Pixley & Abell's circular:

	GOLD.	8.	d.		8.	d
Bar gold, finep		77	9 7			
Bar gold, contain'g 20 dwts. silv.			10194	D		
Spanish doubloons			10 %			
South American doubloons	per oz.	73	9 6			
United States gold coin	per oz.	76				
German gold coin	per oz.	•••	0	D	•••	• • •
	SILVER.		d.		0	t.
Bar silver,finepe		e. :	2116			
Bar silver, contain'g 5 grs.gold.pe		ð. ö	2718			
Cake silver			66313	0		
Mexican dollars	per 0	Z.	5034	0		
Chilian dollars				0		
Quicksilver, £5 17s.	3d. Discount, 3 per c	ent.				

Tenders for £600,000 Swansea Corporation 3½ per cent stock were opened yesterday at the Bank of England. The applications amounted to £675,500, at prices ranging from £95 to £92 for £100 stock. Tenders at 92, which was the minimum fixed by the Corporation, will receive about 76 per cent of the amount applied for, while those above that price will be entertained in full. The average price obtained was about £92 3s. 1d. for £100 stock.

Tenders for £2,031,000 Treasury Bills were opened at the Bank of England on Monday. The amounts allotted were:—In bills at three months, £1,171,000, and at six months, £860,000. Tenders for the former at £99 3s. will receive about 70 per centand above in full, and for the latter at £98 6s. and above in full. These rates represent a discount quotation of about 336. per cent.

It is stated that 53,911,074 lire in gold have already been struck at the Roman mints.

The traffic receipts of railways in England since July 1 have amounted to £9,988,629, against £9,694,652 last year, showing an increase of £293,977, or 3 03 per cent. On the three principal Scotch lines, since August 1, they have been £715,850, against £716,804, being a decrease of £954, or 0 13 per cent.

The sale of Count Lagrange's stud has taken place at Dantzic this week. Some large purchases were made on American account, the principal being a stallion named Rayco d'Or, which fetched the large sum of £6,000. The animal was purchased for Mr. Scott, of Erie, Pennsylvania. The Germans competed freely for it.

The Board of Trade returns for August and the eight monthsended August 31 have been issued this week. They call for nospecial remark, but they show that considerable dulness prevails in the cotton trade and that no improvement has taken place of late. In August the total shipments of cotton piece goods were 374,303,400 yards, against 419,696,200 yards last year and 413,985,400 yards in 1880, while during the eight months they were 2,861,179,000 yards, against 3,158,474,800 yards and 2,878,009,700 in 1881 and 1880 respectively. To the United States, however, the shipments have increased, the total for August being 5,312,700 yards, against 5,211,400 yards in 1881 and 5,692,600 yards in 1880, and in the eight months 55,781,800 yards, against 48,563,500 yards and 62,408,200 yards. The following are the totals of our imports and exports-the latter of British and Irish produce and manufactures, and not including, therefore, re-exports, which form a considerable total-during the month and eight months :

	1880.	1881.	1882.
Imports in August	£31,019,087	£32,687,848	£33,111,785
Imports in S months	275,632,435	263,552,768	274.360,469
Exports in August	19,114,315	21,180,695	21,559,018
Exports in 8 months	147,018,630	150,919,059	161.212,526

The following figures relate to the eight months ended 31st August:

•	IMPORTS.		
Cottonewt.	1880. 9,745,969	$1881. \\ 10,563,771$	$1882. \\ 10,597,245$
	EXPORTS.		
	1880.	1581.	1882.
Cottoncwt.	1,337,688	1,216,207	
Cotton yarnlbs.	133,800,300	167,394,200	
Cotton piece goodsyards.2		3,158,474,800	2,861,179,000
Iron and steeltons.	2,705,485	2,445,900	
Jute piece goods yards.	113,854,500	131,559,000	136,580,000
Linen yarnlbs.	10,602,700	11,791,800	12,743,500
Linen piece goods yards.	118,776,700	118,643,100	125,817,400
Silk manufactures£	1,335,197		1,929,988
British woollbs.	14,290,400		
Colonial and foreign wool.lbs.	151,941,696		164,996,128
Woolen yarnlbs.	18,307,300		
Wool fabriesyards.	33,791,500		
Worsted fabrics yards.	139,303,300	129,503,400	106,769,800
Flannels yards.	3,458,900		6,309,100
Carpets yards.	6,454,600	5,956,700	
Blanketspairs.	778,320	736,300	863,300

The following were the quantities of cotton manufactured piece goods exported in August, compared with the corresponding month in the two preceding years:

uing month in the two pre	ceding years:	:	
	1880.	1881.	1882.
Exported to—	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.
Germany	3,378,600	3,685,100	2,799,100
Holland	3,222,700	3,225,600	2,423,700
	3,959,300	3,5 12,300	
Portugal, Azores & Madeira.		4,59 ,300	3,674,100 2,510,800
Ttols.	4,569,300		2.810,800
Italy	4,173,200	7,561,900	7,389,600
Austrian Territories	380,900	783,700	834,600
Greece	2.597,100	3,882,600	5,449,600
Turkey	32,695,100	32,402,300	29,751,700
Egypt	16,567,200	13,189,100	785,000
West Coast of Africa (For.)	3,615,500	2,536,900	4,465,000
United States	5,692,600	5,211,400	5,312,700
Foreign West Indies	9,716,600	10,596,900	7,398,600
Mexico	3,807,600	5,123,200	5,010,100
Central America	2,358,500	4.759.000	3,130,700
United States of Colombia	3,270,200	5,758,600	3,598,900
Brazil	20,643,800	19,837,000	21.547,800
Uruguay	3,516,600	3,795,400	4,440.800
Argentine Republic	5,035,300	9,094,700	8.776,200
Chili	6,997.000	9,152,100	8,880,300
Peru	335,100	2,438,400	2,693,300
China and Hong Kong	47.935.800	40,975,800	29,937,000
Japan	7,567,900	6,923,500	6,724,200
Dutch Possessions in India	5,235,000	5,868,800	6,613,800
Philippine Islands	2,238,500	6,116,200	2,567,100
Gibraltar	2,906,700	1,358,500	2.174,200
Malta	4,256,300	2,828,900	2,856,900
West Coast of Africa (Brit.).	1,729,000	1,786,300	
			3,178,700
British North America	4,708,300	5,634,400	5,420,100
British West India Islands &	0.000.000	0.001.000	0.000.000
Guiana	2,930,200	2,284,800	3,093,900
British Possessions in South	0 * 00 * 00		
Africa	2,562,700	2,544,700	2,758,000
British India—	*******		
Bombay	52,412,600	44,688,700	35,537,900
Madras	9,038,400	7,289,800	8,278,600
Bengal	102,381,300	90,047,400	94,532,400
Straits Settlements	5,558,300	11,038,500	11,741,400
Ceylon	2,003,700	1,488,700	1,249,000
Australia	4,806,000	6,639,400	7,076,300
Other countries	19,182,500	22,269,300	19,390,800
Total unbleached or bleached	287,256,700	285,212,300	251,946,100
Total printed, dyed, or colored	124,196,000	121,989,200	117,499,100
Total mixed materials, cotton			,
predominating	2,532,700	3,767,700	4,858,200
Grand total	413,985,400	410,969,200	374,303,400
Other manufactures of o	otton show a	s follows:	
	1880.	1881.	1000
Lage and notant not			1882.
Lace and patent net	183,776	247,893	230.901
Hosiery of all sorts	92,805	114,779	127,003
Thread for sewinglbs.	953,997	1,378,297	1.181.520
Other manufs. unenumer'd. £	82,040	93,350	96.232
Tot. value of cotton manfs. £	5.782,211	3.673.537	5.446,677

82,040 5,782,2113,673,537 5,446,677 The movements in bullion during the month and eight months have been as follows:

	GOLD.		
	1880.	1881.	1882.
	£	£	₤.
Imports in August	535,761	945,061	1,104,893
Imports in 8 months	4,547,524	7,001,241	11,619,452
Exports in August	1,117,163	3,109,596	2,145,984
Exports in 8 months	4,736,977	9,660,859	9,861,270
	SILVER.		
Imports in August	551.955	501.191	941,075
Imports in 8 months	4.485.036	4.880,437	5,960,025
Exports in August	494,057	606,518	827,791
Exports in 8 months	5,333,094	5,278,913	6,055,962
Exports in August Exports in 8 months			

TO	TAL GOLD AND	SILVER.	
Imports in August Imports in 8 months Exports in August Exports in 8 months	1880. \$\frac{\pi}{2}\$ 1,087,716 9,032,560 1,611,225 10,069,97;	1881. £ 1.446,252 11,881,678 3,716,114 14,939,802	1832. 2,045,963 17,579,477 2,973,775 15,917,232

The imports of gold from the United States during the eight months have amounted to £6,034,314, against £14,874 last year and £44,689 in 1880.

During the last four days the weather has been very fine. and in the North of England and in Scotland has been very brilliant. The work of harvest, although it has been much impeded by rain, has recently been proceeding satisfactorily, and there is no reason to complain of general results. Wheat is regarded as somewhat under an average crop, but there is a larger quantity of land under cultivation, and we have probably grown at least 10,000,000 quarters. Oats and beans are the great crops of the season, but barley and peas have also yielded good results. Roots are an abundant crop, and there has not only been a heavy crop of hay, but the pastures are luxuriant, and a comparatively small quantity of the new crop is being consumed. The price of wheat, under the pressure of foreign supplies, is steadily declining, and, as the Continent is at present a small consumer of foreign produce, the price of wheat is likely to fall to a low point. Foreign wheat is a fact difficult to dispose of, and recently-arrived cargoes at ports-ofcall have been ordered elsewhere with a view to securing a more profitable market. The following quantities of produce are estimated to be afloat to the United Kingdom. Wheat, 2,042,000 quarters, against 1,864,000 quarters last year; flour, 142,000 quarters against 147,000 quarters, and Indian corn 170,-000 quarters against 326,000 quarters in 1881.

During the first week of the season the imports of cereals into the United Kingdom were as follows: Wheat, 2,152,754 cwt.; barley, 78,855 cwt.; oats, 407,858 cwt.; peas, 7,132 cwt.; beans, 55,046 cwt.; Indian corn, 344,906 cwt., and flour, 260,763 cwt.

The following return shows the extent of the imports of wheat and flour into the United Kingdom during the twelve months ended August 31, as well as the countries whence those supplies were derived :

ouppeon note der				
	7	VHEAT.		
	1881-82.	1880-81.	1879-80.	1878-79.
From-	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Owt.
Russia	8,629,297	2,255,226	4,820,758	9,398,304
	32,604,315	37,662,181	38,138,729	29,492,691
Brit. N. America	2,821,336	3.165,053	4,788,113	3,363,177
Germany	3,257,275	689,808	2,386,690	4,319,289
France	5,392	3,195	6,143	11,985
Chili	1,311,981	1.182,231	1.791,205	548,959
Turkey & Roumania.		346.828	2,460	288,889
Egypt	286,970	1,188,532	2,287,946	1,124,081
British India	9.740.310	5,178,551	2.486,182	716,281
Australia	2,681,843	4.237,712 }		0 401 050
Sundry	137,497	81,443 }	3,107,463	2,461,059
Total	61,805,002	55,990,760	59,815,691	51,724,715
	1	FLOUR.		
Germany	1.747,197	1,235,883	938,080	861,190
France		23,598	266,280	355,901
United States		8,198,628	7.026,966	5,381,339
Brit. N. America		407.119	463,780	393,106
Other countries		2,165,014	1,736,612	2,132,354
				0.101.000
Total	11,161,720	12,242,562	10,431,726	9,124,388

The following is an estimate, arrived at from official sources, of the value of cereal produce imported into the United Kingdom during the twelve months ended August 31:

	1881-92.	. 1880-81.	1879-80.	1878-79.
Wheat	£34,599,225	£29.701.361	£34.379.137	£25,452,581
Barley		4.336,126	5,503,936	3,993,069
Oats		3,925,204	5,528,685	4,012,432
Peas		933,984	804,440	589,352
Beans		978,318	1,116,673	649,334
Indian corn	7,906,237	11,391,160	9,675,967	10,305,004
Flour	9,298,009	9,817,312	8,692,143	7,134,925
Total	£62.622,743	£61,083,465	£65,700,981	£52,136,697

English Market Reports-Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London and for breadwaffs and provisions at Liverpool, are reported by cable as follows for the week ending September 22:

London.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Silver, per ozd.	31%	511316 9934	5178 9911 ₁₆	5178 9934	5178 9913 ₁₆	5178 991516
Consols for money	991516	9978	991316	9978	991516	100118
Fr'ch rentes (in Paris) fr. U. S. 5s ext'n'd into 3 2s	103	103	81.80 10314	92.05 103 ¹ 4	10278	10279
U. S. 4128 of 1891 U. S. 48 of 1907	122	115 ¹ 9 121 ³ 4	115 ¹ 2 121 ³ 4	11519	11538	1214
Erie, common stock Illinois Central	145	1443	4358 14419	1443	14419	1434
Pennsylvania		3318	6534 33	66 33 ¹ 4	6578	324
New York Central	139%	1393	13912	1393	139%	139

Liverpool.	1	Sat.	A	lon.	T	ues.	13	ed.	Th	urs.	I	ri.
Flour (ex. State 100 lb. Wheat, No. 1, wh. Spring, No. 2 Winter, West., n (Cal. white Orr, mix., West. Pork, West. mess # bbl. Bacon, long clear, new	8. 12 9 8 9 6 98 72	d. 9 9 1 6 5 11 0 0	8. 12 9 8 9 6 98 72	9 1 6 5	9 8. 12 9 8 9 6 98 72	d. 9 0 6 5 104 0	8. 12 9 8 9 6 98 72	d. 9 0 6 5 104 0 0	8. 12 9 8 9 6 98 72	d. 9 6 4 101 ₉ 0	8. 12 9 8 9 6 98 72	d. 9 5 3 10 0
Bacon, long clear, Beef, pr. mess, new, \$tc. Lard, prime West. \$cwt. Cheese, Am. choice, new	62	ŏ	96 62 56	6	96 63 56	0 6	95 63 56	6	$\frac{95}{63} \\ 56$	°6 6	$\frac{94}{62}$	6

Commercial and Miscellaneous News.

NATIONAL BANKS.—The following national banks have lately been organized:

2.775—The Merchants' National Bank of Omaha, Nebraska. Authorized capital, \$100,000. Frank Murphy, President; Ben. B. Wood, Cashier.
2.776—The First National Bank of Pine Bluffs, Ark. Authorized capital, \$50,000. Charles M. Neel, President; Charles M. Neel, Jr.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK .- The imports of last week, compared with those of the preceding week, show an increase in dry goods and a decrease in general merchandise. The total imports were \$9,815,573, against \$10,214,834 the preceding week and \$10,063,397 two weeks previous. The exports for the week ended Sept. 19 amounted to \$7,161,211, against \$6,660,613 last week and \$7,578,611 two weeks previous. The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) Sept. 14, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Sept. 15; also totals since the beginning of first week in January:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.

For Week.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882
Dry goods Gen'l mer'dise	\$2,784,233 4,590,516	\$2,912,612 9,834,945	\$2,694,985 5,906,437	\$3,169,658 6,645,915
Total Since Jan. 1.	\$7,374,749	\$12,797,557	\$8,601,422	\$9,815,573
Dry goods Gen'l mer'dise	$\frac{267,637,100}{160,132,872}$	\$96,785.870 261,987,434	\$82,233,030 228,562,095	
Total 37 weeks	\$227,789.972	\$359,773,301	\$310,795,175	\$362,273,241

In our report of the dry goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending September 19, and from January 1 to date:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1879.	1830.	1881.	1882.
For the week Prev. reported	\$8,840,466 230,476,906			
Total 37 weeks	±239.317.352	\$292,411,914	\$275,788,539	\$239,672,527

The following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of New York for the week ending Sept. 16, and since Jan. 1, 1882:

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK.

Gold.	Exp	oorts.	Imports.			
dota.	Week.	Since Jan.1.	Week.	Since Jan.1.		
Great Britain	\$	\$29,599,642	\$	\$105,998		
	******		******	401		
Germany		83,160		232		
		6.088	5,141	247.012		
	******	0,000	0,	97,419		
	107,150	237.150	19,226	283.849		
All other countries		1,297,694	2,500	30,247		
- countries		1,207,004	2,000	30,211		
Tetal 1882	\$107 150	\$33,749,884	\$26.867	\$765,158		
Total 1881		375,346	2.687.098	42,840,407		
Total 1880		0 100 000	4.327.585			
2000	*****	2.128,902	4.021.000	22,523,021		
Silver.						
Great Britain	\$167,500	\$7,157,937	\$	\$26.279		
	60,000			1.027		
		216,500		128,004		
		9,430	5,830	898,220		
		.,,	29,001	737,371		
	******		4,702	103,663		
All other countries		812,021		24,893		
				21,000		
Total 1882	\$227,500	\$9.134.838	\$39,533	\$1,909,457		
	245,130		43,625	2,152,667		
Total 1880						
	******	3,616,810	15,226	3,811,597		

Of the above imports for the week in 1882, \$17,686 were American gold coin and \$10,147 American silver coin. Of the exports for the same time, \$107,150 were American gold coin.

North Carolina Debt.—Raleigh, N. C., September 21.—The Commissioners appointed to adjust the North Carolina debt incurred to aid in the construction of the North Carolina Rational, report that \$1,100,000 of the bonds have been renewed out of a total of \$2,795,000. The October interest will be payable at the National Bank of the Republic, New York.

Northern Pacific.-At the annual meeting of the stockhold-Northern Pacific.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, Thursday, the following directors were chosen: Frederick Billings, A. H. Barney, John W. Ellis, R. G. Rolston, Robert Harris, Thomas F. Oakes, J. Pierpont Morgan, August Belmont, Henry Villard, J. L. Stackpole, Benjamin P. Cheney, John C. Bullitt and Henry E. Johnston.

-For the \$5,000,000 Northern Pacific bonds offered for public —For the \$5,000,000 Northern Facine bonds offered for public subscription yesterday, applications at 102½ per cent were filed for about \$7,500,000. The subscriptions were all made in this country, the bonds not having been offered in the foreign markets. The price obtained is ½ of 1 per cent above that for which the \$20,000,000 previously sold were marketed. It is not likely that any more of these bonds will be offered this year.—
Evening Post, Sept. 22.

Ohio Central.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Ohio Central Railroad Company, held at Toledo, Sept. 13, the following board of directors was elected: Dan. P. Eells of Cleveland; Samuel Shethar of New York; J. T. Martin and George I. Seney of Brooklyn, N. Y., three years; T. J. French of New York; H. T. Terrill of Cleveland: Joseph S. Miller of Charleston, W. Va., and Charles Foster of Fostoria, two years; C. S. Brice of Lima, O.; Samuel Thomas of Columbus; M. D. Carrington and J. E. Martin of Toledo, one year.

Oregon Improvement.—This company, owning and operating the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, the Columbia & Puget Sound Railroad Company and the Seattle Coal & Transportation Company, reports earnings of all for first seven months of current year as follows:

January 1 to June 30July 1 to June 30	Gross. \$1,495,345 262,875	Net. \$522,864 77,392
Total	\$1.739.000	\$000 A=0

Postal Telegraph Co —This company publishes a prospectus of its plans, which are very comprehensive. The share capital is \$21,000,000, divided into 210,000 shares. The first mortgage 6 per cent gold bonds of the company are placed at ten millions. The company is organized in New York, with offices at No. 2 Wall Street. The officers and directors are as follows: Alanson W. Beard, Biston, Mass., President; Henry Cummins, New York, Vice-President; George L. Shorey, Boston, Mass., second Vice-President; George D. Roberts, New York; S. V. White, New York; C. N. Jordan, New York; Governor Charles Foster, Columbus, O.; Professor Elisha Gray, Chicago, Ill.; Chester Snow, Harwich, Mass.; R. M. Pulsifer, Boston, Mass.; John S. Alley, Boston, Mass.; Hon. Jonn B. Alley, Boston, Mass., Treasurer; Henry E. Fanshawe, New York, Secretary; W. H. Fairbank, Superintendent of Construction; Executive Committee—A. W. Beard, Henry Cummins, George L. Shorey, George D. Roberts, S. V. White. Postal Telegraph Co .- This company publishes a prospectus

Railroad Construction (New).-The latest information of the completion of track on new railroads is as follows:

the completion of track on new railroads is as follows:

Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe.—This company's New Mexico & Arizona line is extended from Critenden, Ark., southward 32 miles.

Bangor & Portland.—Extended southwest to Nazarsth, Pa., 5 miles.

Benver & Rio Grande.—The track of the Utah extension is laid from Montrose, Col., westward 18 miles. Gauge, 3 ft.

Gulf Colorado & Santa Fe.—The track of the Dallas Division is extended into the city of Dallas, Tex., 2 miles.

Houston East & West Texas.—Extended from Natchez, Tex., northeast to Lufkin, 15 miles. Gauge, 3 ft.

Natchez Jackson & Columbus.—Extended from Raymond, Miss., northwest to Jackson, 17 miles, completing the road. Gauge, 3 ft. 6 in. New York West Shore & Buffalo.—There are 37 miles of track laid in detached sections between Cornwall, N. Y., and Syracuse.

Northern Pacific.—Extended from Billings, Mon., west to Park City, 24 miles.

Ohio Central.—Extended from Corning, O., southward to Athens, 17

Ohio Central.-Extended from Corning, O., southward to Athens, 17

onto Central.—Extended from Corling. O., softward to Atlens, 17 miles.

St. Louis & San Francisco.—Track on the Arkansas Division is extended from Winslow, Ark., south by west to Mountainburg, 15 miles. Sanford & Indian River.—Completed from Sanford, Fla., southeast to Lake Jessup, 6 miles. Gauge, 3 ft.

Southern Pacific.—The branch to the Colorado River is completed for fifty-two miles eastward from Mohave, Cal., an extension of 21 miles. Toledo Cincinnati & St. Louis.—The Southeastern Division is extended southward to near Gallis Furnace, 0, 15 miles. Gauge, 3 ft. This is a total of 224 miles of new railroad, making 7,164 miles thus far this year, against 4,474 miles reported at the corresponding time in 1881, 3,539 miles in 1878, 2,691 miles in 1876, 761 miles in 1873, 1,082 miles in 1874, 2,691 miles in 1873 and 4,765 miles in 1872.—Railroad Gazette.

Western, Union Talemann, The more than the Western Land Careful and the contral contral careful and the Colorado Careful Calendary of the Western Land Careful Calendary of the Calendary o

Western Union Telegraph.—The report of the Western Union Telegraph Company for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1882, will show figures compared with those for the previous vear as follows:

Gross receipts		1882. \$17,114,165 9,996,095	Increase. \$3,053,355 1,575,930
Net profits	\$5,640,640	\$7,118,070	\$1,477,425

West Jersey.—The West Jersey Railroad Company has paid off the certificates of the indebtedness of the West Jersey & Atlantic Railroad, amounting to \$60,000. Of this amount about \$45,000 was the debt incurred by the May's Landing accident of 1890. The remainder was paid for improvements of the

Auction Sales.—The followin Messrs. Adrian H. Muller & Son: -The following were sold at auction by

Bond.

\$10,000 Tikup & Geneva Mining Company 1st mort. 6s, 1883..... 10 Shares.

The Bankers' Gazette.

The following dividends have recently been announced:

Name of Company.	Per cent.	Wh. Payo		Olosed. nclusiv	
Mailroads, Dubuque & Sioux City	3	Oct.	Oct. Sept.	o Oct.	16

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, SEPT. 22, 1882-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation.-There is much satisfaction expressed among brokers at the working of the money market under the new usury law. It is confidently asserted that under the old law we should have had rates for money this week up to 1-16 and even 1/8 per day in addition to legal interest, which is equal to about 281/2 to 51 per cent per annum. When once released from such a financial barbarism as that which compelled the payment of those extravagant rates on coal loans, we look back with astonishment to think that they could ever have been tolerated. The full extent of the imposition was not conveyed to the outside world by the mere quotations, but if we should now have an occasional 20 per cent rate for money, other business centres could appreciate faintly our former situation, by considering that 20 per cent was from 8 to 31 points below what was often paid under the old order of things. Another advantage is in the circumstance that banks have the right to lend their money at current prices, and it is hardly an argument against this to say that merchants will be obliged to pay much higher rates for discounts at the banks so lending on stock collaterals. If there are any banks which desire to limit their loans to mercantile paper at 6@7 per cent, no one could make any objection and they would be highly commended; but to compel all banks by law to furnish money at 6 per cent when other lenders (and some sharks) were getting 50, and then to tax them heavily for their great privileges, seemed to be one of the baldest of legal enormities. There cannot be a doubt that a 12 per cent rate for money here lasting any considerable time would draw in loanable funds from all available quarters; and yet the 12 per cent would only be a trifle over the equivalent of 6 per cent and 1-64 per day, which was the lowest commission formerly paid, and at that price the market was hardly considered stringent.

The past week there has been much irregularity in call loans, and the extreme prices paid by stock borrowers have varied from 4 to 10 per cent; but the extreme rates being exceptional, furnish no standard, and a fair quotation for money on stock collaterals is 6@8 per cent, while government bond dealers have paid 4 per cent to the savings banks or parties loaning trust funds on governments only. Prime commercial paper moves slowly at 6@7 per cent.

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed a gain of £136,000 in specie, and the percentage of reserve to liabilities was 39³4, against 39 3-16 last week; the discount rate remains at 5 per cent. The Bank of France lost 1,325,000 francs gold and 1,300,000 francs silver.

The New York City Clearing-House banks in their statement of Sept. 16 showed a decrease of \$579,300 in the deficiency of reserve, the total deficiency being \$1,011,975, against \$1,882,275

on Sept. 9.

The following table shows the changes from the previous week and a comparison with the two preceding years:

	1882. Sept. 16.	Differ'nces fr'm previous week.	1881. Sept. 17.	1880. Sept. 18.
Loans and dis.		Dec. \$3,337,400	\$333,625,800	\$314,123,500
Bpecie		Inc. 1,079.600		
Circulation	18,371,200			
Net deposits .				
Legal tenders.	21,811,400	Dec. 550,100	14,561,800	13,517,700
Legal reserve.	\$75.456.075	Dec. \$340,800	\$79.187.375	\$74,732,175
Beserve held.	74,444,100	Inc. 529,500		
Surplus	def.1,811,975	Inc. \$870,300	\$454,125	\$5,302,825

Coins.—The following are quotations in gold for various coins

been steady and without any feature of interest. There is no intimation that Secretary Folger will purchase 4 or 4½ per cent bonds, but he intends to make another call for continued bonds as soon as the books of the Department are so far made up as to show what numbers have not been offered for exchange into 3 per cents.

The closing prices at the N. Y. Board have been as follows:

	Interest Periods.		Sept. 18.	Sept. 19.	Sept. 20.	Sept. 21.	Sept. 22
6s, continued at 31g							-
5s, continued at 312			10118	*10012	,10015	*10010	*101
4198, 1891 reg.	QMar.	*113	1134	1113	113	*11278	1191-
4 las. 1891 coup.	QMar.	*113	111278	*113	-113	111270	110
4s, 1907 reg.	QJan.	*119	11918	11918			
48, 1907 соир.			12018	12018	12010	*12010	1901
6s, eur'ey, 1895 reg.			4130	*130	*130	*130	130
6s, cur'ey, 1896reg.			*131	*131	*131	*131	*131
6s, cur'cy, 1897reg.			*132	*132	*132	*132	*132
6s, eur'ey, 1898reg.			*133	*133	*133	*133	133
6s cur'ey 1899 reg.	J. & J.	-134	*134	*134	*135	*134	133

* This is the price bid at the morning board: no sate was made

Exchange.-Foreign exchange has been weaker, partly in consequence of the better market in London for some of our railroad stocks, and also from the prospect of a larger amount of commercial bills. To-day, on actual business, the rates for prime bankers' 60 days sterling were 4 82½@4 83 and for short sight 4 87½@4 87¾, with cables 4 88¼@4 88¾. The actual rates for Continental bills are as follows: Francs, 5 22½@5 21½ and 5 18½@5 17½; Marks, 94½@94½ and 95¾@95½, and Guilders, 39 15-16 and 40½.

For domestic bills New York exchange was quoted today

as follows at the places named: Savannah, buying 35, selling 1/60!4 dis.; Charleston, buying par, selling 1/6 dis.; New Orleans Com. 100 dis.; bank 200 prem. nom.; St. Louis 25 dis.; Chicago 75 dis.; Boston, 20@30! dis.

Quotations for foreign exchange are as follows, the highest

prices being the posted rates of leading bankers:

Sept. 22	Sixty Days.	Demand.		
Prime bankers' sterling bills on London. Prime commercial Documentary commercial Paris (franes) Amsterdam (guilders) Frankfort or Bremen (reichmarks)	4 81 2 2 4 8 2 4 81 2 4 8 1 4	4 874 04 88 4 86 04 864 4 854 04 86 5 193 05 154 404 0 404 954 0 953		

State and Railroad Bonds.-It is stated that the Tennes-

State and Railroad Bonds.—It is stated that the Tennesee Funding Committee has exchanged \$8,000,000 worth of the new compromise bonds for the old issues. To-day the compromise bonds sold at 60½; Arkansas 7s, Little Rock Pine Bluff & New Orleans issue, sold at 29: Alabama class "A" sold a few days ago at 80, and no other recent sales of Southern State bonds have been recorded.

Railroad bonds have held their own tolerably well against the weakness in stocks. The Richmond & Danville debentures have sold at 76@76½, and among other bonds not often quoted the Central Iowa debt certificates sold at 65, and Kiernan says of the movement of the stock and bonds of this company in Boston that "the demand is based on the purchase by the Central Iowa Company of a partially-completed road between Boston that "the demand is based on the putchase by attempting the Central lowa Company of a partially-completed road between Peoria, the centre of the corn belt of Illinois, and Keithsburg on the Mississippi River, where the new extension of the Central Iowa terminates. Connection will be made at Peoria with the Indiana Bloomington & Western system. This new line will be an important factor among Western roads and will be in a position to do a large east and west business.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks .- The movements of the stock market have been rather peculiar this week, and is has been common talk that Mr. Vanderbilt was in favorof higher prices, while Mr. Gould was, for the time at least, on the other side. This conclusion, however, was evidently drawn from the course of their respective stocks, for while the Gould stocks were week and most of the market with them the Stocks were weak and most of the market with them, the Vanderbilts were strong, especially Lake Shore. It is hardly supposable that Gould has turned bear on the general market, and it is presumed either that he wants to buy in anticipation of another rise, or else that he believed the circumstances (including the monetary situation) made it advisable to put temporary check on the upward tendency of stocks. There temporary check on the upward tendency of stocks. There is nothing essentially new in regard to particular stocks, and the prospect of a large tonnage remains as the chief support for the whole list of railroad stocks during the next ten months, against which are to be considered (1) the present high range of prices, (2) the possibility that the opening of new lines may break down traffic rates, and must in some measure divide up business. In August the miles of new railroad complete were about 1,250, said to be the largest over reported in a sinwere about 1,250, said to be the largest ever reported in a single month, and for the current year to date, the new rod finished is approximately 7,500 miles. At the rate of \$25,000 per mile in bonds with an equal amount of stock this milear would furnish the basis for \$375,000,000 in new securities, part of which has already been placed on the market, and others are yet to come on. This estimate for the whole sprobably not excessive, as some companies have issued much more than \$50,000 per mile,—the New York Chicago & St. Louis, for instance, with 520 miles, has \$69,000,000 of stock and bonds, or about \$132,000 per mile.

The Chicago & Northwestern gives notice of its intention to were about 1,250, said to be the largest ever reported in a sin

The Chicago & Northwestern gives notice of its intention to issue 16,200 shares of common stock in payment for the stock of the Menominee River and the Escanaba & Lake Superior railroad companies which have just been consolidated with the Northwestern. This was first considered understanding in the Northwestern. This was first considered unfavorably in the market, but other parties closer to the management simply regard it as another step in the general consolidation which to precede or be contemporary with the management stock that the procede of the contemporary with the management at the state of the contemporary with the management at the state of the contemporary with the management at the state of the contemporary with the management at the state of the contemporary with the management at the state of the contemporary with the management at the contemporary with the contempor to precede or be co-temporaneous with the expected stock di-tribution.

The market has been variable the past day or two, with tendency to weakness.

BANGE IN PRICES AT THE N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE FOR THE WEEK, AND SINCE JAN. 1, 1882.

RANGE IN PRICES	AT TH	E N. Y.	STOCK	EXCHA	NGE FO	RTHE	WEEK	AND Gree	IOP -	01	10
STOCKS,	Saturday,			ND LOWES	T PRICES		1			_	
RATLEGADS.	Sept. 16.	Monday, Sept.18.	Tuesday, Sept. 19.	Wednesday, Sept. 20.	Thursday, Sept. 21.	Friday, Sept. 22.	Sales of the Week, Shares.	Lowest.	Jan. 1, 1882	1	Fall 1881
Allegany Contral	3278 3414		32 ¹ 2 33 ¹ 4	3134 3278	307			120 7	Highest.	Low.	Hig
Boston & N. Y. Air-Line, pref. Burlington Cedar Rap. & No	83 84 543 ₄ 651 ₂	64 651	77 77 80 80	77 77	30% 31%	30 8 31 4	39,951	843 June 10	135 Mar. 21 34 2 Sept. 15 95 2 Sept. 4	120	135
Cedar Falls & Minnesota Central of New Jersey Central Pacific	797 ₈ 803 ₄ 933 ₈ 933 ₄	7910 901	7912 80	64 1 ₂ 66 1 ₄ 79 1 ₄ 80	65 4 66 5	643 66	32,635	67 June 10 44 Feb. 23	80 2 Sept. 9 85 3 Feb. 2 66 Sept. 21	45	714
Chesapeake & Ohio	26 26 ¹ 4 40 41 *27 ³ 4 28 ¹ 4	9234 9314 2512 2614 39 4014	925 933 253 253	95 9314	7938 8018 9218 9278 25 25	$79 795_8 \\ 921_4 927_8 \\ *241_2 25$	23,980 15,332 2,925	6434 June 5 86 Feb. 23	30 July 21 97 2 Feb. 20 97 8 July 28		90 404 12
Chicago & Alton	142 142 142 1343 1343 1343 1343 1343 134	*28 2814 1331 ₂ 134	40 140 2	39 1 ₂ 39 1 ₂ 27 1 ₄ 27 1 ₄ 133 1 ₈ 134	25 25 381 ₂ 391 ₂ 27 27 1411 ₄ 1411 ₄	38 12 39 126 12 27 12	3,236 1,416	27 4 Apr. 18	41 2 Sept. 15	3234	027 337 481 367
Chicago & Northwestern	$124\frac{1}{2}126$ $148\frac{1}{4}85_8$	125 % 125 12 1 146 12 147 32 1	$24\frac{1}{2}124\frac{1}{2}$ $46\frac{1}{4}147\frac{1}{2}$	125 125	94 4 10 8	$133^{1}_{4} 133^{1}_{2} \\ 108^{3}_{4} 109^{3}_{4} \\ 124 125$	72,990	127 July 5 1	41 Aug. 9	334 1	56 82 h
Chicago Rock Isl. & Pacific Chicago St. L. & New Orleans Chicago St. Paul Minn. & Om.	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	1384 1384 1 80 80 *	36 % 137 ½ 1	136 1 137	EO -3 L4 ($145^{1}8146$ $167^{1}8167^{1}8$ $136^{3}4$	20,810 1	24 Jan. 41	4114 Sept. 8 1 5034 Sept. 12	1634 1	291 40 36
Cincinnati Sandusky & Cley		1117, 112 1	5178 53 1078 1113, 1	517 ₈ 523 ₄ 10 1111 ₄ 1	$50\frac{1}{2}$ 52 $09\frac{5}{8}$ 111 1	51 5214 1018 1111	64,650	23 2 Apr. 18 1- 88 Mar. 8	404 Aug. 11 1 4 Feb. 1	29 14	1719
Columbia & Greenville, pref	38 - 140		*1	140 .	83 8312	5512 5512 8212 8212	1,835	7 2 Feb. 24 1 4 Mar. 9 5 2 June 7	14 35 Aug. 19 59 July 15 92 34 July 24 10 July 27 1 14 Feb. 2	33 ¹ ₂ 5 91 10 41 ¹ ₂ 6	94
Dubunge & Sionx City	58 59 1	1238 1238 4718 14814 5838 5936 5	$12^{1_{8}}$ $12^{3_{8}}$ $16^{7_{8}}$ $147^{7_{8}}$ $18^{1_{2}}$ $59^{1_{4}}$ 1	4 4 4 4 4 4	11 12 11 12 1	11 113 433 1453	3,220				
East Tennessee Va. & Ga Do pref. *	$10^{7_{8}}$ $11^{1_{4}}$ $18^{1_{4}}$ $19^{1_{2}}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0 12 10 12 * 734 1734 *	1034 11	034 1034	1015 103	85,010 5	2 Mar. 14 7 2 Apr. 15 9	4 Sept. 12 16	6 11:	34
Hannibal & St. Joseph	1 12 52 *	18 52 4	9 49 4	8	3 2 83 2	1734 18 33 83	2,600 1 1,400 6	May 12 8	6 2 Jan. 18 2	3 3	3
Indiana Rloom'n & West new	5 85 85 14 142 6 14	36 86 11 8 141 1 ₂ 146	0 141 2 14	88 90 *8 4 84 8	8 90 8	18 52 17 2 87 1 ₂ 12 85	500 47 225 76 700 81	Sept. 4 110	Feb. 8 4	43, 356	;
Lake Erie & Western	17, 116	012 41 40	40 4	0 4010 4		7 4714	5.529 105	Matt. 11 37	2 July 25 6	3 106 1 146	14
Louisville & Nashville	33 ₄ 743 ₈ 7	358 7414 73	34 116 8 11 64 6 38 74 7	558 11638 11. 358 64 6	3, 1161 ₂ 11	65	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 2,400 & 12 \\ 2,400 & 23 \\ 60,5 & 5 & 98 \\ 7,005 & 49 \end{array}$	Mar. 8 49 June 17 19 Lune 12 45 June 6 120 Lune 10 100	⁵ 8 July 25 1 July 26 3 ¹ 8 Mar. 30 11	1 20	34
Manhattan 55	12 93 *8	1 51 49 91 ₂ 93 *88	12 51 14 56	78 5034 50 *88	5018 *5	0 62	$71,450 49 \\ 1,400 61 \\ 2,850 43$	June 5 78	Sept 20 2	1110	-
Marietta & Cincinnati, 1st pref. Do 2d pref.	34 59 56		22 *22	24 22	12 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	24	1,420 89	Aug. 2 37	9 Feb. 11 15 9 Jan. 28	14 59	-
muligan Central	70 104 38 102 5734 57	12 91 *85 134 104 1023	89 *85 4 10334 103	4 581 ₈ 58	881 483	4 601 ₂ 1	0,600 443	Apr. 11 9	2 Jan. 16 9 2 Jan. 3 6 3 Jan. 18 41	15 93	
Missouri Kansas & Texas	12 34 1 ₂ 33 74 1 ₄ 73 403.	19 34 33: 19 731 ₂ 73	3378 33 74 73	331 ₂ 31 3 73 7 71	4 5584 *55 8 33 2 32	56 321 ₂	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 7,055 & 77 \\ 600 & 413 \\ 7,625 & 19 \end{array} $	Apr. 18 1048 Mar. 11 581	8 Sept. 15 84	126 1264 1264	
Morris & Essex 127	23 ¹ ₂ 23 8 127 ¹ ₂ 127	8 10918 1071	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	4 394 38	34 39 18 2 34 107 14 3	$\begin{bmatrix} 5,955 & 59 \\ 7,842 & 263 \\ 1,850 & 865 \end{bmatrix}$	Feb. 25 77 Mar. 11 424	Sept. 11 62 Aug. 2 34	304	
New York Central & Hudson . 1343 New York Chie. & St. Louis 16	4 135 5 134 16 9 16		13458 134	34 6034 60 9 1347 134	60 604	2 127	300 12	June 6 353	13ept. 12 85	114	:
New York Elevated*105	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	110 105 4310 105	10 110 110 *105	110 8 134 110 *105	2 1534 15 35 33 110 *105	15 ¹ / ₂ 10	$egin{array}{c c c} ,649 & 1235_8 \\ ,670 & 101_2 \\ ,400 & 27 \end{array}$	Mar. 13 128 June 5 874 May 1 138 May 25 175 May 27 375 May 15 109 5	Aug. 30	102	
New York New Havend Hart.	5812	4 874	87	2 43 1 413	427 411 864 86	2 4258 98 86 2 2	830 67	Mar. 8 873.	Sept. 12 393	52%	
Do Pref. 591	5919 581	5919 581	27 % 27 5 59a 21	8 28 275 21 21	27% 273 21% 21	275 13	107 168	Aug. 24 60 12	Sept. 8 60	190	
Ohio Central 974 Ohio & Mississippi 184	987 ₈ 961 183 ₆ 18	5114 5018 9734 9578 18 1734	5078 5018 9718 96	97 964	581 ₂ 58 507 ₈ 501 ₈ 973, 961	581 ₂ 7,	300 18 155 44 ¹ 4 269 28 ³ 4	June 9 317 July 22 24 Mar. 8 60 Mar. 9 543	July 28 255 Feb. 27 23 5 Sept. 12 53 Sept. 13 223	70	
Ohio Southern 193	193, 19	19	3934 3814	3878 39	39 387	1712 2.	850 1138.	Feb. 23 10038 June 7 2558	Sept. 13 3234 Sept. 14 64 18 Jan. 14 21 July 18 35	884	
Peoria Decatur & Evansville.	9818 97	93 167	37.8 96.8	9712 9612	19 97 4 167 *167	97% 33.	122 60	une 3 23 2.	Jan. 16 18	126 37 4 83	
Richaed & Danville		*135	40 *x135	133 634	35 14 35 64 18 63	35 635 79,8	$\begin{bmatrix} 27 & 165 & 1740 & 25 & 1850 & 51 & 12 & 1850 & $	uly 28 204 une 9 3934 J far. 11 67 2 J	May 9 190 July 26 27 4	200 57	
Rochester & Pittsburg 62 12 Rome Watertown & College 26 38	2650 2610			01.5 01	61 614	1121 ₂ 3,8 613 ₄ 1,6	50 16 M 300 96 J	une 27 139 S fay 25 40 J uly 7 250 I	Sept. 9 127 an. 5 35 ceb. 7 99 4	80	
8. Louis Alton & Terret Haute 100 Bt. Louis & San Francisco. 120 pref. 130 p	47 ¹ 8 46 91	46 45	45 47	26 18 25 34 48 *16 89 89	48 *46 4	25 % 4,9 48 1.1	00 2234 J	ine 8 36 2 Man. 3 40 J	far. 22 22 uly 25 22	74 5 50 50 5	
Do	6338 621 ₂ 001 ₂ *98	42 62 ¹ 2 61 ¹ 2 101 *98 1	42 *40 61 lo 61 l	43 *40 61 2 6:	43 440	42 2 61 1.1	00 55 A 33 4 J	pr. 20 92 J ine 13 467 J	ept. 14 39 an. 16 85 an. 25 39	50 - 77 - 433	
Paves & Danieap. & Manitoha 127	93 93 63 ¹ 2 160 1	93 93 61 159 12 16	951	991 ₂ 951 ₂ 95		00 4 2	10 793 F	ar. 8 66 2 J eb 24 106 2 J eb. 15 39 J	an. 26 53 an. 17 90 aly 18 26	55 814 154	
Coledo Delphos & Burington 5018 Unou Pacific 1144 1 Waysan St. Louis & Pacific 3734	1434 1133 ₈ i	144 1198 11	4934		15	58 49 ⁷ a 15	09 108 ½ Ja 04 34 % M	in. 19 96 Se in. 26 166 2 Se ar. 9 55 Ju	au. 17 90 aly 18 26 ppt. 21 70 ppt. 12 88 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1	89 1 13 2 73 4	
Do 3734	383 ₈ 371 ₂ 683 ₈	3x 972 0		3734 3638 6878 6712		111 ₈ 112,50 36 ³ 4 17,40	106 Ju 43 M	1.41. 30 95145 204 1410 28 204 1410 28 204 1410 28 204 1410 29 339. 1410 29 351 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	n. 16 105 1 1: ar. 24	38	
olorado Coal & Iron	43,					40,85	0 4578Ju	10 10 3978 At 71 % Ja	ig. 2 33 4 64 4	30	
regon Ranway & Nav. Co. 2634 2	678 2678 1 160 16	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	16 115½ 11 26% 26% 2 160 16	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	30 3,85 1,76	0 38 Ma 0 1023 Ma 0 25 3 An	ir. 13 537 Mi ir. 13 1193 Au	o. 14 31 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35	5 L	
atro Tunnel EXPRESS 132 2 13	4 12 132 13 2 34 92 13	17 4714 4 182 *13112 133 123 913 95	45 45 131 13 23 290 18 9	$\begin{bmatrix} 16 \\ 26 \\ 5 \\ 60 \\ 5 \\ 60 \\ 160 \\ 160 \\ 160 \\ 180 \\ 12 \\ 3 \\ 12 \\ 3 \\ 12 \\ 3 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5 2,710 5 8,310 01 ₂ 360	128 Jan 37 Ap 117 Jun	r. 24 4834 Jule 5 145	ot. 12 134 19 ly 11 39 6	0	
MISCELLANEOLS 6914	3 140 14	2 143 143 614 94 95	*138 14	3 -138 14	3 *138 14	1,100	76 Ma a ₈ Ma	n. 28 60 Fe ar. 13 537 ₈ Mi r. 13 1195 ₄ Au g. 26 30 4 Au 1. 31 163 Se 1. 31 163 Se	ot. 15 77 78 15	212	
COAL AND MINING. *70 7.	129 13	3 *70 72 *130 132	95 9	5 9312 9	93 2 9	5 883 2 133	90 Feb 70 Jun	y 19 149 12 Jan 97 13 Fel 80 13 Jan 9. 24 132 Ser	n. 10 120 15 b. 25 625 9	8	
tle Pittsburg Mining		*33 34 181 ₂ 18	t ₉	*33 3		1 53	125 Feb 28 Ma	o. 24 132 Sep r. 14 367 Jan	1. 26 51 12 78 ot. 6 112 14	2	
lario Silver Mining unaylvania Coal ckallyer Mining		*13 21		*19 21	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		15 % Jan 1 % Jun 1 ¼ Jun	6 6 2 1 Jan	1. 4 14 21 1. 27 11 2	14	
Do Allning 250 300 Idard Consol. Mining 11		*8 10	*9 10	*9 10 *5 45 49		200	33 Jan. 240 Jan.	16 40 Aug 17 245 Jan	20 178 35 14 321 38		
ral Arizona Mining 20 20 20 diwood Mining	193, 20		25 25			1,500	45 4 Sept 74 Sept	21 14 Jan. 7 62 Jan. 6 193 Apr	14 12 21 19 53 75 5 173	4	
Central Coal *21 23	-	*20 29			:	1,500	5 Jan.	18 37 4 July 12 1 5 Jan. 5 63 Feb.	13 25 45 4 1 7 3 4 1		
COAL AND HINING assidation Coal metalate Mining mestake Mining mes						121	1312 May 1 June	0. 24 132 Sep. 1. 17 193, Fold of Sep. 24 Mar. 17 193, Fold of Sep. 24 Mar. 18 40 Jan. 16 40 Jan. 17 624 Jan. 17 625 Jan. 17 27 Apr. 17 Apr. 1	15 18 35 28 2 13	*	
*These are the prices bid and asked—	no sale was	nade at the B	oard,	† Ex-priv		‡ Lowest	Price is ex	a lib Fah.	7 12 7		
					1	2 - 80	200 200 200 3	- Mond		-	

QUOTATIONS OF STATE AND RAILROAD BONDS AND MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	AN
Class A, 3 to 5, 1906. Class A, 3 to 5, small. Class B, 5s, 1906. Class B, 5s, 1906. Class C, 4s, 1906. Class C, 1886. Clas	97 81 100 33 20 20 7 101 105 114	36 31 30 15 117 704	6s, loan, 1883	108 109 110 116 119 109 110 110 110 110 110 112 120 121		Do 1868-1898 New bonds, J.d.J., '92-8 Do A.d.O. Chathan RR. Special tax, class 1, '98-9 Do class 2 Do class 2 Consol. 4s, 1910 Small Ohio— 6s, 1866 Rhode island—	130 10 10 15 15 7 7 7 7 7 75	6 9 81 ₂ 8 80	Brown consol'n 5a. 1892. Tennessee-6a, old. 1892.8 6s, new, 1892-8-18900. 6s, new series, 1914. C'mp'mise, 3-4-5-6a, 1912 Virginia-6a, old. 6s, new, 1866. 6s, new, 1867. 6s, consol. bonds. 6s, ex-matured coupon. 6s, econsol., 2d series. 6s, deferred. District of Columbia. 3-65s, 1924. Small bonds. Registered.	53 53 53 60 35 35 35 82 60 50 13	54 54 54 61 13 110

7s, gold, 1890	114	117	6s, loan, 1891 6s, loan, 1892 6s, loan, 1893	120 121		6s, 1886 Rhode Island—	1091€		Small bonds		110
7s, consol., 1914	69	704	6s, loan, 1893	123		6s, coupon, 1893-99	120		Registered	:	*****
10,			J						Do registered	:::::	*****
			R	AILI		BONDS.					-
r			Del. & H.—Contin'd—	113		Minn. &St. L.—1st, 7s, 1927 Iowa Ext.—1st, 7s, 1909 2d, 7s, 1891 S'thw. Ext.—1st, 7s, 1910 Pac. Ext.—1st, 6s, 1921 Missouri Kan. & Tex.—	11614 *11170		Richm. & DanvCont	-	_
			Alb. d. Susq.—1st, 7s 2d, 7s, 1885 1st,cons.,guar.7s,1906	108		2d, 7s, 1891 S'thw. Ext. —1st.7s,1910	*97	1124	Atl.& Ch.—1st, p.,7s,'97 Scioto Val.—1st, cons., 7s St. L. & Iron Mt.—1st, 7s 2d, 7s, 1897 Arkansas Br.—1st. Cairo, & Fulton—1st	113	96
Railroad Bonds.				*130 *130		Pac. Ext.—1st, 6s, 1921	10134	1024	SCHOO VII. 184. 1845, 78 A. A. B. 187 S. 1845, 78 A. K. B. 187 S. 187 A. K. B. 187 B. Cairo Ark & T. 185 Cairo Ark & T. 185 Cen. rysk 1 gr. 58, 1931 St. L. Al'on & T. H.—185 2d, income, 78, 1894 2d, income, 78, 1894 St. P. Minn. & Man.—184, 78 2d, 68, 1999 2d, 68, 1999	*1074	1084
(Stock Exchange Prices.)			Denv. & Rio Gr.—1st,1900	115	116 9934	Gen. con., 6s Cons., 7s, 1904-5-6	861 ₂ 67 1061 ₂	1061	Cairo & Fulton-1st	107	1071
1- Control 1st 6a 1016		100	Denv.So.P.&Pac.—1st,7s.	102	102 2	2d, income, 1911	67	6712	Gen. r'y&l. gr., 5s, 1931	803	81
tch. T.&S. Fe-412, 1920			Land grant 3 ¹ 28, S. A	*112	94 1 ₂ 75	Mobile & Ohio-New, 6s.	109		St. L. Alton & T. H.—1st. 2d, pref., 7s, 1894	*114	iiii
Alleg'y Cen.—1st, 68, 1922 Atch. T.& S. Fe—4 ¹² , 1920 Atl. & Pac.—1st, 68, 1910 Balt. & O.—1st, 68, Prk. Br.	110	98	E.T. Va.& G.—1st, 7s, 1900 1st cons 5s, 1930	724	114 74	2d, income, 1911 H. & Cent. Mo.—1st, '90 Mobile & Ohio—New, 6s. Collat. Trust, 6s, 1892. Morgan's La. & T.—1st, 6s	******		2d, income, 7s, 1894 Belleville & S. Ill.—1st	*****	994
Bost. Hartf. & E.—1st, 7s Guaranteed		58	Divisional 5s, 1930	*91			115-2	1164	St. P. Minn. & Man1st,7s	110 ½ 110 108	110%
Sost. Hartf. & E.—1st, 7s Guaranteed N.—1st, 5s Bur. C. Rap, & No.—1st, 5s Minn. & St. L.—1st, 7s, gu 10 wa C. & West.—1st, 7s, 10 O. Rap, 1st, 7s, 7s, 7s, 7s, 7s, 7s, 7s, 7s, 7s, 7s	10014 120		1st, 6s, 1920	95	99	2d, 6s, 1901 N. Y. Central—6s, 1883 6s, 1887	10234	108	St. P. Minn. & Man. — 181,78 2d, 6s, 1909. — 100. Dakota Ext. — 6s, 1910. — St. P. & Dul. — 18t, 5s, 1931 So. Car. Ry. — 18t, 6s, 1920 2d, 6s, 1931 — Tex. Cen. — 1st, 5t, 7s, 1909 Tol. Del. & Bur. — Main, 6s 1st. Dayt. Div. & 1910	108	100
Iowa C. & West1st,78	107		Erie—1st, extended, 7s		130	6s, real estate, 1883	107 58 102 12 102 12		So. Car. Ry.—1st, 6s,1920	1021	103
Central Iowa—1st, 78, '99	10914		3d, 7s, 1883	100_{-2}	10812	6s, real estate, 1883 6s, subscription, 1883. N.Y.C. & H.—1st, coup. 1st, reg., 1903. Huds, R.—7s, 2d, st., "85 Can'da So.—1st, int. guar Harlem—1st, 7s, coup. 1st, 7s, reg., 1900. N.Y. Elev'd.—1st, 7s, 10e6 N.Y. Elev'd.—1st, 7s, 10e6 N.Y. & New Eng., 6s, 510 N.Y. & New Eng., 6s, 510 N.Y. C. & St. L.—1st, 6s, 192 N.Y. C. & St. L.—1st, 6s, 192 Newada Cent.—1st, 6s.	131 2	132	Tex.Cen.—1st,s.f.,7s,1909	1074	109
Char. Col. & Aug.—1st, 7s Ches. & Ohio—Pur. m'y fd.		115	4th, extended, 5s, 1920.	333	110	1st, reg., 1903 Huds.R.—7s, 2d, s.f., '85	107		Tol. Del. & Bur. — Main, 6s 1st. Dayt. Div., 6s, 1910	******	*****
68, gold, series A, 1908. 68, gold, series B, 1908.	85	108 87	5th, 7s, 1888, 1st cons., gold, 7s, 1920, 1st cons., gold, 7s, 1920, 1st cons., fd. coup., 7s., Reorg., 1st len, fes, 1908, Long Dock b ds, 7s, 93, 8ndf. N. & E.—Lst, 1916, 2st, cons. & A. & W. & St. & Cons. & A. & St. & Cons. & A. & St. & Cons. & A. & & St. & Cons. & A. & & St. & Cons. & St. & Cons., fd. & Cons., f	12642		Can'da So.—1st,int.guar Harlem—1st, 7s, coup	131	93-2	1st, Ter'l trust, 6s, 1910 Va. Mid. — M. inc., 6s, 1927	68	
68, currency, 1918	*101	5312	Reorg., 1st hen, 6s,1908	*	120 120	1st, 7s, reg., 1900	131	117	Wab. St. L.& P.—Gen'l, 6s	85	70 874 854 90
Chicago & Alton-1st, 7s	120 1021 ₂	122	Buff. N. Y & E.—1st, 1916	130 100	1003 ₈	N.Y.Pa.&OPr.l'n,6s,'95	50	56	Hav. Div6s, 1910	110	90
Sinking fund, 6s. 1903.	114	121	2d, consol., fd. cp., 58			N.Y.& New Eng.—1st, 78			Iowa Div.—6s, 1921	110	90
2d, 7s, 1900	****		Ev.& T.H.—1st. cons., 6s.		9612	N.Y.C.&St.L1st,6s,1921	9318	93%	Ind'polis Div.—68, 1921 Detroit Div.—68, 1921	*91	*****
St. L. Jack. & Chic.—1st 1st, guar. (564),7s, '94	*115		Fl't&P.Marq.—M.68,1920 Gal.Har.&S.Ant.—1st.68		116	Nevada Cent.—1st, 6s N. Pac.—G.l.gr., 1st, cp., 6s	10312	103 10358	Cairo Div.—58, 1931 Wabash—M. 78, 1909	82 94	98
2d (360), 7s, 1898 2d guar (188), 7s, '98	******		2d, 78, 1905	83		Registered 6s, 1921		9112	Tol.& W1st, ext., 7s	10712	112
Miss.R.Br'ge-1st,s.f.6s	102	102 2	Fit&P.Marq.—M.68,1920 Gal.Har. & S.Ant.—1st,6s 2d, 7s, 1905	1044	107 2	N. 1. C. & St. L 181,08,1821. N. Pac. — G. I. gr., 181, 69	11618	103	2d, ext., 7s, 1893		1064
Consol. 78, 1903	*12612	105	Consol. 6s, 1811	10334	10334	Consolidated 7s, 1898	116		Consol., conv., 78, 1907	100 106 h	35
Ia. Div.—S. F., 58, 1919.			1st, West. Div., 78	1065		1st, Springfield Div., 7s	$122\frac{1}{2}$ $119\frac{1}{2}$		2d, 7s, 1893	103	104
8. F. 4s, 1919 4s, 1922		871 ₂ 841 ₄	1st, Waco & N., 7s 2d consol., main line, 8s	*123	125	Ohio Central—1st, 6s, 1920 1st, Ter'l Tr., 6s, 1920	9112	92 92	Q. & T.—1st, 7s, 1890. Han & Naples—1st, 7s	******	
48, 1921	******	128	Guilf.Col.& S. Fe-7a,1909 Han.& St.Joa Ss. conv. Consol. 6s, 1811 Hons.&T.C 1st., lgr., 7s. 1st, West. Div., 7s. 1st, West. Div., 7s. 2d. consol., main line, 8s. 2d, Waco & N., 7s. 1915 General, 6s, 1921 Hons. E. & W. Tex 1st., 7s. 11l. Cent Sp. Div Cp. 6s. Kiddle Div Reg. 5s. C. St. L. & N. O Ten. 1. 7s. 1st, consol. 7s, 1897. 2d, 1907. 2d, 1907.	*	10012	at consonated 78, 1911 1st, Springfield Div., 78 Ohio Central—1st, 68, 1920 1st, Ter'l Tr., 68, 1920 1st Min'l Div., 68, 1921 Ohio So.—1st, 68, 1921 Oneg'n& Cal.—1st, 68, 1921 Panama—S.f. sub. 68, 1910 Paoria Dec & Ev.—1st. 68	84		Tex. Ceh.—1st, st., 7s, 1909. Tol. Del. & Bur.—Main, 6s, 1910 Va. Mid.—M. Inc., 6s, 1910 Va. Mid.—M. Inc., 6s, 1927 Wab. St. Lé. P.—Genil., 6s CHO. 1910. Tol. P. & W.—1st, 7s, 1931. Wabash—M. 7s, 1909. Tol. & W.—1st, 7s, 1909. Tol. & W.—1st, 7s, 1909. Tol. & W.—1st, 7s, 1890. Equip. b'nds, 7s, 1833. Equip. b'nds, 7s, 1833. Consol., conv., 7s, 1907 Gt. West.—1st, 7s, 899. Q. & T.—1st, 7s, 1890. Q. & T.—1st, 7s, 1890. Han. & Naples—1st, 7s St. L. K.C. & N.—R. e. 7s Clar da Br.—6s, 1910.	105	107 113
6s, reg., 1917	1034		Hous. E.& W. Tex.—1st,78	110	102 120	Oreg'n& Cal.—1st,6s,1921		101	Clar'da Br.—68, 1919	95	95
Central of N. J.—1st, '90.	109	11512	Middle Div.—Reg. 5s	113				100	No. Missouri—1st, 78	85 118 119	
Conv., assented, 1902	1110	111	1st, consol. 7s ,1897	113	120	Evans. Div., 1st,6s,1920 Pac. Railroads.—			1900, reg		1189
Leh.& W. B.—Con.g'd,as		10334	gold, 5s	103	105	San Joaquin Branch.	$\frac{114}{112}$	106	Mut. Un. T.— . F.,68,1911	763	78
C.M.& St.P.—1st, 8s, P.D.	130	130 2	2d,1907. gold, 5soux City, 1st. Dub. & Sioux City, 1st. Dub. & S. C., 2d Div., 7s. Ced. F. & Minn.—1st, 7s. 1nd. Bl. & W.—1st prf., 7s. 1st, 4-5-6s, 1909. 2d, 4-5-6s, 1909. East'n Div.—6s, 1921. Indianap. D. & Spr.—1st, 7s.	110	115	Cal. & Oregon—1st, 6s State Aid bds, 7s, '84	*	101	Clar'da Br.—68, 1919 St. Chas. Br.—1st, 6s No. Missouri—1st, 7s West. Un. Tel.—1900, cp. 1900, reg. N.W. Telegraph—7s,1904 Mut. Un. T.—4, F., 6s, 1911 Spring Val. W.W.—1st, 6s Oregon RR. & N.—1st, 6s	*110 108	
2d, 7 3-10, P. D., 1898 1st, 7s, \$ g., R. D., 1902	125	130	Ced. F. & Minn.—1st, 7s	*116	120	State And Dds, 78, 74 Land grant bonds, 68. West. Pac. — Bonds, 68 So. Pac. of Cal. — 1st, 68. Union Pacific— 1st, 68. Land grants, 78, '87-9 Sinking funds, 88, '93 Registered 88, 1893 Collatoral trust 88	104 112	1061 ₂ 1133 ₄			
1st, LaC. Div., 1893	*	127	1st, 4-5-6s, 1909 2d, 4-5-6s, 1909	89	91	So. Pac. of Cal.—1st, 6s	1063 ₈ 1153 ₄	10634	INCOME BONDS.		
1st, I. & D., 1899	*127 *125		East'n Div.—6s, 1921	953 ₄	96	Land grants, 7s, '87-9	114	115 119	(Interest payable if earned.)		
Consol. 78, 1905	126		East'n Div.—68, 1921. Indianap. D. & Spr.—1st,7s 2d, 5s, 1911. Int.& Gt. No.—1st,6s,gold Coupon, 6s, 1909 Kent'ky Cen.—M. 6s, 1911 Lake Shore & Mich. So.— Mich. S. & N.I.—S. 1d,7s Cleve. & Tol.—Sink. fd. New bonds, 7s, 1886. Cleve. P. & A8h.—7s. Buff. & Eries—New bds.	1051	10614	Registered 8s, 1893	107	1			
1st, 7s, 1 & D. Ext., 1908	1001	127	Coupon, 6s, 1909	821	81	Kans. Pac.—1st, 6s, '95	iii		Alleg'y Cent.—Inc., 1912.		0.00
1st, 5s, La. & Dav., 1919	931	1084	Lake Shore & Mich. So.—			Collateral trust, 6s Kans.Pac.—1st, 6s, '95 1st, 6s, 1896 Den.Div.,6s,as'd, '99	*10814	111 11014	Ala. Cent.—Inc. 6s, 1918. Alleg'y Cent.—Inc., 1912. Atl. & Pac.—Inc., 1910 Central of N. J.—1908 Col. C. & I. C.—Inc. 7s, '90	83	35 88
1st S. Minn. Div., 68, 1910 1st, H. & D., 7s, 1910	116	108 4	Mich.S.& N.1.—S.fd.,7s Cleve. & Tol.—Sink. fd.	106	108-2	1st consol., 6s, 1919 C.Br. U.P.—F.c.,7s, 95 At.C.&P.—1st,6s,1905 At. J. Co.&W.—1st, 6s	104	10412	Col. C. & I. C.—Inc. 7s, '90 Cent. Ia.—Coup. deb. ctfs.	49	
Ch. & Pac. Div., 6s, 1910 1st Chic. & P.W., 5s, 1921	921	110	New bonds, 7s, 1886.	1084 113 122		At. C. & P1st, 6s, 1905 At. J. Co. & W1st, 6s	* 90	92	Chic & F. III -Inc. 1907		
Min'l Pt. Div., 58, 1910 C.A. L. Sup. Div., 58, 1921		94	Kal & W Pigeon_let			Oreg.Short L.—1st, 6s	103	$103\frac{1}{4}$ $104\frac{1}{2}$	DesM.&Ft.D.—1st,inc.,6s	70	74
C. & N'west.—S. fd. 78, '85	*1033	105	Kal. & W. Pigeon—1st Det.M.&T.—1st,7s,1906	*191		Exten., 1st, 7s, 1909	1013	100	E.T. V.&GaInc.,6s,1931	43 49	
1a. Div.—S. F., 58, 1919. 48, 1922. 48, 1927. 48, 1927. 48, 1928. 48, 1928. 48, 1929. 48, 1928. 48, 1929. 48, 1929. 48, 1929. 48, 1929. 48, 1929. 49, 1939. 49, 1949. 40, 1949. 40, 1949. 40, 1949. 40, 1949. 41, 19	132		Det. M.&T.—Ist, 7s, 196 Lake Shore—Div. bonds Consol., coup., 1st, 7s Consol., reg., 1st, 7s Consol., reg., 2st, 7s Consol., reg., 2d, 7s Consol., reg., 2d, 7s Long 1st, R.—1st, 7s, 183 Louisv.&N.,—Cons. 7s, 9s 2d, 7s, 20id, 1883 Cecilian Br'ch.—7s, 1907 N.O.&Mob.—1st, 6s, 1930 E.H. & N.—1st, 6s, 1930 Pensac'la Div.—6s, 1920 St.L. Div.—1st, 6s, 1921	126	128	At. J. Co.&W.—18t, 68 Orez. Short L.—1st, 68 Ut. So.—Gen., 78, 1909 Exten., 1st, 78, 1909 Mo. Pac.—1st cons., 68. 3d, 7s, 1906 Pacific of Mo.—1st, 68	1013 ₈		Central of N. J.—1995 Col. C. & I. C.—Inc. 78, '90 Cent. Ia.—Coup. deb. cfts. Ch. St. E. W.—L. g. line, 6s Doe M. & Ft. D.—1st, inc. 6s Doe M. & D.—1st, inc. 6s Doe M. & St. D.—1st, inc. 6s Doe M. & St. D.—1st, inc. 7s John M. & M. M. Inc. 7s John M. B. & Mun.—Inc. 7s John M. B. & Mun.—1nc. 7s Joh		
1st, 7s, 1885	106		Consol., reg., 1st, 7s Consol., coup., 2d, 7s.	1264		Pacific of Mo.—1st, 6s 2d, 7s, 1891	*105	106 114	Ind.Bl.&WestInc.,1919 Consol. Inc., 6s. 1921	52	591
Coupon, gold, 78, 1902 Reg., gold, 78, 1902	1249	125 4	Consol., reg., 2d, 7s Long Isl. R.—1st. 7s.1898	*124	121	Pacific of Mo.—1st, 6s 2d, 7s, 1891. St.L.& S.F.—2d,6s,cl. A. 3-6s, class C, 1906. 3-6s, class C, 1906. 1st, 6s, Peirce C, & G. Equipment, 7s, 1895. Tex.& Pac.—1st,6s, 1905. Consol., 6s, 1905. Income & Pd gr., reg. 1st, kiog. Div.,6s, 1930.	9934	100 1 ₈	Ind's Dec. & Spr'd-2 10c.		
Sinking fund, 6s, 1929 .	*111	114	1st consol. 5s, 1931	120	984	3-6s, class B, 1906	9012		Int. & Gt. North.—2d inc.		
Sinking fund, reg Sinking fund, 5s, 1929 . Sinking fund, reg Lowa Midland—1st, 8s.	101	102	2d, 7s, gold, 1883	102		Equipment, 7s, 1895.	10112		Leh. & Wilkesb. Coal—'88	85 51	87
Iowa Midland-1st. 8s.			N.O.&Mob.—1st,6s1930	85	91	Tex.&Pac.—1st,6s,1905	100	105	Sand'ky Div.—Inc., 1920		57 52
Peninsula—1st, conv. 7s Chicago & Mil.—1st, 7s	122		General, 6s, 1930	94	100 9518	Income & l'd gr., reg.	92	64 1 ₂ 83	Mil. L. S. & W.—Incomes	78 761 ₂	82
2d, 7s, 1907	127	114	Pensac'la Div.—6s, 1920 St.L. Div.—1st, 6s, 1921	100		Pennsylvania RR.—	827	83	Mob.& O.—1st prf. deben. 2d pref. debentures	40	41
Mil.& Mad.—1st,68,1905 C.C.C.& Ind's—1st,78, s.f.	120		St.L. Div.—1st, 6s, 1921 2d, 3s, 1980 Nashv. & Dec.—1st, 7s.	150		Pa.Co's guar. 4 28, 1st c.	95 12		ou prot. debendares		
Chicago & Alli.—1st, is Winona & St. Pet'r—1st 2d, 7s, 1907 Mil. & Mad.—1st, 6s, 1905 C.C.C. & Ind's—1st, 7s, s. f. Consol. 7s, 1914 C.St. P. M. & O.—Consol., 6s	120	1061				Pitt.C.& St.L.—1st c.,78			Ath pref. debentures N.Y. Lake E. & W. – Inc. 68	10	531
No Wie _let 6g 1930	111			100		2d, 7s, 1913	+1921		N.Y.P.&O.—1stinc.ac.5-7 Ohio Cent.—Income, 1920	33	
St.P.&S.C1st,68,1919	111	112	Sandusky Div., 6s, 1919 Laf. Bl. & M.—1st, 6s, 1919	*	. 98	2d, 7s, 1912	134	1343	Min'l Div.—Inc.7s,1921 Ohio So —2d inc., 6s,1921 Ogdens.& L.C.—Inc.,1920	32	35
St.P.&S.C.—1st,6s,1919 Chic.&E.Ill.—1st,s.f.,cur. Col.& Green.—1st,6s,1916	*100	1	Laf. Bl. & M.—1st, 6s, 1919 Louisv. N. Alb. & C1st, 6s	102	104	3d, 7s, 1912	1254		Ogdens. & L.C.—Inc.,1920 Small		
Del. L.& W.—7s, conv. '92		. 88	Louisv. N. Alb. & C. – 1st, 6; Manhat. B'ch Co. – 7s, 1905 N. Y. & M. B'h – 1st, 7s, '97 Marietta & Cin. – 1st, 7s			4th, sink. fd., 6s, 1892 Col.C.& I.C.—1st.conso	107	125	Small	50 40	75
Mortgage 7s, 1907 Syr.Bing.&N.Y1st.7s	127		Marietta & Cin1st, 7s.			2d consol., 7s, 1909	*120		Roch & PittsInc., 1921	37	79 75 47 38 65
Morris & Essex-1st, 7:	138	140	Metrop'lit'n El.—1st,1908	99	2 100 90	2d. Tr'st Co.ctfs.,ass'd	1115	110	So. Car. Ry.—Inc.,6s,1931	61	1
Bends, 7s, 1900	*110		Mich.Cent -Con.,78,190	126	. 10312	St.L.V.&T.H1st,g.,7	1143	1164	Peoria D. & Ev Inc., 1920 Evansv. Div Inc., 1920 Roob. & Pitts Inc., 1921 Rome W. & Og Inc., 7s. So. Car. Ry Inc., 6s, 1931 St. Louis I. Mt. & So Ist., 7s, pref., int. accum. 2d, 6s, int. accum. 2d, 6s, int. accum. St. g. I. & Ry Ser. B., inc., 94 Plain incomes 6s, 1896. Sterling Mt. By Inc., 95 Sterling Mt. By Inc., 95		99
1st, consol., guar., 7s	125		Equipm't bds., 8s, 1883	i':::::	1031	2d, 78, 1898 2d, guar., 78, 1898	-110		St'g I. & RySer. B., inc. '94		
Doi. & H181, 78, 1884.	106	1117	Conpon 5e 1991	95	98	Rome W. & OgCon. 1st	74	100	Sterling Mt. Ry.—Inc., '95		- 60
78, 1891	110	1441	Coupon, 08, 1001								
1st ,ext. ,7s, 1891 Coup., 7s, 1894	113	117 116 118	2d, 6s, 1899 2d, 6s, 1899 Mich.Cent—Con.,7s,190: 1st, 8s, 1882, sink'g fd Equipm't bds., 8s, 1883 6s, 1909 Coupon, 5s, 1931 Registered, 5s, 1931 Jack, Lan, & Sag.—6s, 9			Registered, 1921 Pitt. C. & St. L.—1st c.,7s 1st reg., 7s, 1900. 2d, 7s, 1913 Pitts. Ft. W. & Ch.—1st 2d, 7s, 1912 3d, 7s, 1912 3d, 7s, 1912 3d, 7s, 1912 3d, 7s, 1912 Col. C. & I. (L.—1st, conso 2d consol., 7s, 1909. 1st, 7st Co. ctfs., asso 2d consol., 7s, 1909. 1st, Tst Co. ctfs., asso 2d, reg., 1912 1st, Trt Co. ctfs., asso 2d, reg., 1912 2d, reg., 1913 St. L. V. & T. H.—1st, 6s, 1912 Rome W. & Og.—Con., 1918 Rome W. & Og.—Con., 1918 Roch. & Pitt.—1st, 6s, 1912 Rome W. & Og.—Con., 1918 Roch. & Pitt.—1st, 6s, 1922	1044	2 106 86 4	St. L. A.& T. H.—Div. bds Tol. Del. & B.—Inc6s, 1910		
Col. & Green.—1st, 5s, 1916 2d, 6s, 1926 Del. L. & W.—7s, conv. % Mortgage 7s, 1907 Syr. Bing, & N. Y.—1st, 7i Morris & Essex—1st, 7r, 2d, 7s, 1891 Bends, 7s, 1900 Teol Bends, 7s, 1900 Teol Bends, 7s, 1900 Teol Bends, 7s, 1900 Teol Bends, 7s, 1891 Let.—1st, 7s, 1891 Let.—1st, 7s, 1891 Let.—2st, 7s, 1894 Let.—2st, 7s, 1894 Let.—2st, 7s, 1891 Let.—2st, 7s, 1911 Pa. Div., reg., 7s, 1911	113	116 118 129	Registered, 5s, 1931 Jack.Lan.& Sag.—6s, '9: Mil.& No.—1st,4-5-6s,1916 Mil.L.S.&W.—1st,6s,192	95	98	Roch.& Pitt.—1st,6s,1921 Rich. & Al.—1st, 7s, 1920 Rich.& Danv.—Cons.g.,6s Debenture 6s, 1927	1041 85 99	106 861 1004	Plain incomes 6s, 1899. Sterling Mt. By.—Inc., 95 St. L. A. & T. H.—Div. bds Tol. Del. & B.—Inc., 6s, 1910 Dayton Div.—6s, 1910. Tex. & St. L.—L.g.,inc. 1920		. 25

New York Local Securities.

Bank St	ock Li	st.		[Quotations by E. 8 No. 7 Pine	BAII	List	Broke
COMPANIES.		-	RICE.		T	-	RICE.
Marked thus (*) ar		Bia.	. Ask.	COMPANIES.	Par	. -	I. Ash
America* Am. Exchange	. 100	161	186	American Exchange	50 100 25 25 17	147	159
Rowery	100		260	Bowery	25	105	210
Broadway Prov'ra	20 25	::::	260	II Broadway	25	190 175 170	190
Central	. 100			Citizens'	20	170	195
Chase	. 100			City.		115	190 195 155 125
Chamical Chemical Citisens City Commerce Continental Corn Exchanges East River Eleventh Wards	25 100 25 100	1951		Clinton	100	130	140
Citisens'	. 25	261		Columbia. Commercial	80	102	107
City	100	261	152			230	1943
Continental	100		120	Eagle. Empire City Exchange	40	230 220	290 85
Corn Exchange*	100	170		Exchange	100	75 90	100
East River	25 25 100 100	110		Farragut Firemen's Firemen's Trust	50 17	1117	125
Deventa waru	100	1:::: 1		Firemen's	17	105	90
Pifth Avenue	100			Frenklin & Emp	100	1105	112
ourth	100	1 1		Franklin & Emp German-American	100	180	190
Pulton	100		132			140	150
allatin	50			Globe	50	110	120
allatin. erman American*. erman Exchange*.	75			Guardian	25 100	250	280
erman Exchange.	30 58 75 100 100			Globe	100 15 50 50 100 50 50 100	120	70 125
ermania*					50	140	1473 80 150
mp. and Traders' rving land City* eather Manuf'trs'.	100	135		Hoffman	100	75	150
ap. and Traders'	100	100		Howard Importers' & Tr'd'rs	50	85	90
land City*	100 50 50 100	1	::.	Importers' & Tr'd'rs	50	85 70 55	90 85 68 153
ather Manuf'trs'.	100		:.::	Irving	30	145	63
mine	100		143	Kings County (Rkn.)	20	180	
arine	100			Knickerbocker	40	83	67
echanics'echanics'& Tr'drs'	25	1151	::::	Lamar	50	100	108
chanics' & Tr'drs'	25	TOR !		Lenox	100 25	70 75 100	50
rcantile	25 25 100 50 50 100 100			Lenox Long Island (B'klyn)	25 50	100	106 75 80 105
erchants' erchants' Exch'ge etropolis*	50	19178	98	Manufac're' & Duild	25	60	65
etropolis*	100			Manhattan	100 100	105	115 75
etropolitan ount Morris* array Hill*	100	176 .		Manhattan Mech. & Traders'	25	180	140
rray Hill*	100			Mechanics' (B'klyn). Mercantile	25 50	140	150
888U*	100 100	126	:::	Mercantile		65	110
w York w York County Y. Nat'l Exch'ge.	100	140 .		Montauk (Brooklyn)	50 50 50	1105	118
W York County	100		[Nassau (Brooklyn)	50	150	260
orth America*			:::	Montauk (Brooklyn) Nassau (Brooklyn) National New York Equitable New York Fire New York & Boston New York City Niagara North River	3746	105	117
rth America*	70			New York Fire	35 100	140	102
ental*	80			New York & Boston.	100	97	102
cific*	50	100		New York City	100	60	80 65 180
k	70 80 25 50 100 1 25 20 1 50 100		60	North River		170	180 106
ple's	25		11	Pacific	25	180	195
rkople's*enixoduce*	50			Park	100	120	125
public	100	130 i		People's	20	160	180
	100 1	128	11	Phenix	50	110	120 146
enth ward	100			Relief	50	85	75
venth Ward ond	100 100 100 1		:::	Relief	20 50 50 50 100 25 50	75	75 85
th te of New York	100		:::	Standard	25	100	150 120 80 82
te of New York	100 1	130 .		Star	100	70	180
irdadesmen's	40			Sterling	100	70 55	32
ion	50 1	151		Sterling	25 25	125	133
ited States	100	198			25	130	80 135
nioniited Statesall Streetest Side*		100	1	Westchastor		120	125
est pide	100			Williamsburg City	50		260

Gas and City Railroad Stocks and Bonds. [Gas Quotations by Prentiss & Staples, Brokers, 11 Wall Street.]

GAS COMPANIES.	1	Amount.	Period	Rate.	Date.	Bia.	Ask.
Brooklyn Gas Light Co	25	2,000,000	Var.	5	May, '82	108	100
Utilizens Gas Co (Bklyn)	20	1,200,000	Var.		July, '82	68	107
do bonds	1,000		A. & O.	7	1898	105	110
		1,850,000	F. & A	3	Aug., '82	98	100
	20	750,000	1. & 1		July, '82	180	170
	50	4,000,000	J. & J	5	Aug., 82	990	223
deropolitan	100	2,500,000	M. & 8		Aug., 92	125	180
	500	750,000	F.& A	3	aug.,	107	110
mutusi, N. Y	100	5,000,000	Quar		July, 82		
naosau, Drookivh	25	1,000,000	Var	3	Sept., '81	55	10616
	Var.	700,000	MAN		May, 82	90	95
	100	4,000,000	M. &N	5	May 82	112	119
		1.000.000	1. & 1	34	Jan., 76	43	48
	1,000	375,000	MAN	7	1997	105	107
	Var.	125,000	Var.	6	1900 &c	85	90
	50	466,000	F.& A.	3	Aug., '82	75	85
Williamsburg	50	1,000,000	Quar.	116	Feb., '82	55	60
	1,000	1,000,000	A.& O.	8			104
	100	1,000,000	M. & N.	216	July, 82	70	
municipal	100	3,000,000					88
		750,000	M. A.N.	8			110
Fulton Municipal		1,500,000		- 1	1000		110

[Quotations by H. L. GRANT, Broker, 145 Broadway.]

Pil	1	1	,	1	1 9		-
Bleecker St. & Fult. Ferry-St'l	k 100	900,000	J. & J.	8.	July, '82	04	26
			J. & J.	7	111v 1900	102	113
		2,100,000	0-1	214	Inly '9	144	146
		1,500,000	LAD	2	July, 82 June '84	144	164
			O-F	91	Ame of	103	
			MAN		Aug., 82	213	220
			0 1	0	T	102	110
DIVUKIYA Crosstowa -Style	100	400,000	Q	3	July, '82 July, '82	190	200
_ and mortgage bonds	1 0000		X-1.	7	July, 82	150	170
		500,000	Q-3.	200	1888	195	!12
Central Pk. N. & E. RivStock	100	500,000	J. C J.	279	July, '82	135	145
Consolidated mort. bonds	100	1,800,000	Q-J.	2	July, 'S2	143	143
Christopher & Claritte Donds	1,000	1,200,000	J. & D.		Dec.1902	116	120
Christopher & Tenth StStock	100	650,000	F.& A.	236	Aug., '82	106	
Bonds	1,000	250,000	J. & J.	7	1 1993	108	1112
		1,200,000	O-F	4	Aug., '82		
		900,000	JAD	7	June, '93	240	ilw
		1 000 000	0-1	12	Tester 180	910	LITA
		1,000,000 203,000	I & I	7	July, '82 Jan., '81	200	1110
		748,000	W AN	6	Mar. 180	100	110
lst mortgage. Central Cross Town—Stock	1.000	236,000	A & O		May, '82	240	
entral Cross Town-Stock	100	600,000	a.a.o.		Apr., '93		115
Houst. West St. & Pav. F'y-St'k	1,000	200,000	W . W	7	W 300:	70	80
Joust. West St. & Pay F'v_St'h	100	250,000	M. CE IN.		Nov.1904		106
		200,000	*****	- 1	4.22. ACT	70	
		500,000	J. 46 J.	7	July. '94	105	110
ou mortgage	1 000	1,199,500	J. & J.		July, 82	170	180
		150,000			Apr., '85	108	1
		1,050,000	M.&N.	7 1	Nov., '88	107	1083
lat mortage Stock	500&c	200,000	M. & S.	7	Sept.,'83	170	1
let mortenes	100	750,000	M.&N.	5	Mar., 89	255	265
1st mortgage	1,000	500,000	J. & J.	7	July, '90	110	115
		9,000,000	Q-F.	5	Aug., '89	920	
and mortgage	1,000	3.000.000	J. A.J.		July, '90	110	113
lst mortrage	100	600,0001	P 44		Aug., 59	1401	4.0

This column shows last dividend on stocks, but the date of maturity of bonds

Quotations in Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

-		1000	, -	mire	nerbura	and	Balt	imo	re.
ker,	SECURITIES.	Bid	As		820	URITIES	١.	B	14. An
_	BOSTON.	_	-	Cat	tawissa neartiers Va nnecting disware m. l. & Boundst Penn. 1s ston & An & W'mspo	W 78, 19	900, r.&	CD 11'	7
E.	Atch. & Topeka 1st m.7s do land grant 7s		121	Co	artiers Va	l., ist m. 6s, cp.,	.78.C.,11 1900-190	10:	
sk.	Atlantic & Pacific, 6s	95 26	97	Del	aware m.	68, reg	&cp.,v	ar	
	Boston & Maine 7s			Eas	t Penn. 16	t mort	. 7e, '88		1263
13	Boston & Lowell 78			E1.	ton & An & Wimspo do	rt, lat n	n., 68, 19	10 11	
õ	do September 1			Har	risburg 1	st mort	.6s, '83,		
05550075050508000	Burl. & Mo., land grant 78	1111	112	Ithe	do con	18. m. 5	gold, 1995		: 86
ő	do Nebr. 68	103		Jun	ction 1st	mort. 6	, '82.		
7	Chicago Burl. & Quincy D.Ex	83	84	Leh	igh Valle	mort. 6 7, 181,68	s, 1900 .	96 122	190
5	Connetton Walter fo				do 2d r	1st, 60 n. 7s, re	s. cp.,18 g., 1910	98 122 134	
5	Cali ornia Southern, 68		85		do co	D. m., 6	s,rg.,19	28 131 28 121	
5	Fort Scott & Gulf 78	110	iig	N.	le Schuyll D. Pac., 1s	till, 1st	m. 78, 1	91	84 00
8	Call ornis Southern, 68 Call ornis Southern, 68 Call ornis Southern, 68 Fort Call & Guis, new. Fort Call & Guis, Hartford & Rick 18 Hartford & Rick 18 Hartford & Rick 18 Has City, St. Jo. & C. B. is. Little R'k & Ft. Smith, 7s.lst Mass Central, 68 Mexican Central, is New York & New Eng. 66 New Mexico & So. Pac. 7s Jgdensburg & L. Ch. con. 6: Old Colony, 68		1083	Nor	th. Penn.	lst m. 6	s, cp.,'8	106	100
ŭ	Kan. City, St. Jo. & C. B. 7s Little R'k & Ft. Smith, 7s.1st	1074		-11	do gen	m. 78,1	reg., 190	9	1972 1972 1955
0	Mass Central 6s	824	40 827	Nor	do debe	nture 6	s, reg	108	180
5	New York & New Eng. 6s	10556	106 1164 1145	Oil	do debe f'k& West Creek, 1st nsylv.,ger lo gen lo cons lo cons lo do k N.Y.C. & ciomen 1st s. & Erie;	68, cou	p., 1912.	0 127	
736	New Mexico & So. Pac. 78		1145		lo gen	. m. 68,	cp., 191	0 124	4
	Old Colony, 78	85		11 3	lo cons	. m. 6s.	cp., 1900		
	Old Colony, 7s		1143	Pa.d	N.Y.C.	RR. 78	,1896	122	6
	Rutland 6s,1st mort	9936	100	Perk	do d	m. 68,0	1906 coup., '8	105	106
	Rutland 68,1st mort. Sonora 78 T. Cinn. & St. L., ist 6s do income do Day'a D. CO Main L. STOCKS.		65	Lini	do co	d m. 78	. cp., 98	114	
	do Day'a D		18	Phila	a. Newt'n	& N.Y.	58,199	90	·
	STOCKS. Main L		• • • • •	Phil.	do R. 1st m	d m 7	due 1910	121	
	Atchison & Topeka	71	9834		do cons	d m., 7s	rg., 1911	127	12734
	Boston & Lowell		103		do cons	.m.6s,g.	IKC1911	1123	
	Boston & Maine	5636	158 161		do gen.	m. 63, g	C.190	958	98
	Chesnire preferred.		68	11	do deb.	coup., 1	998	633	6 65
	Cin. Sandusky & Clev.	85 28 00	2814	11	do scrip,	1893	II, 1893.	100	
	Connectiont Piver	61	***	Dha :	do conv.	s, coup	off, '93	78	7874 9434
-	Connoction Valley	7361	***	Pitts	.Cin.&St.	L. 78, re	r.certs	1203	10136
	Rastern (New Hampshire)	30	45	Pitts	b. Titusy.	& B., 78	p., 1900 , cp., '96	95	P
-		2136	23	Sham	okin V.&	ons.int Pottsv.	78, 1901		
-	Fort Scott & Gulf. prefX	5	96 25	Sunb.	Haz. & W	7.,1st m	78, '97 .,58,'23.	90 25	95
	Iowa Falls & Sioux City Little Rock & Fort Smith	ii	92	Syra.	do do do do do do cons do imp. do gen. do fin. m do deb. do do conv. do Wilm. & Dan de	ed m. 68 n'g,1st	, 1938 ,75,1905		80
	Little Rock & Fort Smith	7	5814	Texas	do Rio	Gr. D	g.,1905 v., 1890		
			70		do con	8. m.,62	g.,1905		9416
	Seebnes Lowell prei			Union	do Rio do con do inc. do Inc. do Itusy d N.J. co en & F. is Chester c Jersey 6s, o lst o cor rsey & Ati ern Penn. do gen CANAL I	ns. m.	78, '90. 68, '94.	95	
-	New York & New England	1034	12	Warre	en & F. 1s	t m.78,	'96	119	113
	Norwich & Worcester16			West	Jersey 6s,	deb.,co	up.,'88	118	
		3		d	0 lst	m. 78, 1	99	12216 110	
			23%	W.Je	rsey & Atl	ist in.	58, cp.	107%	
	Rutland, preferred	758	784		do 6s.	P. B., 9	6		
	Rulland, preferred. Revere Beach & Lyan. Fol. Cin. & St. Louis Vermont & Massachusetts. Vermont & Control of the Control of th			(:hee	CANAL I	SONDS.	1000		-
1	Wisconsin Central	396	1894	Lehig	h Naviga.	m.,68, 1	reg.,'84	86 104	
	PHILADELPHIA.	.	1	do	CANAL I & Del. is h Naviga. mort. R cons. m Gr'nw'd s, boat los ylvania 6s lk. Nav.is lo 2d m ELLANEO	.78, rg.,	191	117	
	Allegheny Valley	9 1.	. 11	Morri	s, boat los	n, reg.	1885		
l	Buffalo Pitts. & Western 2	134 5	22	Schuy	lk. Nav.1s	t m.68.	, :910 g.,'97.	106	10836
1	do do pref		2	MISC	ELLANEO	0 US BO	NDS.	90	9032
1		51 2	3	Penn.	Co., 68, redo do R.Coal&II	4 %8. res	21921	94	96
1.	do 1st pref 50 do 2d pref 5 Delaware & Bound Brook	11/2 5	5	Phil.&	R.Coal&I	coup.	78.92*		70
1	last Penasylvania.		0	d	o mort.	eb. 78, c	ps.off		
1.	do do pref.	3	: 1	Baltim	o mort.,	ORI	š.	100	
E	do do pref. 50 lar. P. Mt. Joy & Lancaster. luntingdon & Broad Top 16 do do pref. 6	3	:	do	68,1886,	J. J.	wir.	0714	160
		94 6	71/4	do	68, parl	k, 1890, (2M.	15	
L	do pref	1 -	9	do	68,exen	pt, 98,1	M.&8		
N	esquehoning Valley	. 5	11/2	do	68, 1902,	J. & J		1	82
N	do de pref		: 12	Norfol	o mort., A LTIM ore 6s, 187 6s, 1886, 6s, 1893 6s, exen 6s, 1902	new		30 i	35
N	do do pref orthern Central	5	5	Balt. &	Ohio	TOCKS.	100 1	95 2	100
P	ennsylvania	36 6 36 2	136	d	o lat pr	ef	i	2014	***
P	hila, Germ. & Norristown	1:::	: .	de	Parke	rsb'g E	3r50	8	10
P	niladelphia & Reading 31 hiladelphia & Trenton	% 3	V	Vester	n Marylar	d	50	1534	16
P	htla.Wilming. & Baltimore	1:::	P	entral littsbu	g & Con	mmon. nelisvil	le	:	***
SI	. Paul & Duluth R.R. Com	1:::	: A	tlauta	Wash Parke rn Centra n Marylar Ohlo. co g & Con it Leo AD d & Char.	lsts	10	136 1	90
W	orth Pennsylvania ennsylvania in Germ. & Norristown in Germ. & Nor	1:::	B	alt. &	& Char. do Ohio 68, 10 oia & Gree	385,A.&	Ö 10	0034	90
W	est Jersey & Atlantic	1:::	C	do	do do	2 iv. 1st	8 10	0 1	93
		48	NP	I. W. V	a. 3d m.,g	uar.,'85	J&J		
Pe	chart stocks. 443		N	orther	n Central	68, '85,	J&J		
Sc	huyikili Navigation	15	C	en. Oh	10 68, gld	1, 1900, J	&J. 11	8	
Al	RAILBOAD BONDS. legheny Val., 73-10s, 1895 199	123	W	V. Md.	68, 1st m.,	gr., 90.	.&J	:	
	do inc. 7s, end., c. 94, 59			do a	d m., gua	r., J. &	J	7	neile
Be	do 2d m. 6s. '85.	126		do 2	d m.gr.b	w.Co.	Ja.		**
C	Hansylvana,	102	M	ar. &	2d. M	F. &	12	74 1	28%
_	do mort. 68. '09 114		R	do	Sa. 3d.	J. & J.	. 68 6	714	736
Ca	m. & Atl. 1st m. 7s, g., 1898		U	nion H	C. nio	ar.,J. a	3		••
Ca	de chat. m., 10s, '88		V	Irginia	& Tena.	6s	10	136	-
Ca	de chat. m., 10s. '82 105	1:::	W	n. c	Welden, g	old, 78.			ine
	In default. + Per share.		., .,		O Ohlo Sa, Iloia & Gree (a. 3d m. g. g. (a. 3d m. g. g. (b. 2d ohlo Sa, Iloia (b. 3d ohlo Sa, Ist. (c. 10d ohlo Sa, Ist. (d. 10d ohlo			. (10	-
	1 . 41 0446.01		- Y -						

Railroad Earnings.—The latest railroad earnings and the totals from January 1 to latest date are given below. The statement includes the gross earnings of all railroads from which returns can be obtained.

Ponda	Latest E	arnings Re	ported.	Jan. 1 to L	atest Date.
Roads.	Weck or Mo	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.
		8	8	8	*
Ala.Gt.Southern Atch.Top.& S.Fe	August	73,794	68,187	497,381 9,109,6-3	473,01
Buff. Pittsb.&W.	July	1,221,945 82,723	1,000.640 56,737	465,879	7,403,47 353,80
Bur, Ced. R.& No.	2d wk Sept	60.092	52.141	1,834,546	1,481,84
airo & St. Louis	1st wk Sep.	60,092 9,770	52,141 9,321	246,486	283.93
ent.Br.Un.Pac.	2d wk Sept	21 600	19 110	$\begin{array}{c} 246,486 \\ 577,921 \end{array}$	283,93 677,73 14,877,78
entral Pacific.	August	2,277,000	2,088,519 56,408 1×5,041	16,509,619	14,877,78
hesap. & Ohio.	2d wk Sept 1st wk Sep.	66,808	56,408	2.226,797	1,895,07
hiengo & Alton	ist wk Sep.	211,900	185,041	5.149,176	4,876,95
hie. Bur. & Q hie. & East. III	July 2d wk Sept	1,020,000	1,555,555	10,780,621	10,986,90
hie.& Gr.Trunk	Wkep. 16	39,394	33,855 32,054	1,215,218 $1,437,845$	1,116,07
hio Mil A Qt P	2d wk Sept	47,390 436.000	400 63	12,996,000	1,023,63
hie. & Northw h.St.P.Min.&O. hie. & W.Mich. in.Ind.St.L.&C	2d wk Sept	546,755	482,399 82,669 120,292 177,161	15,822,474	11,141,17 14,332,50 2,612,47 836,78 1,289,21
h.St.P. Min. &O.	2d wk Sept	103,836	82,669	3.194.246	2,612,47
hie. & W. Mich.	August	125,672	120,292	957,260	836.78
m.Ind.St.L.&C	July	209,564	177,161	1,422,435 $1,607,974$	1,289,21
incinnati South	August 2d wk Sept	228,419	$\begin{array}{c} 227,740 \\ 8,740 \\ 53,725 \end{array}$	1,607,974	1,289,24 $1,422,14$ $2*7.54$
lev. A kron& Colol. Hock, V.& T.	2d wk Sept	69.704	53 795	339.990 1,949,402	1 500 05
onnotton Val	August	10,918 69,704 31,911	00,120	1,040,402	1,582,95
env. & Rio Gr.	2d wk Sept		:129,362	:4.445,331	; 3,844.39
Des M. & Ft. D.	1st wk Sep.	9,010	11,029	232,878	254.43
Deny. & Rio Gr. Des M. & Ft. D. Det. Lan. & No Dub. & Sloux C.	2 wksSept.	56,533 30,998	51.138	1,090,655	931,343
outon	2d wk Sept	30,998	33,973 268,377	781.408 $1,503,591$	768,96
Tenn Va &Ga	June 2 wks Sept.	284,662	131 999	1,503,591	1,394,18
Cliz. Lex & RS	July July	135,834 51,666	134,833	251,137	*****
diz, Lex. & B.S Europ'n & N. A Evansy, & T. H. Plint & P. Marq.	July	47.023	38,809	306,936	263,05
Evansv. & T. H.	1st wk Sep.	47,023 18,502	16,200	000,000	200,00
lint & P. Marq.	1st wk Sep.	39,152	34,953	1,404,314	1,233,50
al.Har.&San A	August	150,000 346,647	112,000 315,196		
rand Trunk r.Bay W.&St.P.	Sept. 9	346,647	315.196	*7,928,785	17,760,07
ulfCol&San.Fe	2d wk Sept	8,666 138,791	7,789 100,729	500 511	F . 1 . 0 .
Iannibal& St.Jo	August 2d wk Sept	59,017	50 166	720,711 $1,458,453$	541.07
Ious.E.&W.Tex	July	21,348	50,166 12,521 672,038	143,605	1,520,60
llinois Cen.(III.)	August	669,839	672,036	4.491.647	78,53 4,285.72
Do (Iowa)	August	143,761	196,371	1,182,959 1,772,545 1,943,825 735,308	1,155,89
nd.Bloom& W.	2d wk Sept	64,949 70,245 97,550	35,512	1,772,545	1.743,38
nt. & Gt. North.	2d wk Sept	70,245	62,006	1,943,825	1,710,79 580,23
owa Central	August	97,550	101,067	735,308	580,23
C.C.Ft. S. & Gulf L. Erie & West'n	1st wk Sep 2d wk Sept	33,003	30,051	1 0000000	
. R. & Ft.Smith	August	36,912 34,028	30,310	1,000,171	978,74
ong Island	2d wk sept	64,121	30,310 $43,121$ $55,039$	1,669,839	1,433,87
ouisy & Nashy. ouis, N.A.& Ch.	2d wk Sept	246,395	226,700 97,750 155,000	8,685,274	7,623,34
ouis. N.A.& Ch.	August	141,000	97,750		,,020,02
far. Hough. & O.	August	141,000 183,000	155,000	861,113	581,98
fexican Cent	3d wk Aug.	20,608		534,002	
Mil. L.Sh.& West Minn.& St. Louis	2d wk Sept 1st wk Aug	20,455	15,985	602,728	394,69
Io. Kan. & Tex.	d wk Sept	27,607 142,786 187,614	25,365 133,554 144,708	4 010 000	9 595 50
fissouri Pacific.	2d wk Sept	187 614	144 708	4,040,982 5,253,236	3,535,59
Iobile & Ohio	August	140,443	160.789	1.164,568	4.546,57 1,414,23
Ietropol. Elev.	20 dys Sep.	133,172	160,789 144,155 150,715 168,317	1,953,936	1,768,17
. Y. Elevated	20 dys Sep.	186,407	150,715	2,326,065	2,070.20
ashv.Ch.&St.L	Amoust	168,304	168,317	1,216,040	1,397,97
I. Y. & N. Engl'd I. Y. Pa. & Ohio	2d wk Sept	79,796	70,034	2.382.995	1,918,12
orfolk & West	July	416,907 222,267	70,084 430,792 196,122	3,087,104	3.160,75
Torthern Cent	August	509,683	440.811	1,438,760 $3,161.354$	1,364,62
orthern Pacific	2d wk8 pt	180.100	440,811 101,290	4,417,033	3,102,67 $2,354,37$
hio Central	_d wk Sept	29,279	15.430	682.909	431,83
hio Southern	2d wk Scot	29,279 8,225	15,430 6,238	682,909 249,954	201,00
Oregon Imp.Co.	July	262.873		1,705.220	
Pregon R.&N.Co Pregon & Cal	August	490,800 80,300 4,149,150	453.364	3,156,600	2,637,06
ennsylvania	August	4 140 150	9 550 110	00 700 00	a= 00. 00
eoria Dec.&Ev.	July			26,799,997	25,331,25 447,75
eoria Dec.&Ev. hiladelp.& Erie	July	377,206	17,183 291,669	530,393 2,102,370	2.014.69
hiladelp.& Erie hila.& Reading Do Coal & Ir.	July	377,206 $2,026,459$ $1,422,331$	1,835,725	11,557,955	10,972.81
Do Coal & Ir.	July	1,422,331	1,835,725 1,293,592	11,557,955 7,694,724 2,261,850	10,972,81 6,859,71 2,178,89
denm.& Danv.	1st wk Sep.	198,800	151.000	2,261,850	2,178,89
t. L.Alt. & T.H.	2d wk Sept	. 31,292	28,974 16,365	915,712	1,018,62
Do (brehs.) t. L. Ft. S. & W. t.L. Iron Mt. & S.	1st wk Sept	18,860	16,363	580,601	508,39
LaIron Mt. &S	2d wk Sont	5,094 170,113	165,676	127,784 4,747,085	4.814,67
L.L. COMI FIMIL	2d wk Sept	80,646	65 914		
t. Paul & Dul	1st wk Sep.	25,821	15,022 114.759 13,213	643,536	2,134,17 455,03
t. P. Minn.& M.	2d wk Sept	189,000	114.759	5,669,995	2,980,59
cioto Valley	2d wk Sept	189,000 12,784	13,213	363,594	283,52
So. Pac. Cal	July	130,570		664.478	
Do So. Div.	June	1290,796		1,983,283	
o. Pac. of Ar o. Pac. of N. M.	June	130,570 290,796 158,357 37,202		1,983,283 1, 3 24,279 356,583	
outh Carolina.	June	68,462	62 00	610,583	040 -
exas & Pacific	2d wk Sept	106 964	63,984	646,785	848.51
ol. Del. & Burl.	2d wk Sept 2d wk Sept	19.777	16.376	646,785 3,081,647 641,479 19,602,107 890,129	2,590,73
Inion Pacific	15 dys Sep.	1,440,000	1.38 1.000	19.602 107	454,87 17,511,63
tah Central	July	115,588	100.630	890,129	17,511,00
icksb'rg& Mer.	August	27,200 136,053 436,918			
a. Midland	Amount	136,053	134,834	862,886 11,477,848	904,61
Vab.St.L.& Pac. Vest Jersey	July	436,918 164,885	417,345 148,515	11,477,848 579,656	9,659,80 512,39

* Includes Great Western Road since October.

† Less construction material carried.

† Northern Division.

U. S. Sub-Treasury.—The following table shows the receipts and payments at the Sub-Treasury in this city, as well as the balances in the same, for each day of the past week:

		_	nces.		
		Receipts.	Payments.	Coin.	Ourrency.
	_	*	*		*
Bept.		1,520,021 1		84,995,886 03	6,008,871 09
	18.	1,377.661 2	4 1,375,033 06		6,047,562 23
	19.	16,803,991 2	3 *15,795,218 35	85,996,521 81	6.009,587 32
	20.	1.333.795 8		86,547,046 40	6,035,269 05
	21	1,316,516 2	1 1,014,590 91	86,742,968 92	6,141,271 83
	22.	1,320,870 6	0 1,360,793 22	86,699,951 10	6,144,373 03
Total .		23,672,856 3	0 22,535,965 47		

 * \$15.000,000 of above receipts and payments is a transfer from one count on the books to another.

New York City Banks,—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the

	PINE SEE	Are autornated	Aver	аде атоги	at of	
Banks.	Capital.	Loans and discounts.	Specie.	Legal Tenders.	Net dep'ts other than U. S.	Circula-
Tall I	*	. 8	\$		3	
New York	2,000,000	9,521,000	1,719,000	682,000	9,213,000	495,00
danhattan Co	2,050,000	7,500,000	701,000	437,000	5,868,000	d'annie
derchants	2,000,000	7,550,800	974,400	628,900	6,454,500	360,00
dechanics'	2,000,000	8,041,000	495,000	1,123,000	6,777,000	*****
Inton	1,200,000	4,499,300	713,700	184,200	3,526,900	
merica	3,000,000	9,521,900	1,111,400	693,200	6,931,800	1,10
hoenix	1,000,000	3,321,000	828,000	. 93,000	3,121,000	267,63
radesmen's	1,000,000	6,524,690 2,961,500	1,534,100 325,500	62,000	6,063,600	mon di
radesmen s	600,000	1,684,800	800,100	94,900	1,648,300 1,219,300	797.80
ulton	300,000	14,597,306	4,071,700	463 500		****
lerch'nts' Exch.	1,000,000	3,491,100	346,100	488,000 488,000	3,129 S00	281,70
allatin Nation'l	1,000,000	4,461,600	239,200	190,600	2,242.400	788.46
lutchers'& Drov.	300,000	1,623,500	271,500	104 800	1,493,900	241,4
lechanics' & Tr.	200,000	930,000	113,000	104,800 112,000	885,000	143,0
ree : wich	200,000	1,086,800	23,500	185,200	1,062,200	2.6
oothor Manifly	600,060	3,145,100	400,100 152,800 564,300	185,200 383,300 115,300	2.5:18,300	500.0
eventh Ward	300,000	1,035,800	152.800	115,300	1.056,000	24.6
eventh Ward tate of N. York.	300,000 800,900	8,595,700	564,300	1,314,000	3,185,300	45,00
merican Exch .	5,000,000	13,898,000	941,500	1,314,000	10.258,000	****
ommerce	5,000,000	17,501.300	2,830,100	675,800 141,300	11.82:,300 3, 07,900	954 3
roadway	1,000,000	5,062,900	799,006	141,300	3, 07,900	888.00
lercantile	1,000,000 422,700	6,801,800	989.200	708,300	8,700,900	800,0
neitie	422,700	2,255,900	815,500	130,500	2,439,100	
epublic	1,500,000	5.8 6.300	836,900	231,300 306,700	3,090,900	1,119,0
hatliam	450,000	3,374,106	303,000	309,700	3,317.706	45,00
eople's	200,000	1,553,700	70,930	116,600	1.735,306	5,40
orth America	700,000	2,837,960	240,000	188,000	2,7.3,000	-
anover	1,000,000 500,000	8,073,800	8~7.400 628,606	1,071,200	7.931.200	678,7
ving letropolitan	3,000,000	13,341,000	2,517,000	200,000	3,519,206	409.0
itizens'	600,000	1,925,400	234 700	931 950	10 9 300	2,250,0
assau	590,000	2,288,500	234,700 204,100	102 5 30	3,436.236	261,0
arket	500,000	3,971,700	468,000	102,530 85,330	2,465,800	448,2
. Nicholas	500,000	2,370,000	291.500	98,930	1 224 806	443 0
hoe & Leather	500,000	3.015,000	569,000	200,000	1.774,806 2.775,036	450,0
orn Exchange	1,000,000	4.870,100	569,000 527,100	206,000	3,883,200	4,6
ontinental	1,000,000	8,099,400	1,075,600	161,600	6,058,900	669,3
riental	800,000	2,154,700	221.100	410,100	2.0 8,100	
arine	400,000	3,468,000	872,000	259.000	3,693,000	105.3
nporters' & Tr	1,500,006	18,794,400 17,128,800	5,211,906	576,900		1,114,9
ark	2,000,000	17,128,800	4,376,200 281,000	733,000	20,753,800	45,0
vall St. Nation'l	500,000	1.018.600	254.000	53,50c	1.374.300	
orth River	500,000 240,000 250,000	1.522,336	23.6.0 131.700	165.300	1,416,400 8/17,500	
ast River	200,000	1,037,900	131,700	117.800	900,7000	220,1
ourth National.	3,200,000	17.614.000	3,480,300	996,700	17.751,600	756,9
entral Nat	2,000,000 300,000	8,174,000	1,259,000	1,012.000	8,746,000	387,0
econd Nation'l inth National	750,000	8,184,000 6,082,700	628,000 885,700	326.030	3.6 9.000 5.029.4 0	90,00
irst National	500,000	24,414,106	2,659,630	463.200 665.200		595,8 480.7
hird National	1,000,000	5,281,200	590,000	815,500	5.414.700	430,1
. Y. Nat. Exch	300,000	1,411,300	135,200	131,400		266 9
owery National	250,000	1.896,300	228,400	222,600	1,710,500	225.0
owery National York County	200,000	1,730,600	14,800	519.8 4	1,970,506	180.0
erm'n Americ'n	750,000	2,449,260	873,600	23.10	2,116,400	200.0
hase National	300,000	4,836,900	853 800	5:9.2 0	5 395 400	91,8
ifth Avenue	100,000	1,814,490	345 446	164,200	1.8414 0	
erman Exch	201,000	1.537,600	\$9 300	92.200	1,677,000	
ermania	200,000	1,653,800	58,700	215,700	1 8:9.5:10	
l. S. Nat	500,000	5,251,600	1,344,800	40,500	5,640,000	445,7
incoin Nat	300,000	1,0:6,500	171,400	113,600	1,113,9 %	45,0
	61,162,700					

Boston Banks.-Following are the totals of the Boston banks 1882. Loans. Specie. L. Traders. Deposits.* Circulation. Agg. Clear Sept. 11. 149,148,390 5,864,700 3,517,100 90,108,060 30,204,500 59,102,929 18. 149,502,000 6,110,390 3,232,300 91,365,990 30,475,800 68,038,715

Philadelphia Banks. -- The totals of the Philadelphia banks

Unlisted Securities.—Following are quoted at 38 New Street:

From Superior (

Investments

STATE, CITY AND CORPORATION FINANCES.

The INVESTORS' SUPPLEMENT contains a complete exhibit of the Funded Debt of States and Cities and of the Stocks and Bonds of Railroads and other Companies. It is published on the last Saturday of every other month—viz., February, April, June, August, October and December, and is furnished without extra charge to all regular subscribers of the Chronicle. Single copies are sold at \$2 per copy.

ANNUAL REPORTS.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

(For the year ending June 30, 1882.)

The annual report has just been issued in pamphlet form. Mr. Henry Villard, the President, gives a review at much length of the progress made by the company, and its future prospects
The completed road September 5, 1882, two months and five
days later than the end of the fiscal year, was as follows:

	EASTERN DIVISION—MAIN LINE.	2017
City.	Wis., to end of track beyond Billings	Mile
	n road bet. Thomson Junet'n, Min., & Duluth	24

Undivided half int. in road bet. Thomson Junet'n, Min., & Duluth Controlling int. in the road bet. Brainerd, Min., & Sauk Rapids Leased line between Sauk Rapids and St. Paul.	24 60 lg 75 lg
Total mileage Eastern Division	1,069
WESTERN DIVISION-MAIN LINE.	
New Tacoma to Kalama, W. T	105
New Tacoma to Wilkeson.	30
Wallula Junction, W. T., to Thompson's Falls	325
Total mileage Western Division	460
Total completed road	.529
BRANCH LINES-EASTERN DIVISION.	,,,,,
Northern Pacific Fergus & Black Hills RR. from Wadena, Minn.,	
to Breekenridge and Pelican Rapids	80
L. F. & Dak. RR. from L. Falls to Morris	87
Casselton Branch.	43
Jamestown & Northern Railroad	35
Fargo & Southwestern	40
Total mileage Branch Lines	285
Total mileage main line and branches	,814
During the present year (1882) the company will extend its main	
line from Kalama, W. T., to Portland, Oregon, a distance of	44
At Portland connection is made with Oregon Railway & Nav.	
Co.'s line, running to Wallula Junction, a distance of	250

Making an unbroken line from Wilkeson to Thompson's Falls.
The gap, now under construction, between the Eastern and Western Division is about 485 miles, and will be completed during the summer of 1883, making a through line from the Great Lakes to the Pacific Ocean.

The number of passengers arriving and departing on the company's lines from the eastern terminal stations was as follows:

	1881-82.	1880-81.	Increase.
St. Paul	59,934	21,135	38,799
Minneapolis	28,793	9,141	19,652
Duluth	17,595	4,966	12,629
Superior	564	*****	564
			-
Total	106.886	35,242	71.644

The number of departing passengers exceeded that of passengers arriving at the above stations by 21,282. The increase in the passenger earnings of the Eastern Divisions was \$547,243, or nearly 92 per cent. The total increase of freight movement on the Eastern Division was \$7,157,562 tons carried one mile, equal to 92 per cent. equal to 92 per cent.

equal to 92 per cent.

"The movement of population into the Yellowstone Valley, under the stimulus of the advance of the Northern Pacific track into that but recently remote and little known region, has added materially to our traffic. By the opening of the road to Billings in July last, the stock raising districts of eastern Montana were penetrated. Over 20,000 head of cattle have already been shipped from Billings this season."

"The telegraph lines of the railroad company are constructed and operated for it under the superintendence of the Western Union Telegraph Company. The telegraph system on June 30, 1882, included 1,512 miles of lines in operation on the main line and branches. The Northern Pacific Company's earnings from commercial business during the fiscal year amounted to \$10,782, which was nearly equal to the disbursements made by the company on account of construction."

"The telegraph company to the disbursements and betterments."

which was nearly equal to the disbursements made by the company on account of construction." * * *

"The total expenditure for improvements and betterments during the fiscal year was \$1,185,944, of which the principal items are as follows: For new shops at Brainerd, \$260,006; general office building at St. Paul, \$70,141; other improvements at St. Paul, \$64,388; buildings and grounds on the various divisions of the road, \$210,055; cost of steel rails over value of iron taken up, \$345,384; road bed, \$53,750; side tracks, \$124,071; new docks at Duluth, \$28,303.
"A contract has been made with the Pullman Palace Car

"A contract has been made with the Pullman Palace Car Company under which the sleeping and hotel cars run over the Northern Pacific lines will be the joint property of the railway and the Pullman Company, each owning an equal interest in the same and sharing equally the profits and losses arising from the same. the service.'

the service."

"The operations of the treasury of the company during the fiscal year are fully set forth in the general balance and the income and revenue accounts, showing that the cash on hand at the commencement of the fiscal year was \$11,567,944, and the receipts from sales of bonds and preferred stock amounted to \$4,682,086; the expenditures of construction funds during the

same period aggregated \$21,577,995, an amount largely in excess of the resources of the company. The additional finished mileage of 275 miles, just inspected and approved by the United States Government Commissioners, ensures an immediate reimbursement to the treasury of a large amount on construction account. But even this will still leave leave the requirements largely in excess of resources, which excess will again steadily increase until the next issue of bonds. Hence it appears that if more prompt inspection had been practicable—which it was not—the supply of money from the sale of bonds under the terms of the contract with the syndicate would not have avoided the necessity for large additional funds as working capital." * * * "But, thanks to the assistance of the Syndicate and the Oregon & Transcontinental Company, the treasury was always prepared to meet all demands without ever borrowing in the open market. And the management can now point to the fact that it has finished two hundred and seventy-five miles of road, graded one hundred and fifty miles additional, bought

the fact that it has finished two hundred and seventy-sive miles of road, graded one hundred and fifty miles additional, bought and paid for sufficient rails for the entire gap between the two ends of the main line, and made, besides, the current disbursements for motive power, rolling stock, the Bismarck bridge, the great Bozeman and Helena tunnels, and other heavier portions of the work, without delivering a single bond to the Syndicate from December last till September 13." * * * *

"The Syndicate promptly exercised the option expiring on July 1, 1882, to take \$5,000,000 of general first mortgage bonds, in addition to the \$20,000,000 previously called. But the company not being then prepared to deliver them, owing to non-inspection of finished road, the option was extended in accordance with the contract until the date above mentioned, when, in virtue of the inspection and accordance by the Government in virtue of the inspection and acceptance by the Government of two hundred additional miles of road, \$5,000,000 of these bonds were delivered to the Syndicate." * * * *

"The preferred stock shall have a and the holders thereof shall be entitled to dividends, not exceeding eight per cent per annum, as the 'net earnings' hereinafter defined, in each calendar year, may suffice to pay, and before any dividends shall be paid on the common stock.

mon stock
"I he words 'net earnings' as used above shall be construed to mean such surplus earnings of the said railroad as shall remain after paying all expenses of operating the said railroad and carrying on its business, including all taxes and assessments and payments on encumbrances, and including the interest and sinking fund on the first mortgage bonds, the expenses of repairing or replacing the said railroad, its appurtenances, equipments, or other property, so that the same shall be in high condition, and of providing such additional equipment as the said company shall deem necessary for the business of said railroad."

In strict compliance with these terms, the holders of the preferred stock should have had, ere this, the benefit of the distribution of certain surplus earnings which were used for other purposes. But, in justification of themselves and their

other purposes. But, in justification of themselves and their predecessors, your board plead the imperative demands growing out of the condition of the company since the reorganization."

* * * "More than a year ago, the proper officers of the company were directed by resolution of the board to go over the books of the company from the date of the reorganization, in order to determine accurately the amount of net earnings to which the preferred stock is entitled. This accounting was a long and laborious process, and was brought down to the close of the last fiscal year only within a few days of the date of this report. The result, first obtained by the General Auditor, and afterwards revised by the Treasurer of the company, shows that at the close of June 30, 1882, the preferred stock would have been entitled to an accumulated surplus of earnings aggregating \$4,531,544."

The board adopted the following resolutions to be submitted.

to the stockholders:

The board adopted the following resolutions to be submitted to the stockholders:

"Whereas, the accounting officers of the company have ascertained the total net earnings of the company's railroad, as defined in the plan of reorganization, from October 1st, 1875, to June 30th, 1882, inclusive, with interest to the 1st day of January, 1883, to amount to the sum of \$\frac{8}{4}.667,490 68;

"And whereas, the entire of said net earnings has been necessarily used for construction purposes, and hence is not now available, in eash, for distribution to the holders of the pre-erred stock;

"And whereas, it appears from careful estimates made by the proper officers of the company that the available means from the proceeds of the \$40,000.00 for general first mortgage bonds, and from other sources, will suffice to complete and equip the main line from Lake Superior to the Pacific Ocean before the close of the year 1883: Therefore, be ft. "Resolved. That a dividend of eleven and one-tenth per cent be and the same is hereby declared upon the preferred stock of the company to the preferred stockhoiders of record of December 10. 1882, for which there shall be issued the obligations of the company, dated the list day of January, 1883, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent from that date, payable annually, for the amount to which each stockhoider may be entitled in full of all claims on account of the net earnings of the company up to the 1st day of July, 1882. That the said obligations shall be payable at the end of five years, but redeemable after one year, at the pleasure of the company upon thirty days' notice, in amounts of not less than twenty per cent to each holder.

"That the Finance Company be and they are directed to prepare the form of the obligation and receipt to be signed by the stockholders, to be submitted to the Board for its approval.

"That for the purposes of this dividend the transfer books of the company shall be closed from December 9, 1882, to January 15, 1883, inclusive, and that said obligation

At the beginning of the year. July 1, 1881, the ends of track were 857 miles apart. They were advanced during the year:

From the east. mile 183
From the west. 92

leaving, June 30, 1882, 572 miles to be built. This will be lessened by the close of 1882, probably, 300 miles, leaving 272 miles of track to be laid after Jan. 1, 1883. The final connection of the tracks is expected to be made during the season of 1883. While the company is pushing its lines with money received from bonds, &c., the income account embraces receipts from all

ources, and the total receipts and expenditures are given as follows

GENERAL	INCOME AN	D REVENUE ACCOUNT.	
Receipts.	vig at and	Expenditures	
Cash bal. July 1, '81\$	11,567,944	Operating expenses	\$3,257,728
Received from-		Interest and rentals	1,043,869
Earnings	5,430,305	Taxes	113,275
Land Department	1,426,461	Land Dept. expenses &	110,210
Investments	47.212	balance applicable to	
Proceeds of bonds	3,524,500	cancellat'n preferr'd.	
Preferred stock sold.	1,157,586	stock and bonds	703,177
Surplus earnings, ad-	-,,	Pref. stk.& bds.cane'l'd	898,256
vances on gen. mtg.		Construction	14,488,657
bds., & outstand'g		New equipment	2,138,956
pay-roll checks	7,480,216	Imprimts & betterimts	1,185,944
-		Material not yet in	-,,-
*	30,634,227	track	3,499,114
		Depot grounds, Minne-	
		analia	0.02 000

LAND DEPARTMENT.

\$21,577,995 Bal. & acets. receiv'ble 3,039,923

\$30.634.227

From the annual report of Col. Chas. B. Lamborn, Land Comm:ssioner, it appears that the total sales of lands and town lots by the company during the year ending June 30, 1882, were:

Acres sold, 287,455, for	\$1,035,692	
Town lots sold for		1,208,923
Montana District— Acres sold, 239, for		621
Pacific District-		. 021
Acres sold, 177,513, for		499,793
Total sales 485 208 acres and town lots for		1 709 338

Following is a comparison of the earnings, operations and the general balance for two years, prepared for the Chronicle:

ROAD AND EQUIPMES	NI.	
es operated June 30	1880-81. 754	1881-8 $1,2$
omotives	104	13
ssenger, mail and express cars	61	. 1

Miles operated June 30	754	1,298
Locomotives	104	158
Passenger, mail and express cars	61	104
Freight cars	2,525	4,488
Coal and all other cars	503	619
OPERATIONS AND FISCAL	RESULTS.	
Operations (eastern divisions)-	1880-81.	1881-82.
Passengers carried	152,914	297,680
Passenger mileage		34,329,018
Rate per passenger per mile	3.91 ets.	3 33 cts.
Freight (tons) moved	390,896	655,075

Operations (eastern divisions)-	1880-81.	1881-82.
Passengers carried	152,914	297,680
Passenger mileage	15,246,569	34,329,018
Rate per passenger per mile	3.91 ets.	3 33 ets.
Freight (tons) moved	390,896	655,075
Freight (tons) mileage	94,693,975	181.851.537
Average rate per ton per mile	2.16 ets.	2.01 ets.
Earnings (whole line)-	8	8
Passenger	668,621	1.302.261
Freight	2,207,299	3,909,423
Mail, express, &c	118,599	218,621
antili, express, dec	110,000	210,021
Total	2,994,519	5,430,305
Operating expenses—		
Maintenance of way, &c	499.332	952,920
Maintenance of cars	125,229	273,975
Transportation expenses	430.072	794,630
Motive power	490,088	967,695
General	250,832	268,508
Bentals and taxes	229,836	
Bentals and taxes	229,530	315,111
Total	2,025,389	3,572,839
Net earnings	969,130	1,857,466
		-,
Per cent of operating expenses to earnings	67.64	65.80

GENERAL BALANCE AT CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR. 1880-81. 1881-82.

Assets-	*	*
Railroad, buildings, equipment, lands,&c.*	108,324,280	127,411,622
Stocks and bonds owned, cost	3,846,857	2,236,235
Accounts receivable	975,441	740,922
Materials, fuel, &c	2,082,947	4.259,060
Cash on hand	11,567,944	2,299,001
In hands of trustee	206,331	42,558
Total	127,003,800	136,989,398
Liabilities-		,,
Stock, common	49,000,000	49,000,000
Stock, preferred	42.312.589	41,909,132
Funded debt (see SUPPLEMENT)	21,586,800	24,616,500
All other dues and accounts	883,889	7.110.962
Interest accrued	562,149	661,677
Net proceeds of land sales	10,212,900	10,432,643
Profit and loss	2,445,473	3,258,484
Total	127,003,800	136,989,398

^{*} Including lines under construction.

Cincinnati Indianapolis St. Louis & Chicago.

(For the year ending June 30, 1882.)

The annual report in pamphlet form has just been issued, and states that the year 1881-2 was one of heavy tonnage and low rates, as the trunk line war, which commenced early in 1881, reduced all through rates to less than cost. In addition to the loss from low rates, the grain crop of 1881 was very short, and this largely decreased the tonnage for the latter half of the fiscal year. Notwithstanding these losses, there was an increase in carnings both cross and pat

fiscal year. Notwithstanding these losses, there was an increase in earnings, both gross and net.

The balance of the track between Cincinnati and Kankakee has been laid with steel rails—the cost of the steel being paid for by the sale of old rails; the labor and the fastenings were charged to repairs of road. Consequently no charge has been made during the year for rails. A new grain elevator, with a capacity of 750,000 bushels, was commenced in March last and will be finished in September. It will be complete in every respect. The expense of this, to date, has been charged to Big Four Grain Elevator.

The various lines operated by this company are leased on the following terms

"The Cincinnati Lafayette & Chicago Railroad, from Lafayette to Kankakee, under an arrangement to pay its fixed charges. The C. I. St. L. & C. Company, owning all the second mortgage bonds, and substantially all of the preferred stock, it has had to pay interest upon only \$1,120,000 seven per cent bonds and six per cent upon one-half of the cost of the road between Lafayette and Templeton, leased of the Lake Erie & West. RR." * "The Fairland Franklin & Martinsville Railroad has been operated by this company under a temporary agreement to pay its taxes and keep the property in repair. Our company owns substantially all of the capital stock. There are no bonds. The road is self-supporting, and a good feeder." * * * The Cincinnati Lafayette & Chicago Railroad, from Lafay.

The road is self-supporting, and a good feeder." * *
"The Harrison Branch RR. has been operated under a tempor." ary lease of seven per cent upon its capital stock of \$200,000, or \$14,000 per annum. This amount has been first deducted or \$14,000 per annum. This amount has been first deducted from its gross earnings, and the balance carried into the earnings of our company. The expenses have been included each month in those of the main line. Of the \$200,000 of stock of this company, the C. I. St. L. & C. Railway owns \$126,600, so that \$8,862 is a credit to its net receipts. The road just about earns its way, allowing it a strict pro rata on the traffic with this company, without charging it any terminal.

"On July 1, 1881, an agreement was entered into to operate the Vernon Greensburg & Rushville Railroad for five years, and pay its fixed interest and carry the debt due this company. The road was new and it has cost largely to keep it in order."

* * "Undoubtedly the line the coming year will be self-supporting, besides furnishing a large traffic to the main line. At the expiration of the lease, the debt due this company should be good." * * *

"The Kankakee & Seneca Railroad, which was just com-

At the expiration of the lease, the debt due this company should be good." * * * *
"The Kankakee & Seneca Railroad, which was just commenced at date of last report, was opened for traffic in March last. The construction train, however, was not taken off until August of this year. This company advanced one-half the cost of the road (42 miles in length, \$325,000, and agreed to operate it, keeping an account of earnings and expenses. So far it has earned its expenses, but no profit. This, however, is doing exceedingly well for a new road."
"The securities owned by the C. I. St. I. & C. Railway Com-

"The securities owned by the C. I. St. L. & C. Railway Com-

pany in these various lines are as follows:

1,995 shares Fairland Franklin & Martinsv. RR., par value	\$49,875
35,437 shares pref. stock Cm. Laf. & Chie. RR., par value	1,771,850
2,532 shares Harrison Branch Co., par value	126,600
3,590 shares Vernon Greensburg & Rushv. RR., par value.	359,000
1,045 2d mort. 7 p. c. bds. Cin. Laf. & Ch. RR. Co., par value	1,045,000
333 shares Cin. Ind. St. L. & Chie. R'y stock, par value	33,300
325 Kankakee & Seneca first mortgage bonds	325,000
0.0	

\$3,710,625

1,525,382

1,000,609

1,403,568

961,490

"Their value to this company for securing control of traffic incalculable. If sold in the market they would bring nearly, is incalculable. if not quite, their face value—some being worth less and some much more."

much more."

The charges for the current year will be as follows: Interest upon bonded debt of Cincinnati Indianapolis St. Lous & Chicago Railway, \$511,845; do. Cincinnati Lafayette & Chicago Railway, \$78,400; do. Vernon Greensburg & Rushville Railway, \$31,500; Harrison Branch, \$5,138; taxes (estimated) \$45,000; dividends on seven millions of stock at six per cent, \$420,000. Total, \$1,091,883. This is the entire charge upon all the company's lines not irolading interest on recartifications of the them. lines, not including interest on securities owned by company.

By the first report of the company, in 1880, it owned fifty locomotives, against seventy-one by this report; sixty-six passenger coaches, baggage cars, &c., against sevety-five this year, and thirteen hundred and thirty-four freight cars against bits two burden and seventeen the

thirty-two hundred and seventeen to-day.

The comparative statistics for four years and the general balance sheet for three years, together with the income account for 1880-1 and 1881-2, are made up for the Chronicle as follows:

ROAD AND EQUIPMENT. 1878-79. 1879-80. 1881-82. 1880-81. Miles operated..... 193 300 297 362 71 75 3,217 Locomotives.... Pass., mail & exp. cars Freight and other cars 60 66 1,864 50 61 63 1,136 2,675 OPERATIONS AND FISCAL RESULTS. 1878-79. 1879-80. 1881-82 Operations-1880-81 | 181-92 | 181-92 | 181-93 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 181-94 | 1 Earnings-\$ \$ 8 * 564,551 1,052,181 144,510 460,432 763,420 118,849 Passenger..... Freight..... Mail, exp., rents, &c... 689,469 1,509,442 166,147 1,534,005 204,296 Total gross earnings 1,342,701 1,761,242 2,365,058 2,525,991 Operating expenses— Maint. of way, &c.... Maint. of equipment. Transportat'n expen's $\substack{211,503\\141,253\\420,752\\35,422\\25,871}$ 340,611 221,684 756,459 37,925 46,889 262,829 524,77534,622 42,306 Miscellaneous*

* Miscellaneous includes telegraph, goods, insurance, gratuicles and dama

834.791

507,920

Total.

Net earnings.....

1,178,129

491,487

	81-82.
8	\$
961,490 1,0	00,603
*	\$
6,894	6,732
	91,326
	60,000
41 ₂ p. c. 6	вр. с.
	58,058
	42.551
SHEET, JUNE 30.	12,001
1880. 1881.	1882.
. \$11,493,059 \$12,337,951 \$13,43	39,176
. 109,907	,
. 87,071 295,261 30	65.915
. 91.724 64.585 1	44.128
. 155,777 245,405 1.3	00.937
28,740 595,967 3	37,512
. \$12,016,322 \$13,539,171 \$15,5	87,668
2	
. \$1,000,000 \$4,000,000 \$7,00	00,000
. 1,600,000 1,600,000 1,6	00,000
	99,000
. 1,501,000 1,432,000 1,3	30,000
8 44,800 34,800	33,650
	90,000
. 79,100	******
s 187,000 68,000	48,000
	88,000
	33,706
	51.087
. 69,542 125,640 1	47,073
	48,658
. 67,261 275,947 3	18,494
. 67,261 275,947 . \$12,016,322 \$13,539,171	

*Includes advances for account new stock issued July 1, 1881. ; Includes June payrolls and supplies.

Connecticut & Passumpsic.

(For the year ending June 30, 1882.)

The earnings and expenses were:	
1881-82. Freight	1880-31. $$444,017$ $242,646$ $28,412$ $59,072$
Total \$851,749 Expenses 517,904	\$774,147 462,982
Net earnings\$303,845	\$311,165

The surplus June 30, 1882, after paying rentals and interest, and a dividend of 6 per cent, was \$48,677.

"During the year 2,000 tons of steel rails and 71,789 new ties were laid, and 4,202 old rails repaired and relaid. There have been 3,100 tons of steel rails contracted for to be used during the current year. There are now 73 miles of track laid with steel. It has been decided to continue the application of surplus earnings to the purchase of steel rails until the whole road is relaid."

The general account June 30, condensed, was as follows:

Assets.		Liabilities.		
Construction	,516,525	Stock	\$2,244,400	
New & Rich. and South-		Bonds	1,850,000	
eastern railways	450,000	Notes payable	200,000	
Other stocks & property.	62,603	Sundry accounts	40,421	
Notes & bilis receivable.	354,052	Reserve	249,549	
Ac'ts, balances & cash	27,464	Earnings	48,677	
Steelrails, materials, etc	222,402	m-4-3	14 000 040	
Total\$4	,633,048	Total	\$4,633,048	

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph.—The Baltimore & Ohio has opened its new telegraph line from Washington to Richmond. As rapidly as possible the new company will endeavor to extend its lines to Norfolk, Charleston, Savannah, Augusta, Atlanta, Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all the principal cities of the South. The company has laid cables across the narrows in Naw York harbon from State Island to Long Island and will in New York harbor from Staten Island to Long Island and will thus get connection with New York.

Chicago & Northwestern.—The following communication was ent to the Stock Exchange from the Chicago & Northwestern -The following communication was Railroad Company :

NEW YORK, Sept. 20, 1882.

To the New York Stock Exchange : To the New York Stock Exchange:

The Chicago & Northwestern Company hereby gives notice that it has perfected consolidation with the Menominee River Railroad Company and the Escanaba & Lake Superior Railroad Co.—two of its proprietary roads in Michigan—at the adjourned meeting of the stockholders held at Escanaba, Mich., on the 14th inst; and that it will. after thirty days issue at its convenience the amount of 16,200 shares of its common stock in payment and exchange for the capital stock of said Menominee River Railroad Company and of the Escanaba Railroad Company in accordance with the terms of such consolidation.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILROAD CO., by M. L. SYKES, Vice-President and Sec.

Columbus Chicago & Indiana Central .- Notice is given that Columbus Chicago & Indiana Central.—Notice is given that before Oct. 1, 1882, when the time limited by the reorganization agreement of this company will expire, persons must sign the same if they desire to participate in its advantages. Subscriptions will meantime be received at the office of J. S. Kennedy & Co., &3 William Street, or C. J. Osborn & Co., 34 Broad Street, New York.

Denver & New Orleans,—At a meeting of the stockholders the capital stock was increased from \$10,000,000 to \$15,000,000. The board of directors, as now constituted, is as follows: John Byans, J. S. Brown, C. B. Kountze, D. H. Moffat, Jr., Geo.

Tritch. William Barth, S. H. Elbert, C. W. Fisher and R. W. Tritch. William Barth, S. H. Eibert, U. W. Fisner and B. W. Woodbury. The officers elected were as follows: President, ex-Gov. John Evans; Vice-President, J. S. Crown; Treasurer, C. B. Kountze; Secretary, Charles Wheeler. The stockholders approved of the issue of the new mortgage securing \$12,000,000 of bonds and the arrangements made with Winslow, Lanier & Co., of Nassau Street, New York, for the sale of the same. A number of branches and extensions are projected for the road, but the main line is first to be constructed. but the main line is first to be constructed.

-The Utah extension of the Denver & Rio Grande.-& Rio Grande Railway Company has been completed 370 miles from Denver and lacks only 92 miles of reaching the Utah boundary. A private dispatch recently received from President Palmer states that apparently there is nothing to prevent reaching the Utah boundary in December, and making connection at George Pives in Eubrury. connection at Green River in February.

Galveston Harrisburg & San Antonio.—The earnings for August were estimated at about \$150,000, against \$112,000 in August, 1881. The extension to El Paso lacks only 15 miles of completion, and will be done probably about Nov. 1. As soon as this is completed the force of workmen will be transferred to the line running to Durango, Mexico, by way of Eagle Pass, work upon which is in progress.

Grand Rapids & Indiana.—The net earnings of this company from the 1st of January to 31st July, 1882, were \$391,488 against \$249,294 during the same period of 1881, being an increase of \$142,194.

Gulf Colorado & Santa Fe.—A special meeting of the stock holders of the Gulf Colorado & Santa Fe Railway is called, to be held in Galveston on the 30th day of October, pursuant to a resolution of the directors, for the purpose of authorizing the execution of a mortgage on the real and personal property of the company, to secure the payment of \$12,000 for every mile of railway constructed or acquired by the company since its organization, or to be hereafter acquired. Also for the further purpose of authorizing the execution of said mortgage in such manner that all the bonds heretofore issued under a mortgage or deed of trust heretofore executed by the said company on manner that all the bonds heretofore issued under a mortgage or deed of trust heretofore executed by the said company on the 21st day of June, 1879, shall be equally secured by such new mortgage, and of amending the said mortgage or deed of trust executed on the 21st day of June, 1879, so that the same shall cover the entire property, franchises, &c., now belonging to, or hereafter acquired by, the company, except such lands as are reserved in said mortgage of June 21, 1879, and also for the purpose of ratifying or rejecting the action taken by the board of directors at a meeting held at Galveston on August 14, 1882.

Hempstead & New York.—The Hempstead & New York road was sold under foreclosure in Brooklyn, N.Y., Sept. 9, and bought for \$10,450 by Herbert Anstey. It is said that the purchase is for account of the Stewart estate. The road is 5½ miles long, from Hempstead, N.Y., to Valley Stream, on the Brooklyn & Montank road. The bonded debt of the old company was \$64.300.

\$64,300.

Hudson River Contracting Company—St. Louis Iron Mountain & Southern.—The Hudson River Contracting Company, which was building the Knobel branch of the St. Louis Iron Mountain & Southern, after finishing about 97 miles of road, is closed up, and the subscribers receive Iron Mountain 5 per cent bonds. For each 40 per cent paid in eash they get 60 in the bonds—thus a subscriber having paid \$4,000 receives bonds of the par value of \$6,000, worth in the market about \$4,800, giving a profit of about 20 per cent. This settlement is said to be different from the original understanding, and some of the subscribers are inclined to grumble. But perhaps they would grumble against Mr. Gould whatever he did.

Indiananolis & St. Louis.—The purchasers of the Indianap-

Indianapolis & St. Louis.—The purchasers of the Indianapolis & St. Louis road at the recent foreclosure sale have filed with the Secretary of State of Indiana articles of incorporation under the title of the Indianapolis & St. Louis Railway Company, the old title being the Indianapolis & St. Louis Railroad Company.

Iowa Falls & Sionx City.—The earnings since March 31, the close of the financial year, have been as follows: 1882, \$207,-613; 1881, \$214,467—Decrease, \$7,454.

Little Rock & Fort Smith.—It is reported in Boston that Jay Gould has lately been in negotiation to secure this road as a feeder to the Iron Mountain.

Louisville & St. Louis Air Line.—The Louisville & St. Louis Air Line Company announce the completion of the Louisville Evansville & St. Louis Railway between Louisville, Evansville and Mount Vernon, Ill, connecting at the latter point with the Louisville & Nashville Railroad for St. Louis and the West, and forming the Louisville & St. Louis Air Line, which will be opened for through business October 1.

Marquette Houghton & Ontonagon.-The net earnings for July were \$94,326, making the net earnings from J \$337,909, against \$174,693 in 1881, a gain of \$163,216.

\$337,909, against \$174,693 in 1881, a gain of \$163,216.

Metropolitan Elevated.—The N. Y. Times reports that Attorney-General Russell has announced his determination to bring an action in the name of the people of the State of New York to remove the Gould-Field-Sage clique from the directory of the Metropolitan Elevated Railroad Company. This decision is made upon facts presented in an application made by Mr. Sylvester H. Kneeland of No. 52 Wall Street, and others, representing the interests of the stockholders of the Metropolitan Company. He explains the existence of the three corporate companies connected with the city's elevated railway system—

the Metropolitan, the New York and the Manhattan. The large pecuniary interests of the Gould directors in the Manhattan Company as against the Metropolitan are reviewed, and the notorious agreements and supplementary agreements made by these directors to the injury of the Metropolitan are considered. "In conclusion, the Attorney-General declares: "The cestuis que trust, or shareholders, are so utterly in the power of the directors to increase or depreciate their property rights that the law imposes a stringent rule upon the trustees. Where the private interests of the latter clash with the interests of the shareholders, they must prefer the beneficiaries. No personal advantage at the expense of the shareholders will be tylerated. The same gentlemen may be trustees in different companies, but when they favor one company at the expense of another, they must cease to act for the injured unless that one assents to their action. I recognize that there may be some difference in the degree of responsibility of the six surviving trustees for the acts complained of, but sufficient cause apparently exists for the removal of all. The action may be begun as requested under the practice and limitations provided by the Code of Procedure."

Mexican Central.—The opening of the Mexican Central Railroad to Chihuahua upon the 16th inst., is celebrated this week with great rejoicing. The rails of the Central road have week with great rejoicing. The rails of the Central road have just reached Chihuahua, 225 miles south of El Paso, but the grading is completed fifteen miles farther. Upon the southern end the track is about twenty miles out of Leon, which is 258 miles from the city of Mexico, making 503 completed miles of the main line of the Mexican Central. The whole line as projected will be about 1,300 miles, and thus far about \$17,000,000 has been expected. as been expended.

New York Lake Erie & Western.—It is stated that foreign holders of Erie preferred began a suit several months ago against the company to compel the payment of the dividend earned in the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1880, when the money was applied to betterments of the property. The income bondholders who have kept conpon No. 1 and received payment for No. 2 would also have a claim for payment of No. 1 if the preferred stock was awarded a dividend.

Nashville Chattanooga & St. Lonis.—The following is a statement of receipts and expenses for the month of August, and for the first two months of the fiscal year:

	August		July and	August-
Receipts-	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.
Passage	\$47,423	\$48,543	\$91,161	\$95,727
Freight	109,140	114,214	214.632	211,910
Mails	3,623	3,623	7.247	7.247
Rents and privileges	8,116	1,934	16,253	3,862
Total	\$168,304	\$168,317	\$329,294	\$318,747
Operating expenses	100,010	100,756	193,717	200,561
Surplus over op. ex	\$68,293	\$67,560	\$135,577	\$118,186
Interest and taxes	\$46,397	\$45.666	\$92.684	\$86,226

—The annual report, of which abstracts are published in the Nashville papers, shows the mortgaged indebtedness of the road June 30, 1882, as \$8,649,000. The net earnings of the main line and branches and the interest disbursements were as follows:

	Net Farnings.	Interest and Taxes.
Nashville Chat. & St. Louis, main line Lebanon branch.	\$768.218	\$501,004 23,650
McMinnville branch	13,626	15,428
Fayetteville branch. Centreville branch. Duck River Railroad.	2.658	16,896 8,591 18,006
Duck River Railroad, loss	\$835,043 1,450	\$583,577
SurplusDividends on stock investments	\$833,592	\$259,014 39,006
Making total surplus. The surplus for 1880-81, after paying interest	and	\$288,021

second mortg. bonds, after expenditures shown in last report. 566,569 urplus as per this report. 289,021—\$1,192,087

There have been paid two dividends, one of 3 per cent and one of 1½ per cent, \$300,164; for improvement of track, \$352,-316; for new iron bridges, \$61,302; for new engines, \$104,128; for new cars, \$255,423; for new depots, \$60,525; for new offices at Nashville, \$31,843; for new yards and side-tracks, \$41,079; for hoist at Martin, \$9,034; for elevator and wharf, Hickman, for hoist at Martin, \$9,034; for elevator and wharf, Hickman, \$17,223; for elevator at Johnville, \$2,028; for new iron turrtables, \$1,935; for real estate, \$40,097; for fencing, \$23,058; for McMinnville extension, \$46,231; for Centreville extension, \$80,426; for Duck River extension, \$85,774; total, \$1,512,594, making an excess of payments over receipts of \$320,507. "This, with the cash on hand June 30, accounts for the increase of the floating debt, all of which can be liquidated by the sale of the bonds authorized to be issued upon the completion of the McMinnville and Centreville extensions and the disposition of the \$144,000 Duck River bonds held by this company."

Natchez Jackson & Columbus.—The completion of the Natchez Jackson & Columbus railroad from Natchez to Jackson was celebrated at Jackson, Miss., Sept. 14.

New York & New England.—The work of double tracking the New York & New England Railroad is proceeding, and in a short time two tracks will extend the entire distance between Boston & Hartford, 117 miles, over which the bulk of the business of the road is carried. s of the road is carried.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, Sept. 22, 1882.

The weather has been unseasonably warm during the most of the past week. The temperature resembled July rather than September, and has served to reduce activity in many branches of trade. A stringent money market and a decline in foreign exchange have also been disturbing elements in business circles. Yet the declines in prices of staples of agriculture are not so general nor so great as last week, and values appear to have reached a more solid basis. A number of political conventions, in the results of which unusual interest was felt, have been held this week, and it may be expected that political affairs will receive some attention in the next few weeks.

held this week, and it may be expected that political affairs will receive some attention in the next few weeks.

There has been a free speculation in provisions; the changes in prices have been marked and important, but the general drift, particularly in the case of lard, has been downward. Pork can be said to have been fairly sustained as to-day's sales were quite liberal on the spot at \$21 25@21 50; September, October and November options were quoted at \$21 10@21 40. Bacon was dull and nominal at \$21 10@21 40. Land was again irregular and unsettled to-day with the "short" clique in the ascendant. Prime Western sold on the spot at 12 30c., closing 12·35@12·40c.; refined for the Continent 12 65c.; for future delivery a large movement was reported at 12·15@12·42½c. for October; 12@12·25c. for November; 11·80@11·87½c. for December; 11·87½@11·75c. for Seller year; 11·67½@11·75c. for January; 11·67½@11·75c. for February; 11·70@11·75c. for March; 11·77@11·76½c. for April, and 11·70@11·75c. for May, with the tone easy at the close. Bacon was quiet at 14c. for long clear. Beef hams quiet at \$17.50@18 00. Beef quiet at \$30.@35 for extra city India mess. Tallow steady at 8¾@8%c. Stearine dull at 12¾c. for Western and 13¼c. for City. Butter and cheese were steady, and yet only moderately active.

@35 for extra city India mess. Tallow steady at 8%@8%6. Stearine dull at 12%c. for Western and 13%c. for City. Butter and cheese were steady, and yet only moderately active. Sugars have been the feature of the grocery market during the past week, and prices at the close were much improved. Coffee has not received important attention, and other articles have been somewhat slow. To-day Rio coffee was quiet at 8@ 10%c. for cargoes; 500 bags December were sold on 'Change at 6.90c. and 250 bags November at 6.85c. Mild grades were in jobing request only at 12%@20c. for Java and 8%@12%c. for Maracaibo. Molasses has been firm for the better grades, but, as will be seen in the quotations, the offerings show a very irregular quality; 50 test Cuba refining, for instance, is quoted from 30 to 34c., Porto Rico, 35@58c., and English Islands 40@50c. Rice sells only in a jobbing way. Raw sugars were again in demand and firm at 7%@7.56c. for fair to good refining; Martinique sold to-day at 7 1-16c.; molasses grades, 6%@6%c.; centrifugal, 8%@8%c.; Muscovado, 7c.; Trinidad, 7%@7.3-16c.; Pernambuco, 7%c. Refined is firm and in demand; crushed, 9%c.; powdered, 9%@9%c.; granulated, 9 3-16@9%c.; standard "A," 8%@9c.

Tobacco—Kentucky quiet; sales for the week 115 hhds. Prices

Tobacco—Kentucky quiet; sales for the week 115 hhds. for consumption; total 174 hhds. Prices unchanged; lugs 6@7½c! and leaf 7@14c. Seedleaf has continued in good demand, and the sales for the week are 3,050 cases as follows; 900 cases 1881 crop Wisconsin Havana seed assorted 16@18c.; 550 cases 1881 crop New England wrappers 20@25c., and Housatonic assorted 18@22c.; 200 cases 1881 crop

assorted 16@18c.; 550 cases 1881 crop New England wrappers 20@25c., and Housatonic assorted 18@22c.; 200 cases 1881 crop Pennsylvania private terms; 250 cases 1880 crop do. 6@20c.; 420 cases 1880 crop Ohio assorted 5%c. and wrappers 7%@10c., 732 cases 1880 crop Ohio fillers 4½c.; assorted 6@7c., and wrappers 10@11%c. Havana fillers are in moderate demand; sales 400 bales 88c.@\$1 17½.

Naval stores were generally better to-day in sympathy with the English and Southern markets; strained to good strained rosin was quoted \$1 80@\$1 90. Spirits turpentine was stronger at 43%@44c. Refined petroleum has been active for export and closes strong at 7%@8c.; crude certificates have been very active. No little excitement has been reported on rumors of a sharp corner in Oil City. At one time the market was 55½c., which was followed by a decline to 75c., and to-day with over 9,000,000 bbls. sold the market opened at 78c. and advanced to 84c., closing at 82%@83c. October options advanced to 83%c., November 85%c., December 87%c. and January 89%c. Steel rails have been fairly active at \$46@\$47 at the mill; old iron rails sold at \$27 for "Ts" and \$30 for "D. Hs." Lake copper has been firm at 18½c. and 1,000,000 lbs. of Baltimore was sold at 17½c. Lead is stronger with 1,000 tons domestic sold at 510@5.15c. Hops have been excited on continued advances in England and somewhat unfavorable reports from Germany. To-day State 1881 choice sold at 60@62c. here, and the new crop realized up to 65@66c., with large sales reported in the country at 60@61c.

A fair business has been reported in ocean berth-room with

the new crop realized up to 65@66c., with large sales reported in the country at 60@61c.

A fair business has been reported in ocean berth-room with the rates generally in favor of the shipper. Charter room, especially for oil tonnage, has been well maintained, owing in great part to the small supply of vessels offered. To-day grain was taken to Liverpool, by steam, at 4d., although a small lot was taken earlier at 3½d; cheese, 22s. 6d; bacon, 17s. 6d. @20s.; flour, 15s.; cotton, 5-32@7-32d.; grain to London, by steam, 3%@3%; do. to Glasgow, by steam, 3%d, do. to Antwerp, by steam, 6½d; do. by sail to Bilboa, 6s. 10½d. per quarter; do., by steamer, to Marseilles, 4s. 7½d.; refined petroleum to Hamburg, 3s. 7d.

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., September 22, 1882.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (Sept. 22) the total receipts have reached 77,223 bales, against 49,512 bales last week, 28,688 bales the previous week and 23,032 bales three weeks since; making the total receipts since the 1st of September, 1882, 160,478 bales, against 295,021 bales for the same period of 1881, showing a decrease since September 1, 1882, of 134,543 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total.
Galveston	2,445	4,733	1,920	4,202	3,433	2,715	19,448
Indianola, &c.						1,022	1,022
New Orleans	778	2,232	1,135	699	2,015	1.836	8,690
Mobile	169	1,801	497	262	893	1,120	4,742
Florida						74	74
Bayannah	2,001	3,916	2,658	3,836	2,526	4 247	19,184
Brunsw'k, &c.	2,000					657	667
Brunsw k, &c.	1,720	2,717	1,641	2,560	2,727	3,001	14,363
Charleston	1,120						
Pt. Royal, &c.				****		****	
Wilmington	207	163	363	333	390	452	1,913
Moreh'd C.,&c						142	142
Norfolk	500	979	956	780	997	833	5,054
City Point, &c.						788	788
New York	26		345			47	418
Boston	130	17	91	56	58	97	449
Baltimore						146	146
Philadelp'a, &c.	80	40					120
Totals this week	8,060	16,598	9,606	12,733	13,039	17,187	77,223

For comparison, we give the following table showing the week's total receipts, the total since Sept.1, 1882, and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding periods of last year:

	18	882.	18	881.	Slo	ck.
Reccipts to Sept. 22.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1882.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1881.	1882.	1881.
Galveston	19,448	44,279	17,348	54,123	24,569	56,500
Indianola,&c.	1,022	3,592	658	2.623		
New Orleans	8,690	15,342	27,836	62,344	15,444	110,286
Mobile	4,742	7,645	6,808	16,469	3,379	9,761
Florida	74	161	152	241		
Bavannah	19,184	44,767	24,622	73,603	22,972	38,477
Brunsw'k, &e	667	667	475	1.163		
Charleston	14,366	27,536	15,361	34,712	16,202	22,599
Pt. Reyal, &c.				4		
Wilmington	1,913	2,870	2,469	6,925	2,216	4,207
M'head C., &c	142	282	70	112		
Norfolk	5,054	7,443	11,522	27,927	1,888	6,937
City Point, &c	788	2,048	3,202	9,092		
New York	418	1,065	300	1,135	54,593	81,519
Boston	449	1,117	708	1,4-9	1,790	4,295
Baltimore	146	458	327	2,480	3,293	2,564
Philadelp'a,&c.	120	1,206	435	674	5,758	3,932
Total	77,223	160,478	112,293	295,021	132,104	341,097

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we ive below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.

Receipts at-	1882.	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.	1877.
Galvest'n,&c.	20,170	18,006	17,594	22,026	14,048	9,396
New Orleans.	8,690	27,836	18,606	19,872	8,373	5,472
Mobile	4,742	6,803	6,022	9,776	3,798	2,915
Savannah	19,184	24.622	32,652	30,438	33,849	11,327
Charl'st'n, &c	14,366	15,361	28,564	19,011	22,630	7,580
Wilm'gt'n, &c	2,055	2,539	4,276	4,096	4,009	1,896
Morfolk, &c	5,812	12,864	21,631	19,970	8,813	3,619
All others	1,874	2,397	4,065	3,640	3,343	923
Tot.this w'k.	77,223	112,293	136,413	127,729	98,863	43,128
Since Sept. 1.	160,478	295,021	321.413	248,636	246,458	83,071

Galveston includes Indianola; Charleston includes Port Royal, &c., Wilming on includes Morehead City, &c.; Norfolk includes City, Point, &c.

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 23,053 bales, of which 14,579 were to Great Britain, 3,513 to France and 4,966 to the rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made up this evening are now 152,104 bales. Below are the exports for the week and since September 1, 1882.

Exports	Wee	k Endi		22.	From Sept. 1, 1882, to Sept. 22, 1882 Exported to-						
from-	Great Brit'n.	France	Conti- nent.	Total Week.	Great Britain.	France	Conti-	Total.			
Galveston											
New Orleans	2,401	2,091		4,492	7,822	2,091		9,913			
Mobile											
Florida											
Savannah											
Charleston											
Wilmington				******							
Morfolk		1	******				*****	*****			
New York	9,020	1,122	3,464	13,606	38,989	3,956	6,835	49,800			
Boston	1,358			1,558	4.533			4.533			
Baltimore			1 700				0.110				
Philadelp'a,&c	800		1,502	2,602	2,437	-	2,110	4,847			
	800	******		800	3,881		a leaves	3,881			
Total	14,579	3,513	4,988	23,059	57,662	6,347	8,985	72,974			
Total 1881	49 498	1,919	357	45,682	105,728	2,374	6,420	114.522			

Includes exports from Port Royal, &c.

In January and February, 1882, large additions to our port receipts were made, for om ssions during previous weeks of a por-tion of the City Point, &c., movement. Consequently we have now to Feb. 1, 1882, and incorporated the omissions in the weeks to which

they belong instead of inserting them in bulk in December and January. In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Carey, Yale & Lambert, 60 Beaver Street.

	O	n Shipboo	ard, not c	leared-f	or	
SEPT. 22, AT-	Great Britain.	France.	Other Foreign	Coast- wise.	Total.	Leaving Stock.
New Orleans Mobile Unarleston Savannah	954 None. None. 1,000 9,663	3,869 None. None. None. None.	None. None. None. 400	305 Noue. 1,250 3,800 1,525	5,128 None. 1,250 5,200 12,422	10,316 3,379 14,952 17,772 12,147
Norfolk New York Other ports Total 1882	None. 5,200 1,000	None. 250 None. 4.119	None. 1,000 200	None. None. None.	None. 6,450 1,200	1,988 48.143 11,857
Fotal 1881 Total 1880	52,819 50,509	9,120 6,731	2,834 8,897 14,720	6,885 6,188 11,413	31,650 77,054 83,373	264,043 171,760

The speculation in cotton for future delivery has been much more active at this market during the past week, and, under a pressure to sell, a material decline in values has taken place. On Saturday prices gave way under the accounts of the very favorable weather at the South and the consequent improvement of the prospects of the growing crop. The depression continued on Monday, under a great increase in the receipts at the ports. with the weather at the South still good. On Tuesday there was a momentary advance, in sympathy with a steadier report from Liverpool; but the final close was slightly lower. On Wednesday the market developed irregularity; September contracts declined, but a demand to cover contracts, arising from a desire to realize profits, caused an advance for the other months, and the distant deliveries attracted much more attention. Yesterday was in its main features a repetition of Wednesday's market. To-day September advanced, but the other months were weak. Dear money and drooping exchanges have also been elements of weakness. Cotton on the changes have also been elements of weakness. Cottôn on the spot has met with a moderate demand for home consumption, but prices have given way sharply. There was a decline of 1-16c. on Monday, with new cotton offered from the wharves at \(\frac{1}{3} \circ 33-16c\). below current figures; on Tuesday there was a further decline of \(\frac{1}{6} \circ\), on Wednesday 1-16c., on Thursday \(\frac{1}{6} \circ\). To-day the market was quiet; middling uplands 12 5-16c.

The total sales for forward delivery for the week are \(\frac{25}{25} \), 400 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 3.876 bales, including 189 for export, 3,365 for consumption, 322 for speculation and —— in transit. Of the above, 400 bales were to arrive. The following are the official quotations and sales for each day of the past week.

Sept. 16 to	U	PLANI	os.	NEW	ORLE	CANS.	1	TEXA8	١.
Sept. 22.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Sat.	Mon.	Tues
Ordin's. 10 1b	10516	104	1018	10916	1012		10918	1019	1038
Strict Ord	103		10918	11	101516	10:316	11	101518	101316
Good Ord	11916	1119	1138	111318	113	1158	111316	1134	1158
Str. G'd Ord	12	111516	111316	124	12316	12116	124	12316	12116
Low Midd'g		12516	12316	1258	12918	12716	1259	12918	12714
Str.L'w Mid		1212	1238	1234	121116	12918	1234	121116	12918
Middling	121116	1258	1212	1278	121316		1278	121316	12111
Good Mid		13	1278	134	13318	13116	1314	133:6	13116
Str. G'd Mid		134	1318	1349	13716	13316	134	13716	13516
Midd'g Fair	131318	13%	1358	14	131516	131316	14	131516	131316
Fair	14916	1412	1438	143	141116	14918	14%	141118	14916
	Wed	Th.	Fri.	Wed	Th.	Fri.	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Ordin'y. 7 b	10110	91516	91510	10516	10316	10318	10516	10316	10316
Strict Ord		1038	1038	103	1058	1058	10%	1058	1050
Good Ord	11516	11316	11318	11918	11716	11716	11916	11716	11716
Str. G'd Ord	1134	1159	1158	12	1178	1178	12	1178	1178
Low Midd'g		12	12	1238	124	124	1238	124	124
Str. L'w Mid	12510	12316	12316	1219	1238	1238	1249	1238	1238
Middling	12718	12516	12518	1258	1249	124	1258	1249	1219
Good Mid	121314	121116	121116	13	1278	1278	13	1278	1278
Str. G'd Mid	13116	121518	121513	134	1318	1318	1314	1318	134
Midd'g Fair	13918	13716	13718	1334	1358	1358	1334	1359	135
Fair	14516	14318	14316	1419	1438	1438	1419	1438	1439
8'	TAINE	D.	-	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Good Ordina	rv		39 Tb.	91516	978	934	91116	9918	9918
Strict Good	Ordina	rv	. 0. 20.	1034	101116		1010	1038	1038
Low Middlin	O CHILLIAN	3		11716	1138	1114		11118	11118

	MAR	KET AN	D SAI	ES			
	SALE	S OF SI	OT AN	D TRA	NSIT.	FUTU	RES.
SPOT MARKET CLOSED.	Ex- port.	Con- sump.			Total.	Sales.	Deliveries.
Quiet		455	16				200
W'k & irreg., le de		863			863	147,600	100
Quiet at 18 dec	160	643			803	103,800	100
			7		- 1111		800
	Quiet	SPOT MARKET CLOSED. Quiet at 116 dec. W'k & irreg., 9 de Quiet at 1 4 dec. Quiet at 19 dec. Quiet at 19 dec. Quiet at 29 dec. Quiet at 29 dec. Quiet at 29 dec. 29	SPOT MARKET CLOSED. Ex- Oon-port.	SALES OF SPOT AN Ex- Con- curve curve CLOSED. Ex- Con- curve cur	SPOT MARKET CLOSED. Export sump. ul'i'n sit.	SALES OF SPOT AND TRANSIT. Ex-port. sump. ul't'n sit. Total.	

THE SALES AND PRICES OF FUTURES are shown by the following comprehensive table. In this statement will be found the daily market, the prices of sales for each month each day, and the closing bids, in addition to the daily and total sales.

e closing bids, in addition to the daily and total sales.	Stock at
furdet, Prices and Sales of FUTUEES. Frices paid (range) Prices paid (range) Prices paid (range) Prices paid (range) Frices paid (range)	Btock at Btock at Btock at Btock at Btock at Btock at Btock at Tota Tota India co Amer'n Egypt,1
Market, kange and fotal Sates. S. Lower. 244,400 11-92412-32 11-95-11-35-11-25 11-35-11-25 11-35-11-25 11-35-11-25 11-35-11-25 11-35-11-20 11-32-12-08	Of the
Market, Italy and a september. Lower. 94,400 94,400 111-129 12-28 11-8 808 12-25 12-12-12-13 11-35-912-25 11-19-12-13 11-35-912-13 11-35-912-13 11-35-912-13 11-35-912-13 11-35-912-13 11-35-912-13 11-35-912-13 11-35-912-13 11-35-912-13 11-35-912-08	Livery Contin Ameri United United United United United
October. 14,800 77,011.72 77,-11.72 77,-11.72 78,000 80,0169 81,57,-11.62 81,500 1.65,211.61 1.65,-11.65 11.62,-11.62 11.62,-11.62 11.62,-11.62 11.62,-11.62 11.62,-11.62 11.62,-11.62 11.62,-11.62 11.62,-11.62 11.62,-11.62	Total East Liver Lond Conti Indi Egy
November: D 3,500 11.44-11.45 11.144-11.36 11.36-11.37 11.36-11.37 11.38-11.38 11.38-11.38 11.38-11.38 11.38-11.38 11.38-11.38 11.38-11.38 11.38-11.38 11.38-11.38 11.43-11.38 11.43-11.43 11.43-11.43 11.43-11.43 11.43-11.43 11.43-11.43 11.43-11.43	DAILY PRIORS
December: 11-42-911-4711 11-35-911-4711 11-35-911-4811 11-35-911-38 11-32-911-38 11-32-911-49 11-38-911-49 11-38-911-49 11-38-911-49 11-38-911-49 11-38-911-49 11-38-911-49 11-38-911-49 11-38-911-49 11-38-911-49 11-38-911-49 11-38-911-49 11-38-911-49 11-38-911-49 11-38-911-49 11-38-911-49 11-38-911-49	PRICES AND
12.300 1.47æ]1.52 1.48—11.49 11.1.1.40æ]1.42 11.38 11.39—11.42 11.42æ]1.43 11.42æ]1.43 11.42æ]1.48 11.42æ]1.48 11.42æ]1.48 11.42æ]1.48 11.42æ]1.48 11.42æ]1.48 11.42æ]1.48	D SALES O
2,500 1.57æ11.62 11.68æ11.74 11.68æ11.74 11.68æ11.74 11.68æ11.66 11.69æ11.66 11.62æ11.66 11.62æ11.63 11.44æ11.52 11.47æ11.48 11.57æ11.68 11.53æ11.64 11.53æ11.68 11.54æ11.68 11.64æ11.68 11.57æ11.68 11.64æ11.69 11.53æ11.68 11.63æ11.68 11.63æ11.68 11.63æ11.68 11.63æ11.68 11.63æ11.68 11.63æ11.69 11.63æ11.69 11.63æ11.69 11.63æ11.69 11.63æ11.69 11.63æ11.69 11.63æ11.69 11.63æ11.69 11.63æ11.69 11.63æ11.69 11.63æ11.69	OF FUTURES FOR E.
3,300 3,600 62,211:63 11,000 62,211:63 11,000 11	BS FOR KAOH March. Apri
11.50	AOH MONTH.
1.90 a1.96 1.90 a1.96 1.90 a1.96 11.80 11.80 11.80 11.77 a1.85 11.77 a1.85 11.78 a1.86 11.88 a1.96 11.88 a1.96 11.88 a1.91 11.88 a1.91 11.88 a1.91 11.88 a1.91 11.88 a1.91 11.88 a1.91 11.88 a1.91 11.88 a1.91 11.88 a1.91 11.88 a1.91	жау.
11.47 11.57 11.58 11.5	June.
12.00 10.00	July.

The following exchanges have been made during the week:

•77 pd. to exch. 200 Nov. for Sept. | ·02 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Sept. | ·05 pd. to exch. 1,000 Nov. for Jan.

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. The Continental stocks are the figures of last Saturday, but the totals for Great Britain and the affoat for the Continent are this week's returns, and consequently brought down to Thursday evening; hence, to make the totals the m the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only are 97,802 bales less than for the same time in 1881. complete figures for to-night (Sept. 22), we add the item of expor s

Stock at Liverpoolbales.	1882. 539,000 75,800	1981. 693.000 44,300	1880. 534.000 52,900	1879. 246,000 62,695
Stock at London		737.300	586,900	308.695
Great Britain stock	614,800	173,000	72,300	110.130
Stock at Havre	116,000	4,580	8.540	1,830
Stock at Marseilles	1,200	41,300	40,100	14.262
Stock at Marsellies Stock at Barcelona	3,000	1,500	4,200	2,400
Stock at Hamourg	3,000	42,500	26,700	16,649
Stock at Hamourg Btock at Bremen	31,900	26,900	18,100	27,972
Stock at Amsterdam	10.400	3,470	2,530	
Stock at Rotterdam	1,900	2,300	981	******
Stock at Antwerp	300	23,700	11,000	3,494
Stock at Antwerp. Stock at other conti'ntal ports	17,400	20,100		
Total centinental ports	206,000	319,250	184,45	1 188,660
Total centinental portal		1,056.550	771.35	1 497,355
- stooks	820,800	140,000	90,00	0 153,891
India cotton affoat for Europe	207,000	113,000	126,00	0 47,048
India cotton affoat for Eur'p	6 53,000	14,000	17,00	3.653
Amer'n cotton and at for E'r'D	15,000	341.097	255,17	3 197,305
Egypt, Brazil, Contag porta	152,104		61.00	9 40,774
Stock in United Serior towns.	17,310		12.0	00 1,000
Stock in II. D. Interior	5.000			
United But too Cape		1 760.51	8 1,332,5	33 941,024
United States exports to-day Total visible supply Of the above, the totals of Am	1,270,817	ther desc	riptions a	re as follows:
Total vision totals of Am	erican and	Offigi appo		
Of the above, the both			0 344,0	96,000
American-	229,000	941,00		94,000
Liverpool stock	64,00	0 168,00		000 47.046
Continental stocks.	53,00	0 113,00		
Continental stocks. American afloat for Europe.	152.10	4 341,09		
United States stock	17,31	3 87,13		000 1,000
United States interior stock United States interior stock	5,60	0 8,6	30 12,	
United States exports			68 893,	182 476,125
	521,0	7 1,264,9		
Total American		00 146,0	00 190	,000 150,000
East Inatan, Di tan	310,0			.900 62,695
Liverpool stock	75,8		50 89	451 94,660
London Stock	142,0		100 90	,000 153,891
Continental Stocks	207,0			,000 3,653
India afloat for Europe Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat	15,0	00 14,		
Egypt, Brazil, &c., alloat.		495.	550 439	9.351 464.89
Total East India, &c	749.8	300 495. 17 1.264,		3,182 476,12
m-4-1 Fost India, co.	* O1 (17 1.264.	900	

Total East India, &c 749,800 495,550
Total American 521,017 1,264,968 The imports into Continental ports this week have been 23,000 bales.

The above figures indicate a decrease in the cotton in sight to-night of 489,701 bales as compared with the same date of 1881, a decrease of 61,716 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1880 and an increase of 329,793 bales as compared with 1879.

AT THE INTERIOR TOWNS the movement—that is the receipts for the week and since Sept. 1, the shipments for the week, and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding period of 1881—is set out in detail in the following statement:

Total, new towns	Brenham, Tex	Petersburg, Va.	Newberry, S. C.	Total, old towns.	St. Louis, Mo	Rome, Ga. N. C.	onumous, Ala riffin, Ga	Shreveport, La. Vicksburg, Miss.	Nashville, Tenn. Dallas, Texas	Selma, Ala Memphis, Tenn	Macon, Ga.	Augusta, Ga		TOWNS.		
ns 26,206	22,994		528	26,	1	4		361		435	5.735	3,020	N I	This S	Receipts.	Hadron.
6 58,691	50,641		711	40	T	2,583	396	310 401 2015	3.446	754	10,951	6,532	7,440	Sept.1, 82.	pls.	Morement to Sept. 22, 1802.
91 20,951	-	_			01	1,064	_	_	1,629	329	5,057 1,654	1,394	3,360		Shipmin	01. 22. 100
29.985	-				17	2,214 325	347	580	1,480	172	2,503	1,787	2,779	T	ock	1
=		1,455		1.768	69,093	6,181	2,646	1,287 2,190 2,273	2.321 3.259	2,125	4,607	5,564	4,675	21	This	Receipts.
205,256	54,877	4,766 42,840			150,379		10,269 4,896 963		-15-395 -15-395 -15-395	5,101	16,163	16,644	10,878	15.556	Sent 1.81.	pts.
56 61,603	77 20,576			2,200		-				1,098	3,34.3	4,299	2,348	4,717	week.	1
03 103,779		1		160	87,18	T	3,352	1,320 2,109 9,739			16.783 2.637	4,805	3.492	5.647	Sept. 23.	Stock

The above totals show that the old interior stocks have in creased during the week 5,615 bales, and are to-night 69,878 bales less than at the same period last year. The receipts at the same towns have been 42,254 bales less than the same week last year, and since September 1 the receipts at all the towns

^{*}Includes sales for August, 1883, 2.100.
A Includes sales for August, 1883, 600 at 12·10.
B Includes sales for August, 1883, 100 at 12·10.
Transferable Orders—Saturday, 12·30c.; Monday, 12·15c.; Tuestransferable Orders—Saturday, 12·30c.; Monday, 12·10c.; Friday, 12·10c.

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.—The following table is prepared for the purpose of indicating the actual movement each week from the plantations. Receipts at the outports are sometimes misleading, as they are made up more largely one year than another at the expense of the interior stocks. We reach therefore, a safer conclusion through a comparative statement like the following. In reply to frequent inquiries we will add that these figures, of course, do not include overland receipts or Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the out-ports.

RECEIPTS FROM PLANTATIONS.

Week	Receip	ts at the	Ports.	St'k at I	nterior	Towns.	Rec'pts from Plant'ns.				
ending-	1880.	1881.	1882.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1880.	1881.	1882.		
July 7	14,070	19,163	9,586	77.036	72,391	42,843	9,927	12,937	2,012		
" 14	10,691		8,142	70,749	74.003	35.454	4,404	19,811	759		
· 21	13,148	19,362	9,150	59,682	65,756	31,629	2,081	11,115	5,318		
w 28	10,859		6,126	52,505	58,277	28,276	3,682	8,672	2,780		
Aug. 4	8.989	17.518	4,815	44,324	52,441	24,448	801	11,982	988		
" 11	8,691	13,032	4,811	38,800	48,273	21,093	3,167	5,894	1,438		
" 18	8,396	20,538	6,356	33.468	45,371	16,585	3,284	17,636	1,798		
· 25	21,123	35,078	12,352	33,471	40,493	14,327	20,926	30,199	10,144		
Sept. 1	42,062		23,032	32,712	48,423	15,526	41,323	53,652	24,231		
* 8	61,117	72,618	28.688	39,302	57,410	18,519	67,707	83,600	29,681		
. 15	103,695	94.052	49,512	51,874	75,452	19,115	115,087	112,094	52,108		
	138,418	112,293	77,223	77.868	103.779	29,985	182,607	140,820	88,099		

The above statement shows—1. That the total receipts from the plantations since September 1, in 1882 were 173,978 bales; in 1881 were 353,375 bales; in 1880 were 360,473 bales.

1881 were 303,370 Dales; in 1850 were 309,473 Dales.

2. That, although the receipts at the out-ports the past week were 77,223 bales, the actual movement from plantations was 88,093 bales, the balance going to increase the stocks at the interior towns. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 140,620 bales and for 1880 they

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—The weather the past week has been very favorable almost everywhere for maturing and gathering the crop, and the prospects are very promising.

Galveston, Texas .- It has rained hard on four days of the past week, but the rain has been local, not extending to the interior. The rainfall reached one inch and twenty-two hundredths. The crop is unquestionably very promising; there is the usual sporadic complaints about caterpillars, boll worms, rot, shedding, etc., all of which goes for nothing, as the present prospect is that nearly every section of the State will make more cotton than can possibly be picked. Picking progresses finely. The thermometer has ranged from 71 to 86, averaging 78.

Indianola, Texas.-We have had a light shower on one day of the past week, the rainfall reaching five hundredths of an inch. Crop accounts are more favorable, and good progress is being made in picking. Average thermometer 80, highest 89 and lowest 71.

Dallas, Texas.-The weather has been warm and dry during the past week. The crop is developing promisingly, and picking is progressing excellently. The thermometer has averaged 73, the highest being 94 and the lowest 52.

Brenham, Texas.-We have had a light shower on one day of the past week, the rainfall reaching ten hundredths of an inch. Excellent headway is being made with picking, and the crop promises to be large. The thermometer has averaged 82 ranging from 68 to 95.

Palestine, Texas .- It has been showery on two days of the past week, the rainfall reaching fifty hundredths of an inch. The crop promises to be the largest ever made. Picking is progressing finely. Average thermometer 72, highest 90 and

Huntsville, Texas.-The weather has been warm and dry

Huntsville, Texas.—The weather has been warm and dry during all of the past week. The crop is first-class in every respect, and good progress is being made in gathering it. The thermometer has ranged from 61 to 93, averaging 77.

Weatherford, Texas.—We have had warm and dry weather during all of the past week. The crop development is excellent and picking progresses well. The thermometer has averaged 69, the highest being 91 and the lowest 47.

Bellon, Texas.—The weather has been warm and dry all of the past week. Picking is making good headway, crops could not promise better. The thermometer has averaged 76, ranging from 58 to 93. ing from 58 to 93.

Luling, Texas.—It has rained on two days of the past Luling, Texas.—It has rained on two days of the past week. We still hear rumors of caterpillars, but think them of very little importance. Unless the picking season proves unexpectedly bad the yield will be large. Picking is now progressing finely. Average thermometer 76, highest 93 and lowest 59.

New Orleans, Louisiana.—We have had no rain during all of the past week. The thermometer has averaged 80.

Shreeport, Louisiana.—Generally fair weather has pre-

Shreeport, Louisiana.—Generally fair weather has prevailed during the past week, the rainfall reaching ninety-seven hundredths of an inch. It is claimed that the top crop has been much injured by worms. The thermometer has ranged from 62 to 62 n 62 to 92

Vicksburg, Mississippi.—Telegram not received.

Columbus, Mississippi.—We have had no rain during the past week. Average thermometer 77, highest 91 and lowest 64. Little Rock, Arkansas.—We have had rain on two days of the past week, and the remainder of the week has been clear and warm. The rainfall reached eighty-three hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 50 to 88, averaging 79.

an inch. The thermometer has rained on three days of the past week, on one of which constantly, the rainfall reaching one inch and thirty-five hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 75, the highest being 88 and the lowest 54.

*Nashville, Tennessee.—We have had rain on one day of the past week, the rainfall reaching forty-nine hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 57 to 90, averaging 77

inch. The thermometer has ranged from 57 to 90, averaging 77.

Mobile, Alabama.—The weather has been warm and dry during the past week. The crop development is very encouraging, and good progress is being made in picking. Average thermometer 78, highest 90 and lowest 68.

Montgomery, Alabama.—The weather has been warm and dry during all of the past week. Picking is making excellent progress and the planters are sending their crop to market freely. The thermometer has ranged from 66 to 89, averaging 77.

Selma, Alabama.—The weather has been warm and dry during all of the past week. The crop is developing promisingly and picking makes good progress.

Madison, Florida.—The weather has been warm and dry all of the past week. It is claimed that much damage was done by the recent storm. Crop accounts are less favorable, and it is believed that the top crop will be poor. About half of the crop has been picked and the planters are marketing their cotton freely. The thermometer has averaged 84, ranging cotton freely. from 70 to 96.

Macon, Georgia.—We have had warm and dry weather during the past week. Good progress is being made in gathering the crop. Average thermometer 76, highest 87 and lowest 62.

Columbus, Georgia .- We have had no rain during the past week. The thermometer has ranged from 73 to 92, averaging 84. Savannah, Georgia.—The weather has been pleasant during all of the past week. The thermometer has averaged 80, ranging from 70 to 89.

ing from 70 to 89.

Augusta, Georgia.—The weather has been warm and dry and favorable to the crop during the past week. Crop accounts are more favorable; cotton is opening well, picking is making good progress, receipts are increasing, and generally a good class of cotton is being marketed. The thermometer has averaged 77, the highest being 89 and the lowest 63.

Atlanta, Georgia.—Telegram not received.

Charleston, South Carolina.—We have had no rain during the past week. The thermometer has ranged from 68 to 88, averaging 79.

averaging 79.

The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock September 21, 1882, and September 22, 1881.

	Sept. 2	21, '82.	Sept. 2	22, '81
lew Orleans Below high-water mark Iemphis Above low-water mark Kashville Above low-water mark hireveport Above low-water mark	12 11 4	Inch. 0 5 0	Feet. 13 4 1	Inch. 6 9 4

New Orleans reported below high-water mark 0 1871 until Sept. 9, 1874, when the zero of gauge was changed to high-water mark of April 15 and 16, 1874, which is 6-10ths of a foot above 1871, or 16 feet above low-water mark at that point.

New York Cotton Exchange.—One seat is posted for transfered two continue to be offered for sale. The following is a list and two continue to be offered for sale. of visitors introduced this week:

G. D. Heath, South Carolina, J. D. Jewe'l, Glenora, Miss. A. A. Daniels, Wilson, N. C. R. D. Bynum, Wilson, N. C. T. D. Caswell, Augusta, Ga. L. Weis, Grand Lake, Ark. J. P. Gibson, Concord, N. C. 8. B. Daniel, Baltimore, Avon Arnim, Liverpool, A. K. Brown, New Orleans.

L. Pope Walker, Huntsville, Ala. Milton Horwies, Huntsville, Ala. A. J. Beall, North Carolina. Levy Davidson, North Carolina. H. Holme, North Carolina. Samuel simpson, New Orleans. W G. Upchurch, Raleigh, N. C. W. T. Lake, Mississippi. V. Rottman, Augusta, Ark.

JUTE BUTTS, BAGGING, &C.—There is nothing new to report in this market. Transactions continue to be of a jobbing character, few inquiries being reported for large parcels, and the amount of stock moving is limited. Prices have not changed, but the feeling is easy, and it is probable that a round lot could be obtained for a shade less than the closing quotations, which are 7%c. for 1% lbs., 8c. for 1% lbs., 8%c. for 2 lbs. and 9%c. for standard grades. Butts have been in fair jobbing demand, and parcels are moving as wanted. Prices are about steady and no lots are being forced on the market. For paper grades 286@26c. are the figures, while bagging qualities are held at 2½@256c. are the figures, while bagging qualities are held at 28/4@27/cc.

ELLISON & Co.'s CIRCULAR FOR SEPTEMBER.—We have this week received Mr. Ellison's circular dated September 9, and give it

COURSE OF THE LIVERPOOL MARKET, AUGUST 10 TO SEPT. 9. Our last report was issued on the 10th ult. The market was quiet for a few days, but subsequently went better, and on the 17th middling upland showed an advance of 1/2 1. for spots and near futures; but distant cotton was kept in check by the good erop accounts, and there was only a partial net advance of 1-64d. Between the 17th August and the 5th September, with an exceedingly small trade demand, very flat advices from Manchester, continued favorable crop news, and anticipated liberal receipts shortly, quite a change came over the market; all idea of a squeeze for September disappeared, and prices gave way 3-16d. for spots, 15-64d. for Septembers, 9-64d. for September-October, and 6@7-64ths for distant cotton. The decline led to a better inquiry, especially as the American receipts continued so small as to give rise to revived expectations of a pinch for cotton before any imports of moment could take place. Simultaneously came an increased trade demand and less gloomy accounts from Manchester. The result is that the final prices show a recovery of 1-16d. on the spot and near deliveries and 1-64d. to 3-64d. for distant.

Egyptians were very weak during the first half of the month

show a recovery of 1-16d. on the spot and near deliveries and 1-64d. to 3-64d. for distant.

Byptians were very weak during the first half of the month—10th to 24th ult.—and on the last-named day the prices ruling were ¾d. to 1d. below the previous highest point. The fall was due to the British military successes and to the consequent possibility of the war terminating early enough to save a large proportion of the crop. Lately, however, events have not supported the early peace theory, and the whole of the decline has been recovered in the course of the past ten days, the present rates being the highest yet touched—say 11d. for good fair brown, against 10%d. a month since. The high prices are attracting shipments from Russia, and several thousand bales have been sold for delivery here in September-October or October-November at 10½d. down to 10¼d. for good fair brown.

Brazils are ¾d. lower than a month ago, except fair to good fair Macrio and good fair Maranham, which are unchanged. "Fine" Surats are 1-16d. higher; the other grades are unchanged. The following is an account of the principal fluctuations in the price of middling upland on the spot and for forward delivery during the month. The fractional quotations for "futures" are given in 64ths of a penny:

1882.	Spot.	Sept.	Sep Oct.	Oct Nov.	Nov Dec.	Dec Jan.	Jan. Feb.	Feb Mar.	Mar Apr.	Apr May.
Aug. 10	7116	7 4	6 58	6 45	6 40	6 40	6 41	6 42	6 44	6 46
14	7116	7 2	6 55	6 40	6 37	6 36	6 37	6 39	6 41	6 43
17	7316	7 11	6 60	6 44	6 39	6 39	6 40	6 42	6 44	6 46
Sept. 5	7316	6 60	6 51	6 38	6 33	6 33	6 33	6 35	6 37	6 39
9	7	7 2	6 56	6 43	6 37	6 36	6 36	6 38	6 38	6 40

COURSE OF THE MANCHESTER MARKET, AUGUST 10 TO SEPT. 9.

An exceedingly unsatisfactory state of things has ruled in An exceedingly unsatisfactory state of things has ruled in Manchester throughout the month. Only a limited amount of business has been done, and this at wretched prices. The annual local holidays have reduced production a little, but stocks have nevertheless increased. Producers have been looking to Liverpool to help them; they have been expecting, in fact, such a rise in the price of raw material as would reanimate business in Manchester, and enable them to clear off their stocks. So far they have experienced only disappointment. mate business in Manchester, and enable them to clear off their stocks. So far they have experienced only disappointment; whether their hopes are on the point of being realized or not remains to be seen. Prices have fluctuated very little during the month—possibly not over ½d. per pound—and they to-day show little change from the rates current at the date of our last report. Egyptian yarns fell heavily a fortnight or three weeks since; but have latterly recovered the greater part of the decline.

MOVEMENTS DURING THE SEASON, OCTOBER 1 TO AUGUST 31.

The deliveries to English and Continental spinners during the first eleven months of the season compare as follows with the figures for the corresponding period of last season:

	Great 1	Britain.	Continent.		
	1881-82.	1880-81.	1881-82.	1830-81.	
No. of bales Av.wght (lbs) Tot.wght(lbs)	1,381,449,820	445	2,767,790 417 1,154,168,430	498	
Bales of 400	3.453,000	3,261,000	2,895,000	2,909,000	

The average weekly consumption for the past four weeks we estimate at 71,000 bales of 400 lbs for Great Britain and 60,000 for the Continent, against 69,000 and 58,000 respectively last year.

On the basis of the foregoing estimates, the movements for the forty-eight weeks of this season and last compare as fol-lows, in bales of the uniform weight of 400 lbs.:

	Great 1	Britain.	Conti	inent.
	1881-82.	1880-81.	1881-82.	1880-81.
Surplus stock Oct. 1 Deliveries to August 31 Add error in stock	3.453.000	3,264,000	240,000 2,885,000	2,909,000
Bupply. Consumption, 48 weeks	3,478,000 3,352,000	3,346,000 3,292,000	3,125,000 2,880,000	3,021,000 2,720,000
Surplus stock August 31 Deliveries to Sept. 30	96,000		245,000	301,000 175,000
Supply		305,000 280,000		476,000 236,000
Surplus stock Sept. 30		25,000		240,000

The 55,000 bales added to last year's deliveries represent the proportion for eleven months of the 60,000 bales deficit in the Liverpool stock discovered at the end of September, and which are included in the estimated consumption of 3,292,

000 bales. There may be a similar error this year; if so, the deficit will have to be added to the deliveries, and also to the estimated consumption. In the 96,000 bales surplus stock at the English mills, it should be borne in mind that a considerable proportion of the excess of 42,000 bales over the 54,000 held last year consists of Egyptian. The surplus stock of cotton on the Continent consists this year chiefly of Surats and Egyptian; last year it consisted chiefly of low American.

ROSPECTS.

For the immediate future the position of American cotton is by the lateness of the crop, and to the consequent probability of limited arrivals here for some weeks to come; but the cerof limited arrivals here for some weeks to come; but the certainty of large receipts later on imposes caution on speculators and relieves consumers of anxiety, so that the interregnum of semi-scarcity may be passed over without leading to any advance of moment in prices, provided the crop advices continue favorable. Surats are in plentiful supply, and their position is comparatively weak. Egyptians are exceptionally situated, and, as respects them, everything depends on the course of the war. Brazils will be influenced more or less by Egyptians. Business in Manchester is just now exceedingly unsatisfactory, but producers are hopeful of a better state of things on the advent of increased supplies of American and a fall in prices to something like the figure now current for delivery during the winter months.

COMPARATIVE PORT RECEIPTS AND DAILY CROP MOVEMENT. COMPARATIVE FORT RECEIPTS AND DAILY CROP MOVEMENT.—
A comparison of the port movement by weeks is not accurate as the weeks in different years do not end on the same day of the month. We have consequently added to our other standing tables a daily and monthly statement, that the reader may constantly have before him the data for seeing the exact relative movement for the years named. The movement each month since September 1, 1881, has been as follows.

In January and February, 1882, large additions to our port receipts were made for omissions during previous weeks of a portion of the City Point, &c., movement. Consequently we have now revised our weekly and monthly tables of receipts from Sept. 1, 1881, to Feb. 1, 1882, and incorporated the omissions in the weeks to which they belong instead of inserting them in bulk in December and January.

Monthly		Year	Beginning	g Septembe	r 1.	
Receipts.	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.
Bept'mb'r	433,490	458,478	333,643	288,848	98,491	236,868
October	862,695	968,318	888,492	689,264	578,533	675,280
Novemb'r	985,543	1,006,501	942,272	779,237	822,493	201,392
Decemb'r	972,094	1,020,802	956,464	892,664	900,119	787,769
January .	487,727	571,701	647,140	616,727	689,610	500,690
February.	291,992	572,728	447,915	564,824	472,054	449,686
March	257,099	475,582	261,913	302,955	340,525	182,937
April	147,595	284,246	158,025	166,439	197,965	100,194
May	113,573	190,054	110,006	84,299	96,314	68,939
June	68,679	131,871	88,455	29,472	42,142	36,030
July	36,890	78,572	54,258	13,988	20,240	17,631
August	45,143	115,114	67,372	18,081	34,564	14,462
Corret'ns.	17,844	123	42,714	458	52,595	66,293
Total year	4,720,364	5,874,090	5,001,672	4,447,276	4,345,645	4,038,141
Perc'tage	of tot. port					
receipts	Aug. 31 .	100.00	99.15	99.99	98.79	98.36
Correction	8	00.00	00.85	00.01	01.21	01.64
Total port	receipts	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	10000

This statement shows that up to Aug. 31 the receipts at the ports this year were 1,153,725 bales less than in 1880-81 an 281,308 bales less than at the same time in 1879-80. The receipts since September 1, 1882, and for the corresponding periods of the five previous years have been as follows:

	1882.	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.	1877.
Sept.1	5,055	5,600	5,037	3,490	S.	40
" 2	2,890	10,356	5,669	1,848	5,708	8.
" 3	S.	10,182	10,512	1,391	4,051	1,24
" 4	5,868	8.	6,474	2,264	4,799	61
" 5	3,396	18,859	S.	4,927	4,224	1,00
" 6	5,636	9,069	14,754	2,104	7,116	75
* 7	4,493	7,637	9,315	S.	4,108	1,70
" 8	6,405	8,181	8,616	5,454	8.	1,65
" 9	6,405	18,792	11,096	5,124	13,115	8.
" 10	8.	13,054	10,862	4,978	7,341	3,08
" 11	11,202	S.	15,646	4,858	6,238	1,39
" 12	5,643	16,595	3.	7,636	7,982	3,10
" 13	7,474	17,797	20,842	7,069	8,537	1,66
" 14	8,044	14,674	15,117	8.	10,714	2,52
" 15	19,742	10,870	13,999	15,628	S.	2,45
" 16	8,060	21,062	16,191	12,215	15,127	8.
" 17	8.	16,361	20,900	12,995	10,425	5,06
" 18	16,598	S.	18.470	14,071	10,032	4,10
" 19	9,606	17,206	8.	14,955	11,125	3,55
" 20	12,733	19,476	30,306	17,082	16,933	6,34
" 21	13,039	15,551	20,049	S.	11,302	0,31
" 22	17,187	13,996	17,749	26,420	8.	4,04
Total	160,478	265,321	271,604	164,409	158,897	47,47
Percentage port rec'pt		05.62	04.61	03.29	03.58	01:0

This statement shows that the receipts since Sept. 1 up to to-night are now 104,843 bales less than they were to the same day of the month in 1881 and 111,126 bales less than they were to the same day of the month in 1880. We add to the table the percentages of total port receipts which had been received to September 22 in each of the years named.

INDIA COTTON MOVEMENT FROM ALL PORTS.—The figures which are now collected for us, and forwarded by cable each Friday, of the shipments from Calcutta, Madras, Tuticorin, Carwar, &c., enable us, in connection with our previously-received report from Bombay, to furnish our readers with a full and complete India movement for each week. We first give the Bombay statement for the week and year, bringing the figures down to Sept. 14.

HOMBAY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR FOUR YEARS.

Shipments this week.			Shipm	ents since	Receipts.			
Year	Great Bril'n.	Conti- nent	Total.	Great Britain	Conti- nent.	Total.	This Week.	Since Jan. 1.
1882 1881 1880 1879	2,000 1,000		8,000	301,000	receiv'd 542,000 493,000 341,000	846,000 839,000	1,000	1,158,000 1,080,000 792,000

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show a — crease compared with last year in the week's receipts of — bales, and a —crease in shipments of — bales, and the shipments since January 1 show an —crease of — bales. The movement at Calcutta, Madras, Tuticorin, Carwar, &c., for the same week and years has been as follows.

GALCUTTA, MADRAS, TUTICORIN, CARWAR, RANGOON AND KURRACHBE.

	Shipm	ents this	week.	Shipments since January 1.				
Year.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Totas.		
1882 1881 1880	2,000 3,000 1,000	6,000	8,000 3,000 1,000	297,000 187,000 200,000	154,000 71,000 80,000	451,000 253,000 280,000		
1879	2,000	1,000	3.000	199,000	104.000	303.000		

The above totals for this week show that the movement from the ports other than Bombay is 5,000 bales more than same week last year. For the whole of India, therefore, the total shipments this week and since Jan. 1, 1882, and for the corresponding weeks and periods of the two previous years, are as follows.

EXPORTS TO EUROPE FROM ALL INDIA.

Shioments	1	882.	18	881.	1880.		
to all Europe from-	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	
Bombay	No rep't 8,000	1,335,000 451,000	8,000 3,000	846,000 258,000	1,000	839,000 280,000	
Total	8,000	1,786,000	11,000	1,104,000	2,000	1,119.000	

This last statement affords a very interesting comparison of the total movement for the week ending Sept. 21 and for the three years up to date, at all India ports.

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.—Through arrangements we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi & Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we now receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years.

Alexandria, Egypt, Sept. 21.	18	1882.		881.	1880.	
Receipts (cantars*)— This week Since Sept. 1			7,000 7,530		150 150	
	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
To Liverpool To Continent			1,000	1,500	500 474	750 1,073
Total Europe			1.098	1,598	974	1,828

* A cantar is 98 lbs.

This statement shows that the receipts for the week ending ept. 21 were —— cantars and the shipments to all Europe Sept. 21 were -

MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our report received from Manchester to-night states that the market is dull and irregular at unchanged prices. We give the prices of to-day below, and leave previous weeks' prices for comparison:

		1882.			1881.	
	32s Cop. Twist.	814 lbs. Shirtings.	Oott'n Mid. Upt is	32s Cop. Iwist.	84 lbs. Shirtings.	Mid. Uplda
J'lv 21	d. d. 9½ 210½	s. d. s. d 6 412@7 1012	d. 615 ₁₆	d. d. 918 @ 934	s. d. s. d. 6 9 @8 0	d. 611 ₁₆
. 28	9916@1014 912 @1018	6 6 28 0	7116	918 @ 934	6 9 78 0	6131
. 11	94 2104	6 6 @8 0	7116	878 @ 912	6 51207 8	6131
4 25	97_{16} @ 97_{8} 93_{8} @ 97_{8}	6 6 @8 0	7316	918 @ 934 878 @ 919	6 512 27 812	6151
* 8	938 @ 978 938 @ 978		718	878 @ 912 878 @ 912	6 51207 812	61516
* 15	938 @ 978 938 @ 978	6 412 27 1012	7118	878 @ 912 9 @ 934	6 512 07 819	

THE EXPORTS OF COTTON from New York this week show a decrease, as compared with last week, the total reaching 13,606 | Do sail...

bales, against 19,574 bales last week.

Below we give our usual

table showing the exports of cotton from New York and their direction, for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1882, and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year:

EXPORTS OF COTTON (BALES) FROM NEW YORK SINCE SEPT. 1, 1882.

		Week	ending-	-		Same
Exported to-	Aug. 31.	Sept.	Sept. 13.	Sept. 20.	Total since Sept. 1.	period previ'us year.
LiverpoolOther British ports	6.898 3,656	13,161	16,808	8,720 300	38,689 300	33,149 450
TOTAL TO GREAT BRITAIN	10,534	13,161	16,808	9,020	38,989	33,599
HavreOther French ports	961	1,045	1,789	1,122	3,956	2,374
TOTAL FRENCH	961	1,045	1,789	1,122	3,956	2,374
Bremen and Hanover Hamburg Other ports.	107 2,220 1,500	1,297 940	79 403 590		1,186 3,488 1,580	460 5,597 212
TOTAL TO NORTH. EUROPE	3,827	2,314	1,077	2,863	6,254	6,269
Spain, Op'rto, Gibralt'r, &c All other	1,900			601	601	
TOTAL SPAIN, &c	1,900			601	601	e-Califf.
GRAND TOTAL	17,242	16,520	19,674	13,606	49,800	42,242

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE RECEIPTS OF COTTON at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the past week, and since September 1, 1882:

Receipts	New	York.	Bo	ston.	Philadelphia.		Balt	imore.
from-	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
N. Orl'ans	2,609	7,444						v0
Texas	5,028	16.762			******			
Savannah	7,380	14,614	*****	937	357	516	1,154	2,716
Mobile	******	******						
Florida								
8. Car'lina		8,509			151	151	30	630
N.Car'lina		194					3	140
Virginia	1.743	2.221		200			628	907
North. pts			758	2,467				100
Tenn., &c.	418	1.065	449		452	1,006	175	312
Foreign	203	393						******
This year.	21,258	51,192	1,207	4,364	809	1,673	1,990	4,705
Last year.	23,790	55,186	2,063	2,943	1,364	1,793	3,612	8,249

Shipping News.—The exports of cotton from the United SHIPPING NEWS.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 24,643 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in the CHRONICLE last Friday. With regard to New York, we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Wednesday night of this week.

night of this week:	
Total	l bales.
NEW YORK-To Liverpool, per steamers Biela, 45Caledonia 160City of Chester, 1,680City of Montreal, 2,016	
Helvetia, 1,244Parthia, 2,333Wyoming, 1,242. To Hull, per steamer Salerno, 300	8,720
To Havre, per steamer Canada, 1,122	1,122
To Bremen, per steamers Donau, 300Oder, 730	1.030
To Hamburg, per steamers Bohemia, 1,283. Westphalia, 500	1,783
To Antwerp, per steamer Vaderland, 50	50
To Barcelona, per steamer Caldera, 601	601
NEW ORLEANS—To Liverpool, per steamers Discoverer, 2,421Jamaican, 3,000.	5.421
BALTIMORE-To Liverpool, per steamer Guillermo 100 (addi-	0,421
	100
To Bremen, per steamer America, 8 (additional)	100
Boston—To Liverpool, per steamers Cephalonia, 1,159	
Glamorgan, 179Illyrian, 1,107	2,445
PHILADELPHIA-To Liverpool, per steamers British Queen, 2,200	2,110
Illinois, 863	3,063
Total	94 643

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

L	iverpool.	Hull.	Havre.	Bremen.	Ham- burg.	Ant- werp.	Barce- lona.	Total.
New York	8.720	300	1,122	1.030	1,783	50	601	13,606
N. Orleans.								5,421
Baltimore				8	*****		*****	108
Boston			*****	•••••	•••••			2,445
Philadelp'a	3,063		*****		•••••	•••••	******	3,063
Total	19,749	300	1.122	1.038	1.783	50	601	24.643

Cotton freights the past week have been as follows:

	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.
Liverpool, steam d .		1164@14	18@316	18@316	18@316	18@733
Do saild.						
Havre, steamc.		1732-916*	19 @ 916,	12@916*	120916	122916
Do sailc.			****			
Bremen, steamc.	134	12*	19*	19*	12*	794
Do sailc.						****
Hamburg, steam.d.	12+	12*	19*	124	12*	194
Do saild.						
Amst'd'm, steam.c.	316*	316*	716@19*	716 @ 12*	716@19*	732*
Do saild.						
Baltic, steamd.	1132@38*	1132@38*	1132@38*	1132@38	1132@38"	1132@38*
Do sailc.						****
Barcel'na, steam.c.	916*	9164	916*	916*	918*	34.
Do sailc.						

LIVERPOOL.-By cable from Liverpool, we have the following nent of the week's sales, stocks. &c., at that port:

port formal stone till a no	Sept. 1.	Sept. 8.	Sept. 15.	Sept. 22.
Bales of the week bales.	46,000	46,500	53,000	40,500
Of which exporters took	4,000	5,600	3,000	4,800
Of which speculators took	3,900	1,820	2,200	450
Sales Americau	29,000	34,500	37,500	26,500
Actual export	7,600	11,000	10,500	9,900
Forwarded	4,400	3,800	4.900	4,600
Tetal stock-Estimated	621,000	605,000	562,000	539,000
Of which American-Estim'd	298,000	267,000	237,000	229,000
Total import of the week	39,000	37,000	20,500	27,000
Of which American	14,500	8,800	11,000	24,500
Amount afloat	171,000	163,000	171,000	157,000
Of which American	22,000	27,000	43 000	35,000

e tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the k ending Sept., 22 and the daily closing prices of spot cotton, have a sa follows:

Spot.	Saturday	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes.	Thursd'y.	Friday.
Market, }	Dull and easier.	Mod. inq. freely supplied	Dull and easier.	Dall.	Mod. inq. freely supplied.	Dull.
Mid. Upl'ds Mid. Orl'ns Sales Spec. & e.sp.	7 73 ₁₆ 7,000 1,000	7 73 ₁₆ 8,000 1,000	7 73 ₁₆ 7,000 1,000	7 73 ₁₆ 8,000 1,000	615 ₁₆ 71 ₆ 8,000 1,000	7 73 ₁₆ 8,000 1,000
Jutures. Market, } 12:30 P.M.	Weak.	Steady.	Steady.	Dull.	Steady.	Dull.
Market, }	Flat.	Dull.	Steady.	Steady.	Easier.	Steady.

The actual sales of futures at Liverpool for the same week are given

below. These sales are unless otherwise stated.	on the basis of Upland	a, Low Middling clause,
miess otherwise susted.	BATURDAY.	
Delivery, d.	Delivery. d.	BeptOct. 65064
Bept 66144 2 6044 2 5964	FebMar 63164	SeptOct 65064
SeptOct 65284 @5184	MarApr	NOVDec 00084
OctNov63864	May-June 640 84 239 84	DecJan
NovDec 63484	June-July64284	June-July64184
DecJan63364		
	MONDAY.	
Sept65884	FebMar 63364	JanFeb64964 SeptOct64964
BeptOct65084	AprMay 636,4	SeptOct64984
@49 ₆₄ @50 ₆₄	May-June 63884	Sept
OctNov 63764	June July 64084	MarApr 63464
NovDec63284	1.1	
	TUESDAY.	
Bept 656 34 @ 5584	FebMar63264	MarApr 63364
BeptOct 648 4 94784	May-June 63784	June-July 63984
OctNov 63684	June-July 63844	Sept 65644
@35 ₆₄ @36 ₄₄	SeptOct 64864 @4764	SeptOct64864
NovDec63164	OctNov 63784	FebMar 63384
DecJan 631 84 @3084	NovDec632,4	MarApr 63484
JanFeb63064	DecJan63164	
	WEDNESDAY.	
Sept65584	DecJan63184	May-June 638 4 2 3764
BeptOct 64664 @4764	JanFeb631,4 @30,4	NovDec
OctNov 63764 @36,4	FebMar 63184	FebMar 63284
NovDec 63264 @3184	MarApr63264	
	THURSDAY.	
BeptOct 64784	NovDec 63364	DecJan
OctNov63764	Dec-Jan632g4	JanFeb 63384
NovDec 63264	May-June 638e.	Linne-Inly 640.
FebMar 63264	June-July 63984	SeptOct
Bept	SeptOct 64884 @49,4	DecJan63284
Bept	OctNov 63864	SeptOct
	FRIDAY.	
Bept63784	May-June63884	Sept 64784
BeptOct	June-July 640g4	May-June 687c4
OctNov 63884	JanFeb63264	June-July 639e4
AprMay 63664	MarApril63484	Sept

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, P. M., September 22, 1882.

The flour market in the past week has been only moderately active, and the tendency of prices has been rather in favor of buyers, yet no material decline can be reported. Receipts an shipments are alike rather slow, and the local trade purchases only to supply current needs. There is no accumulation of stocks, for there is every disposition to keep sales up to current supplies. Rye flour and corn meal have been dull. To-day the flour market was dull and weak

The wheat market was rather dull early in the week, and prices showed more or less depression, owing to the falling off in the export demand, especially for Great Britain. But there continued to be a comparatively light movement of the crop, ocean freights declined, and there was an increased demand for the Continent. Some influence was also exerted by a "corner" on September contracts, at Chicago; and yesterday, in this market, an early decline was followed by a brisk recovery and a firm closing. It seems to be conceded that Western farmers are not likely to market their crops freely at current low prices. The exports of wheat from the United States in August were nearly a million bushels for each business day, but they are not likely to be so large for the current month. To-day prices declined sharply, under the weakening of speculation West. No. 2 red winter sold for export at \$1 08%, and closed \$1 0734@ 1 07% for October, \$1 09%@1 09% for November and \$1 11 for December.

Indian corn has been unsettled and variable in the past week. yet fluctuations were not wide. The weather at the Northwest has turned cold; yet very little apprehension is felt that any considerable part of the growing crop will be caught by frost But the extreme scarcity of current supplies and the sense of the great vacuum that must be filled before there can be any oppressive glut on the markets, serve to support values. Today prices quite broke down, nearly nominal on the spot, and closed with No. 2 mixed at 735/8@74c. for Oct., 71@711/c. for Nov. and 66%@66%c. for Dec. Rye is dull. Barley is coming forward slowly, and prices are as yet quite nominal.

Oats have recovered a portion of the decline of last week. There seems to be nothing more than the natural reaction against a sharp decline. Supplies are less liberal, but it is evident that there are abundant stocks in the country. To-day the market was weaker, with No. 2 mixed closing at 395%c. for October, 414@41%c. for November and 41% @42c. for December,

The following are closing quotations:

No. 2 winter 3 00 a 3 65 Southern bakers at		-	5 75
No. 2 winter	5 18. 4	852	7 23 5 40 4 00
Minn. clear and stra't 6 00 3 7 50 Western, &c	4	25 a 50 a 50 a	
GRAIN.			
Wheat—	85	31 31 31 31 31	41 53 39½ 00 05 06 90

(From the " New York Produce Exchange Weekly.") Receipts of flour and grain at Western lake and river purisor the week ending Sept. 16, 1882:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye,
A 1-	(196 lbs.)	(60 lbs.)	(56 lbs.)	(32 lbs.)		(56 lbs.
Jhicago			1,017,986	741,147	139,396	89.832
Milwaukee		148,725		62,600	70.183	6,250
Toledo		783,904		49,203	******	2,478
Detroit		209,980		9.033	3,636	
Cleveland		51,080		8,480	500	1.060
St. Louis		748,886		106,614	25,847	13,588
Peoria		9,075		152,675	7,700	19,950
Duluth	5,500	163,563		******		

Total 150,039 3,096,574 1,298,558 1,129,832 247,264 135,137 me time '81, 145,699 1,295,798 3,850,875 923,025 401,884 159,656 Total receipts at same ports from Dec. 26, 1881, to Sept. 16,

Flourbbls.	1881-82. 5,273.479	1880-81. 6,286,330	1879-80. 4,329,778	1878-79. 4,589,439
Wheatbush.	41,363,166	42,121,798	50,548,608	62.857,025
Corn	59,003.36+	100,938,265	114,750,663	72,056 857
Oats	32,672.918 5,296,751	32,266,014	24,912,043	22,737,849
Barlev	1,863,315	5,063.564 1,877,716	3,694,773 $2,262,743$	3,920.567
Total grain	1882.	182,300,637 1881.	196.168,830 1880.	164,874,620 1879.
Flourbbls.	1,003,885	1,168,229	960,416	814,500
Wheat bush.	19,018,512	12,701,375	17,597,883	22,899,130
Corp	9,812,293	30,065,151	24,069,415	16,217.641
Oats	10,623,033	5.812,400	6,381,631	5,675,752
Barley	472,243	1,072,576	1,089,037	1,179,830
Rye	619,613	878,329	870,383	1,350,781
fotal grain	40,575,727	50,529,831	50,511 3)5	47.623,184

Comparative receipts (crop movement) at same ports from July 31, 1882, to Sept. 16, 1882, as compared with the previous three years :

Comparative shipments of flour and grain from the same ports from Dec. 26, 1881, to Sept. 16, 1882, inclusive, for four

Flourbbls.	1881-32.	1890-91.	1879-80.	1979-79
	5,217,974	6,282,739	3,248,761	4,980 313
Wheat bush.	35,733.801	39,297,911	49,283,046	55.554,831
	51.311,723	81,211,619	98,012,087	64,897,506
Sarley	2,307,365	6,884.631 •2,466.126 1,419,257	20,113,921 2,030,939 1,934,100	16,554,235 2,507,754 3,057,810
Total grain	117,159,053	153,763,550	171,374,143	142.562,236

Rail shipments from Western lake and river ports for the weeks ended:

Flourbbls.	1882. Week Sept. 16. 128.711	1881. Week Sept. 17. 115,417	1880. Week Sept. 18. 104,504	1879. Weck Sept. 20. 112,878.
Wheatbush.	681,814 301,630	501,996 1,126,932	460,362 514.232	578.168- 285,896 251,466-
Oats	991,320 90.633 76,416	728,859 147,611 50,130	747,618 135,891 56,130	189,923 43,849
m-4-1	2244020	0.550.500	. 011.010	1 243 30

Reil and lake sh	ipments fr	om same p	orts for la	st four w	eeks:
Week Flour, anding ools.	Wheat,	Corn,	Ouls,	Barley.	Rye,
Sept. 16193,939 Sept. 9178.406	2,350,991 $2,120,899$		1,157,682 1,726,916		153,087
Sept. 2154,903 Aug. 26144,464	2,206,731 1,882,433	1,179,238	1,915,568 $1,787,921$	17,706	74.393
Pot., 4 wks.671,712	8,561,051	5,162,461	6,588.087	168.382	357,858

4 ks 81..621,874 5,589,450 13,427,281 2,973,090 407,831 214,249 Receipts of flour and grain at seaboard ports for the week anded Sept. 16:

Corn, bush. 447,636 118,700 5,200 2,000 46,800 16,300 7,632 Oats, bush. 818,300 261,323 Barley, New York 106,981 hush.
New York 106,981 hush.
Seston 71,096 161,900
Portland 1,100
Montreal 15,904 120,913
Philadelphia 27,994 253,500
Baltimore 25,374 685,460
New Orleans 16,212 358,843 Boston..... Portland Montreal.... Philadelphia... Baltimore 9,350 500 5,200 5,229 144 500 5,500 1.800 14,600 52,990

Total week... 264,661 3,042,302 647,268 1,335,142 Oor. week '81... 230,017 2,677,759 2,233,945 803,154 11,150 10,050 7,800 25,154 Total receipts at same ports from Dec. 26, 1881, to Sept. 16, 1882, as compared with the previous three years:

Flour.....bbls. 7,921,658 1880-81. 9,123,467 1879-80. 7,057,268 71,456,945 80,567,399 20,690,159 2,037,558 1,007,140 Wheat bush 54,900,425 Oorn 23,971,019 Oats 20,974,695 Barley 2,307,050 Rye. 1,079,727 88,270,593 109,174,419 16,830,122 95,751,817 81,646,156 15,892,422 1,604,567 1,339,914

Total g.a.u ...103,132,915 175,759,201 217,239,615 198,079,160

Exports from United States seaboard ports for week ending

Prom-	Flour,	Wheat,	Corn, bush.	Oais,	Rye,	Pea,
New York	94,063	1,009,503	93,046	5,960	3.114	4.003
Boston	31,718	125,258	6,340	18		
Pertland	15,433	329,035	14	******	10.656	243
Philadelphia	3,571	346,904			******	******
Baltimore	26,689	630,645	400	700		*****
New Orleans	6,011	428,115	10	300	•••••	
Total for w'k	177,485 91,232	2,869.460 1,810,373	99,810 917,144	6,978	13,770	4.246
DWING TITTLE OT-	01,202	1,510,515	311,144	14,000	6,976	64,988

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by rail and water, Sept. 16, 1882, was as follows:

TOHOWS.	W		0		-
T11	Wheat,	Corn,	Onts,	Barley,	Rye,
In store at-	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
New York	2,003,120		2,327,562	1,167	165,336
Do. afloat (est.)	685,000	148,000	170,000	8,183	15.808
Albany	500	47,000	103,875	6,000	32,000
Buffaio	259,274	397,566	3,526		2.066
Chicago	1,687,321	1,741,541	943,582	64.312	159.194
Milwaukee	249,649	6.940	21,927	5,293	15,096
Duluth	159,674		,		20,000
Toledo	642,209	126,411	76.100		12,228
Detroit	93,468	9,598	6,598		906
Oswego		128,000			
St. Louis	634,159	316.445	138,263	7.647	12,986
Poston				470	
Boston	25,030	16,985	178,019		117
Toronto	18,362		400	8,032	6,284
Montreal	72,287	2,000	3,907	493	*****
Philadelphia	€38.845	229,615	363,353	21222	
Peoria	1,222	99,972	253.711	2,794	87,812
India apolis	243.900	119,400			11,800
Kansas City	223,736	24,683	9,172		6,226
Baltimere	1,009,207	4.603			
Down Mississippi.	300,441	12,974	2.192		
On rail	997,619	429,073	991,320	90,633	76,426
On lake	2.113,380	1,465,729	429,170		77,074
On canal	1,548,427	992,249	50,700		43,777
Tot. Sept. 16, '82.	13.636,880	6 705 690	6.157.097	195,054	725.136
Tot. Sept. 9, '82.	12,780,612	6,594,686		119.920	709,169
	10.045.505				
	12,045,595	6,251,732		87,560	635,107
Tot. Aug. 26, '82.	11,565,661		3,635.097	40,097	649.914
Tot. Aug. 19, '82.	12,410,255	5,066,681		28,292	635.025
Tot. Sept. 17, '81.	10.146,478	24,483,970	6,720,368	522,721	727,38
	Wanner	a of Drai	rialona		4

Exports of Provisions. The following are the exports of provisions from New York, Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Montreal, Portland and New Orleans, for week ending Sept. 16, 1882, and their distribution:

To-	Pork, bbls.	Beef, bbls.	Lard, lbs.	Bacon, lbs.	Cheese, ibs.	Tallow, lbs.
London	50	105	8.256	66,025	105,780	
iverpool	398	1,776	860.83-	2,227,602	1,896,760	172,700
Glasgow		198	34,150	69,375		
Hull			58.075	132,500	64,500	
Bristol		****				•••••
Vomesett-			******	47,500	311,520	*****
Newcastle				143,925	******	
Havre			375,500	******		
Marseilles		20	175,000			
Hamburg	138	150	1,364,290	215,175		
Retterdam			106,000	23,750		
Amsterdam			103,000			
Antwerp			100,000	******		
Bremen			39,375	30,120	9,835	
Brazil				30,120	0,000	*****
Control	5	15	23,600		******	*****
Central Am	28	14	177,990	2,781	1,821	419
Mexico			10,304	2,188	2,371	
8. America	140	8	58,214	10.489	11,59	6,582
Cuba	279	5	902,587	138,223	1,76:	1,340
Hayti	205	5	4,990	200,220	387	
	490	219	65,373	23,160		7,955
Brit.N.A. Col.	286	23	1,320	6,000	10,50	1,000
Oth.countries	28	41	100,693	10.286	3,109	
Total Total	-					
Total week	2,053	2,579	4,589,549	3,149,099	2,463,000	188,998
Prev's week	2,312	4.169	3,222,458	4,094,375	9 971 00	839,244

The following statement, prepared by the Bureau of Statis-

undermentioned customs districts, during the month of August 1882, and for the eight months ended the same, as compared with the corresponding months of the previous year:

New York Boston Philadelphia Baltimore New Orleans San Francisco Chicago Detroil Hurori Key West Key West Total, Aug. 1882 Total, 8 mos. ended Aug. 31, 1882 Total, 8 mos. ended Aug. 31, 1882	Customs Districts.	Oustons Districts. New York. Boston Philadelphia Battmore Battmore Orleans San Francisco Chicago Detroit Huron Key West Miami Key West Aug. 1882* Total, Aug. 1881* Total, 9 mos. ended Aug. 31, 1882 Total, 8 mos. ended Aug. 31, 1882
86122 2-51 7	Buch	Burley, Bushels, Dollars, 28,135 18,172 28,135 18,172 28,145 18,774 48,900 88,476 46,643 88,476 46,643
	Wheat	Dollars. 18,172 18,172 18,172 18,172 18,172 18,172 18,172
9.455,343 856,093 2203,678 856,88 583,782 271,493 878,945 6173,590 88,845 271,99 878,545 6173,545 878,545 878,545 878,545 878,545 878,545 878,545 878,545 878,545 878,545 878,545 878,545 878,545 878,545 878,545 878,545 878,545 878,545 878,545 878,555 878,	- Land	
85,688 88,688 87,169 38,335 38,335 12,284 92,959 92,959 117 26,211 26,211 113 26,211 26,21 10,28,702 5,014,093	Wheat flour	Andre Com. Andre Dollars. 80.132 18.878 6.385 4.878 6.385 5.875 6.387 6.822 6
2,203,678 593,782 174,969 226,545, 61,755 478,144 4,139,569 3,562,659,448		0701-1: 1000004 1
\$11,36 2,45 2,45 2,75 1,75 2,75 2,75 2,75 2,75 2,75 2,75 2,75 2	Total valı	Barrels Dollars 10,060 44,978 10,060 44,978 7,443 28,936 1,375 1,120 1,1
1.002. 489. 1281.586 1.071.48(0.871.586) 1.2246 1.449.71.586 1.2246 2.05.869 1.05.	Total values for the month of—	Pushels. 15,439 15,439 100 3,017 10,391 10,391 10,44 10,666 61,666
110, 11, 12, 12, 14, 17, 17, 18, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19	Total	Dollars. 10,431 10,431 10,431 10,65 1,660 6,144 6,144 119,127 199,489 117,913
\$1.00.4.009 \$1.00.4.009 \$1.179.879 \$1.179.879 \$1.179.879 \$2.813.765 \$2.813.76	months ended-	Bushell 66,6 46,8 46,7 731,56
001.002 Aug. 301. 91. 1004.000 #863.892.414 11.085.912 11.085.912 12.883.183 28.182.924 813.725 92.182.924 813.725 16.71.355 538.082 16.72.835 538.082 16.72.835 1.002.835 1.003.112 1.003.112 1.003.112 1.004.835 1.004.835 1.004.835 1.005.205 1.005.205	for the eight	Rye. 59 72,982 72,982 72,982 72,982 72,962 745,818 75,745

*Included in the foregoing totals are the reports from Milwaukee, New Haven, Portland, Richmond and Willamette, the details for Aug.,

	Milwau-	New	Port-	Rich-	Willa-
Barley-	kee.	Haven.	land.	mond.	mette.
Bushels					******
Value\$					*****
Indiau corn-					
Bushels					******
Value \$					******
Indian corn meal-					
Barrels		1,150			******
Value \$		5,382			
Oats-					
Bushels		120			
Value \$		90			******
Rve-		-			
Bushels					
Value\$					
Wheat-					
Bushels	65,100			1.600	37.164
Value\$	82,000			1,792	36,103
Wheat flour-	02,000		*****	-,	,
Barrels		506		20,430	13,181
		3.066		133,749	65,945
Value		0,000		200,120	00,040
Total values—	82,000	8,538		135,541	102,048
Aug., 1882\$	143,210	7.140		224,632	366,121
Aug., 1881\$	143,210	7,140		221,002	000,222
8 months—	010 # 10	44.918	152,570	606,022	3,249,504
	240,516			1,103,645	
1881	575,510	34,745	906,488	1,100,040	2,001,420

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., September 22, 1882.

The jobbing trade has been moderately active the past week, and while some interruption to the demand for fall and winter goods was caused at time by unseasonably warm weather, the volume of business was fairly satisfactory. The demand at first hands was irregular and upon the whole sluggish, package buyers having governed their purchases by actual neccessities ties, will show the exports of domestic breadstuffs from the as a rule. A fair business in spring clothing woolens was, how ever, reported by some of the commission houses, and many of the most popular fancy cassimeres, cheviots and worsted coatings are already sold ahead for some months to come. The movement in foreign goods was somewhat less active, retailers having shown an indisposition to stock up with fall goods because of the prevailing warm weather. Prices remain steady on nearly all desirable fabrics, and stocks are for the most part in very good shape.

Domestic Cotton Goods.—The exports of domestics for the week aggregated 3,148 packages, including 1,197 to Great Britain, 582 to China, 423 to Brazil, 402 to Argentine Republic, 264 to U. S. of Colombia, 111 to Mexico, &c. Business continued quiet with the cotton goods commission houses, the demand throughout the greater part of the week having been almost wholly of a hand-to-mouth character and light in the aggregate amount. Leading makes of brown, bleached and colored cotton are only in moderate supply and prices are fully maintained on such goods, but outside makes are more plentiful and not as firm as the better qualities. Print cloths were in fair demand and steady at 3%c. less ½ percent, and 3%c. for the respective grades. Prints were less active, but popular styles are in light supply and prices remain firm. Ginghams ruled quiet in agents' hands, but low prices enabled agents to effect increased sales of fancy cotton dress goods.

of fancy cotton dress goods.

Domestic Woolen Goods.—The main features of the woolen goods market remain unchanged. Clothiers continued to place orders for spring cassimeres and suitings, cheviots and worsted coatings with a fair degree of liberality, but transactions in heavy woolens were comparatively light. Cloakings were in moderate request, and there was some inquiry for duplicate parcels of repellents. Light-weight satinets have received some attention, but Kentucky jeans and doeskins remain quiet with agents. Soft dress goods and sackings were in steady request, and there was a fair business in worsted dress goods, shawls and skirts. For wool flannels and blankets there was a light re-assorting demand and carpets were fairly active with jobbers. Hosiery and knit underwear were quiet in demand, but fair deliveries were made by agents in execution of back orders. The tone of the woolen goods market continues firm, and stocks are well in hand as a rule.

and stocks are well in hand as a rule.

Forrigon Dry Goods have displayed less animation in first hands, and business was a trifle less active with jobbers. Cashmeres were in steady request and firm, and there was a moderate movement in fancy dress goods. Silks, plushes, velvets and millinery goods were distributed in fair quantities, as were housekeeping linens, laces, embroideries, hosiery and gloves. The auction rooms presented considerable lines of silks, velvets, dress goods, &c., but the competition lacked spirit, and many goods were passed.

Importations of Dry Goods.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Sept. 21, 1832, and since January 1, and the same facts for the corresponding periods of 1881, are as follows:

Manufactures of— 63.4 Wool 270 Silk 190 Flax 80 Malocilaneous 365 Total 2153 Ent'd for consumpt 7,000	275 275 365	65	****	Total on market 9,388	Total 2,379 Ent'd forconsumpt. 7,009	Flax 516 Miscellaneous 851		WITHDRAWN FROM	Total 7,009 2	Flax 1,534 Flax 1,417 Miscellaneous 1,111	er i	1-1	Week Sept. 2
9,388 3.105,459 ENTERED FO 654 261,000 670 70,034 1190 135,194 674 105,972 365 49,990 2,153 622,190 7,009 2,507,594	261,000 70,034 135,194 105,972 49,990	3.105,459 TERED FO	3,105,459		597,865 2,507,594	91,426 82,369	244,026 58,572		2,507,594	283,514 255,243	540,741 439,630	Value.	Week Ending Sept. 22, 1881.
16,142 81,718 125,611 237,233	81,718	5,227	13.249	387,549	150,316 237,233	20,135 96,375		WAREHOUSE	237,233	50,775	33,265 54,038	Pkgs.	Since Jan.
68,480,950	16 921 614	2,976,771 3,552,848 3,150,672 1,933,358	4 261,000 13,249 5,268,265	88,611,588	$20,130,638 \\ 68,480,950$	3,949,210 1,769,985	6,583,185 3,700,889	SE AND THROWN INTO THE	68,480,950	9,256,726 6,295,069	14.190.556 16,802,018	Value.	n. 1, 1881.
6,348	0 001	129 274 807 1,045	SAME	8,764	2,416 6,348	549	724	TRI NW	6.348	1,457 1,615 725	1,334	Pkgs.	Week.
7.200,931	683,407	48,164 180,755 87,556 51,905	315.027	2,912,475	$\substack{661,544 \\ 2.250,931}$	109.683 43.320	283,304 76,903		2.250,931			Value.	Week Ending
200000	127,164	11,111 7,083 16,748 75,522	16 700	413,512	130,886 282,626	17,806 81,756	14,544 9,986	MARKET.	. 282,626	43,151 65,210 75,443	41,426 57,396	Pigs.	Since Jan. 1,
82,926,432	19,582,023	3.207.391 4.695.786 3.144.869 1.848.033		101.263,599	18,337,167 82,926,432	1,587,930 3,122,433 1,719,386	5.933,236 2,974,182		82,926,432		1	Value.	Since Jan. 1, 1882.

Receipts of Leading Articles of Domestic Produce,

The following table, based upon daily reports made to the New York Produce Exchange, shows the receipts of leading articles of domestic produce in New York for the week ending with Tuesday last (corresponding with the week for exports), also the receipts from Jan. 1, 1882, to that day, and for the corresponding period in 1881:

	Week ending Sept. 19.	Since Jan. 1, 1882.	Same time last year.
Ashesbbls.	140	4,377	2,807
Beansbbls. Breadstuffs—	153	28,986	55,074
Flour, wheatbbls.	107,858	3,455,798	4,005,040
Corn mealbbls.	6,480	101,900	151,604
Wheatbush.	1,416,336	26,890,903	34,763,315
Ryebush.	750	941,518	645,942
Cornbush.	494,309	10,366,492	33,996,591
Oatsbush.	819,068	12,639,431	12,196,395
Barleybush.	74,870	3,729,613	3,342,764
Peasbush.		454,790	182,021
Cottonbales.	18,442	574,618	588,267
Cotton seed oilbbls.		22,151	19,667
Flax seedbags.	23,959	430,115	792.330
Grass seedbags.	2,625	162,996	65,737
HidesNo.	3,542	88,809	112,837
Hidesbales.	1,396	44,654	29,465
Hopsbales.	1,389	46,122	46,587
Leathersides.	86,237	2,456,930	2.079,494
Leadpigs.	8,747	397,028	111,070
Molasseshhds.	******	75	3,429
Molassesbbls.	50	28,271	52,190
Naval Stores—		4 000	1
Turpentine, crudebbls.	1.7.7.7	1,208	1.375
Turpentine, spirits bbls.	1,787	80,398	59,415
Rosinbbls.	7,470	349,050	222,182
Tarbbls.	378	21,214	19,380
Pitchbbls.	272475	1,634	2,902
Oil cakepkgs.	7,752	321,813	433,607
Oil, lardbbls.	302	8,442	6,262
Oil, whalegalls.	3 7 40	E 7 704	011111
Peanutsbush.	1,542	57,764	94,415
Provisions -	1 000	F4 500	
Porkpkgs.	1,320	74,596	94,832
Beefpkgs.	988	31,738	28,356
Cutmeatspkgs.	19,512	682,004	814,603
Butterpkgs.	$\frac{28,941}{60,239}$	961,240	1,102,220
Cheesepkgs.		1,682,560	2,196,464
Eggsbbls.	12,899 $11,546$	537,045	449,206
Lardtes. & bbls.	7,503	239,111 169,709	460,840
Lardkegs.	7,000	33,133	211,789
Hogs, dressedNo.	1,062	39,446	35,429
Ricepkgs.	3,564	79,058	44,235 98,300
Spelterslabs.	210	12,830	
Stearinepkgs.	210	757	16,330
Sugarbbls.	60	3,862	9,323 16,021
Sugarhhds.	499	27,695	37,954
Tallowpkgs. Tobacco boxes & cases.	2,921	94,481	109,321
Tobacco boxes & cases.	2,371	80,982	69,642
Tobaccohhds.	3,325	145,074	
Whiskeybbls.	899	91,218	164,412 76,813
Woolbales.	000	01,218	10,513

Exports of Leading Articles of Domestic Produce.

The following table, based upon Custom House returns, shows the exports from New York of all leading articles of domestic produce for the week ending with Tuesday last; also the exports from the 1st of January, 1882, to that day, and for the corresponding period in 1881:

	Week ending Sept. 19.	Since Jan. 1, 1882.	Same time last year.	
Ashes, potsbbls.		551	1,048	
Ashes, pearlsbbls.	******	49	195	
Beeswaxlbs.	120	10,378	52,371	
Flour, wheatbbls.	102,406	2,603,027	3,501,304	
lour, ryebbls.	378	2,712	2,404	
ealbbls.	3,114	77,973	149,594	
bush.	988,207	25,371,572	32,757,680	
bush.	18,860	1,006,674	761,756	
bush.	4,194	103,039	272,978	
bush.		6,558	15,272	
bush.	4,444	281,749	187,095	
bush.	21,925	6,564,249	24,598,051	
pkgs.	548	30,868	43,244	
tons.	2,757	49,232	49,901	
bales.	16,743	484,153	405,838	
pkgs.	3,148	104,454	103,732	
bales.	606	39,908	65,030	
bales.	650	16,520	19,119	
ores— urpentine bbls.	******	265	6	
turpentine bbls.	948	18,480	8,709	
bbls.	9,308	227,913	135,104	
bbls.	419	9,981	8,585	
bbls.	69	5,072	3,960	
cwt.	12,722	1,509,058	1,796,853	
	. 12,122			
egals.	******	80,391	157,909	
gals.	96	184,879	117,944	
gals.	1,447	232,243	306,185	
gals.	568	30,709	24,966	
gals.	7,866,660	276,721,703	242,279,228	
ns— bbls.	1,191	119,311	143,335	
bbls.	766	28,178	33,236	
tierces.	776	32,332	38,799	
lbs.	2,176,765	177.932.032	295,040,842	
	239,384	4.858.696	15,536,381	
	2,162,481	77.584,472	105.809.722	
lbs.	3.514.518	116,924,139	162.919.948	
bbls.	120	13,750	18,417	
10018.	197,434	16,620,165	38,686,237	
afhhds.	3,753	78,076	67,098	
			40.669	
bales and cases.	980	34,617	4,290,764	
nufactured. lbs.	231,963	4,808,559 169,958	81,195	